

Pentaquark Θ^+ Search in Hadronic Reaction - complement to photo production -

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Contents:

- Introduction
- Past experiments: KEK-PS E522 & E559
- Future experiment: J-PARC E19

What is Pentaquark?

- ◆ Irreducible 5 quark state
contain an anti-quark different in flavor than the 4 quarks

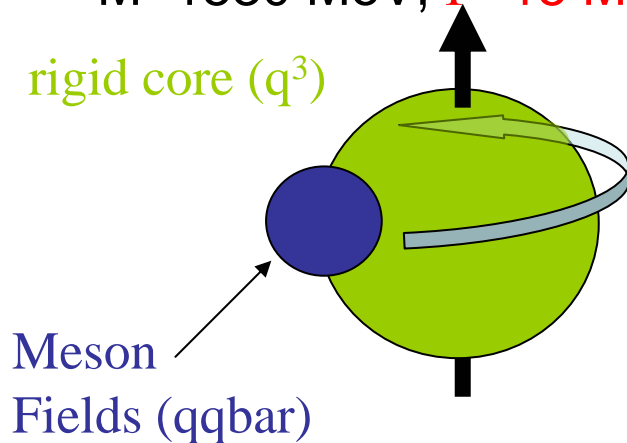
The Θ^+ : uuddsbar

$$\text{Baryon number} = 1/3 + 1/3 + 1/3 + 1/3 - 1/3 = 1$$

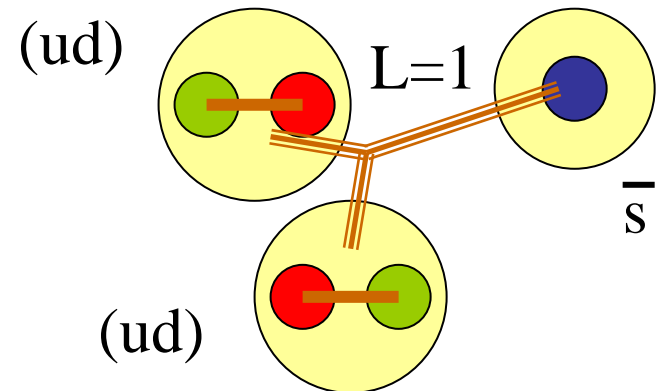
$$\text{Strangeness} = 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 1 = +1$$

Chiral soliton model: Diakonov et al.

$M=1530 \text{ MeV}$, $\Gamma \sim 15 \text{ MeV}$

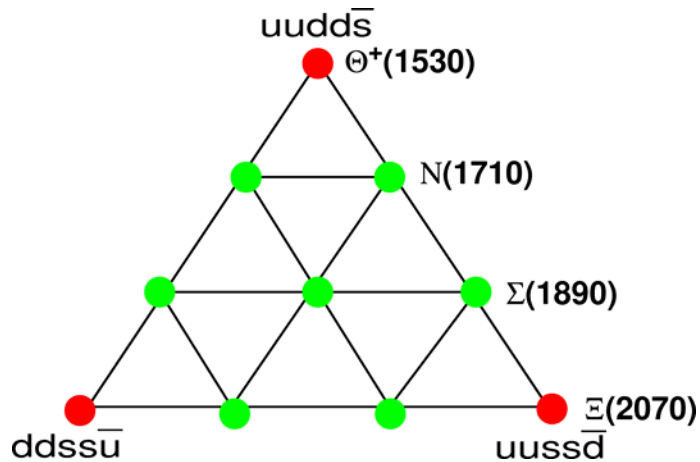


Quark description: Jaffe, Wilczek



Approach quark dynamics at low energy

Discovery of Θ^+ baryon



Theoretical Prediction

Diakonov et al. Z. Phys. A359 ('97) 305

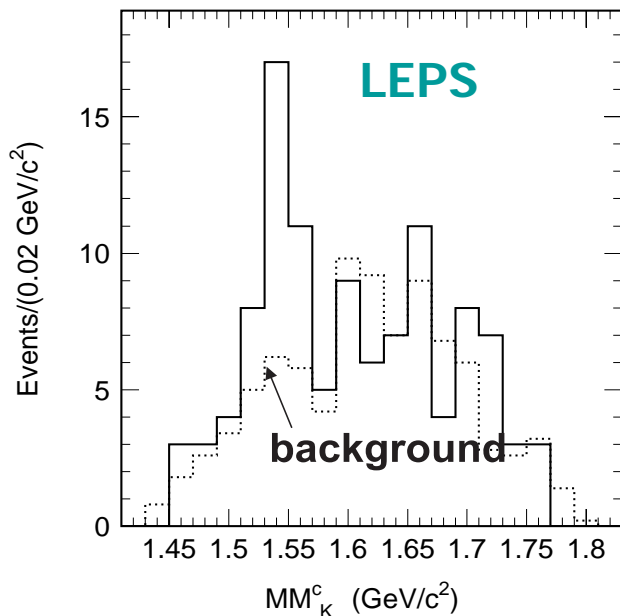
- Anti-decuplet in Chiral soliton model
- $M=1530$ MeV, $\Gamma < 15$ MeV

Experiment

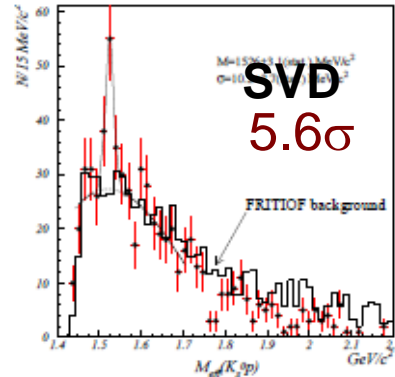
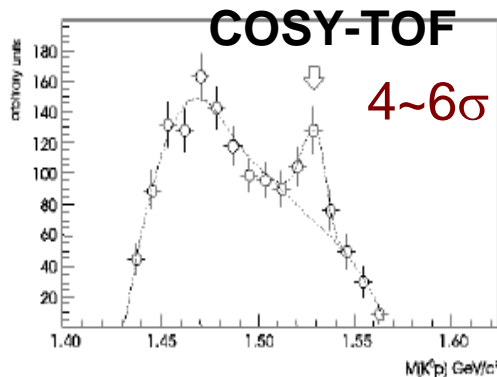
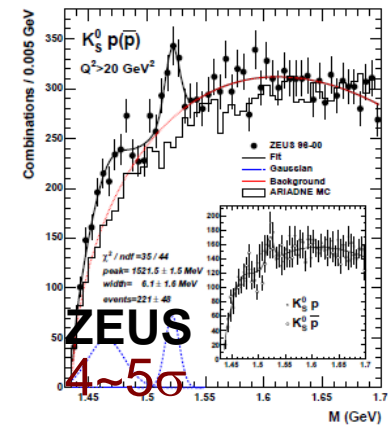
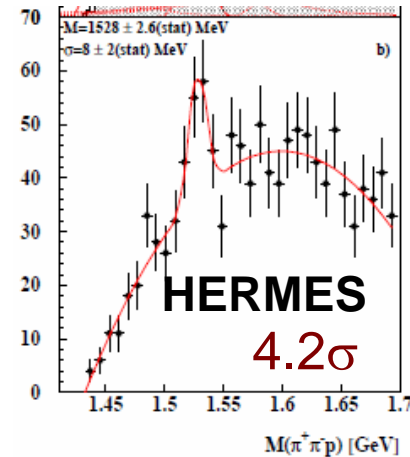
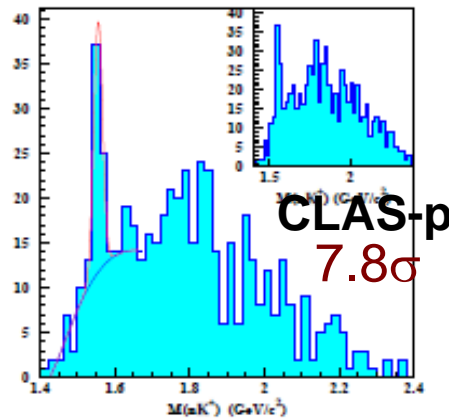
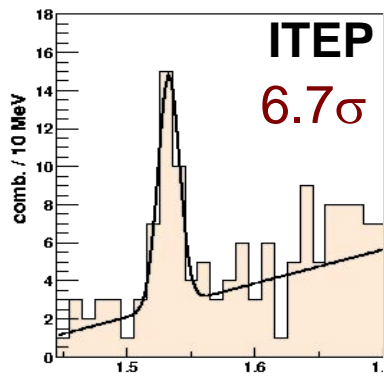
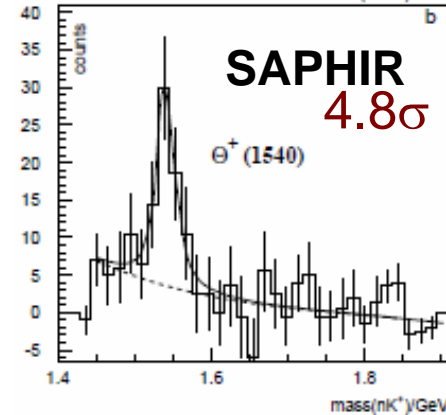
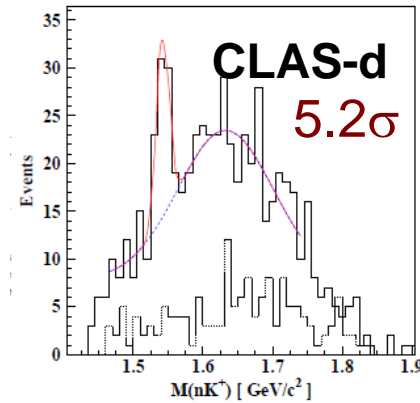
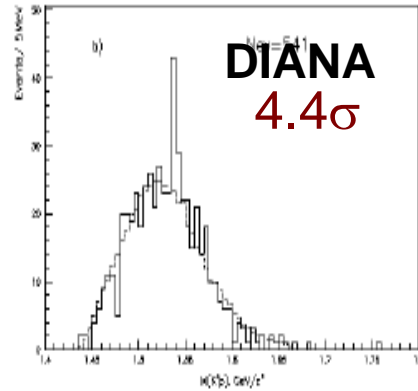
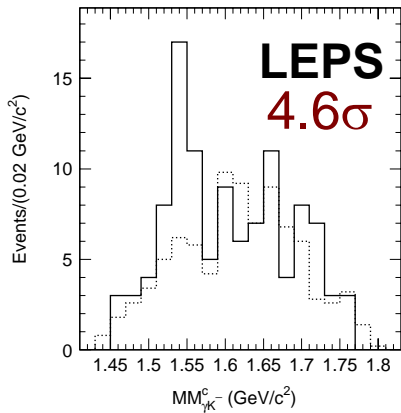
LEPS at Spring-8 ('03)

- $\gamma C \rightarrow K^- \Theta^+ X \rightarrow K^- K^+ n$
- $M=1540 \pm 10$ MeV
- $\Gamma < 25$ MeV

PRL 91(03)012002

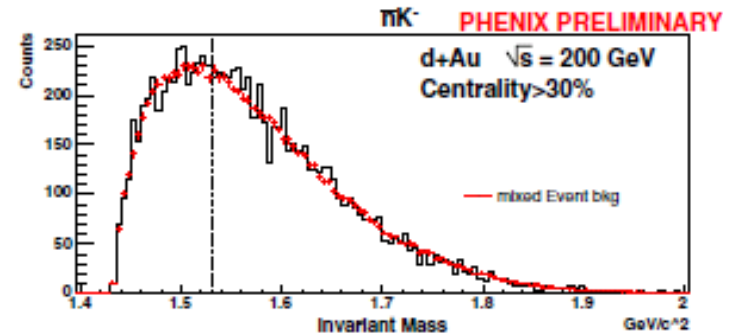
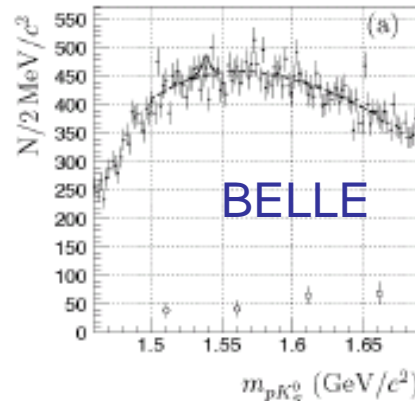
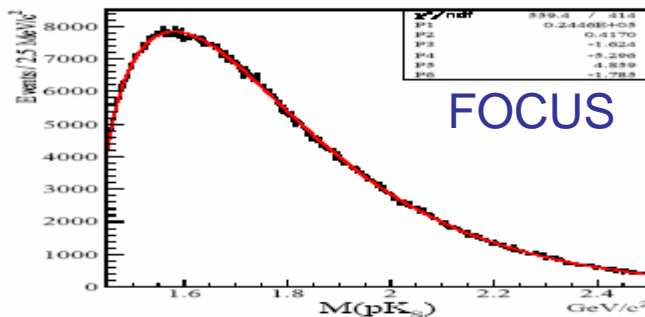
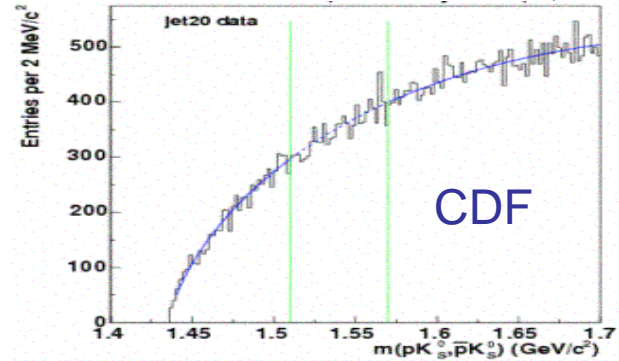
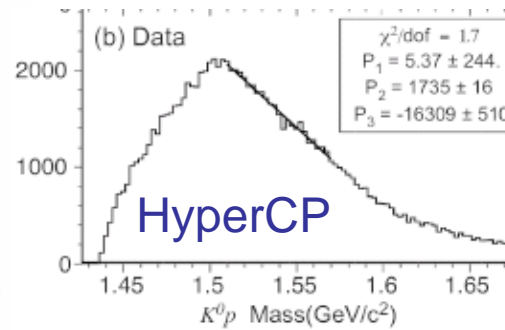
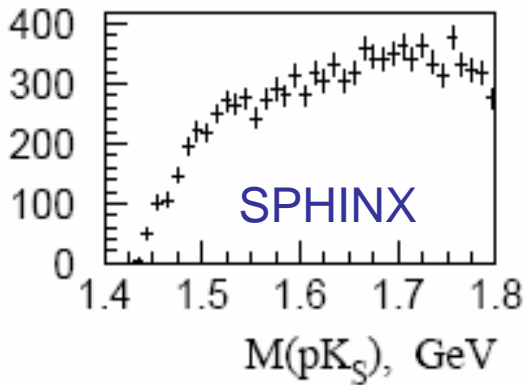
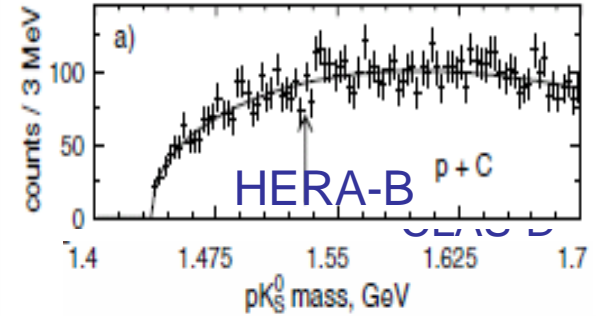
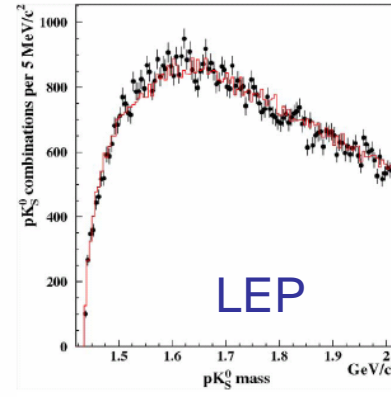
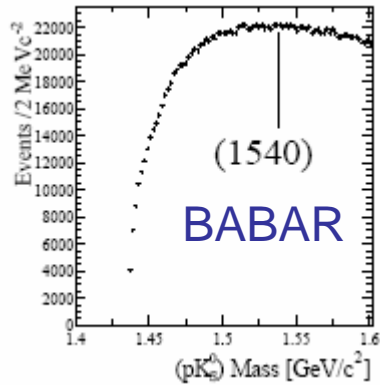
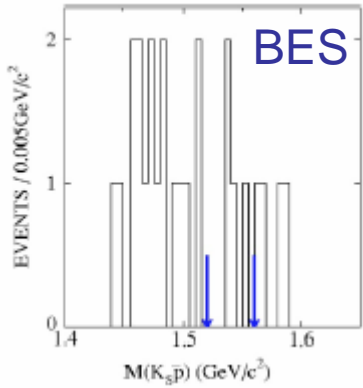


Positive Results



Experiments with positive evidence
Better statistics is needed
(significance $\sim 5\sigma$)

Negative Results

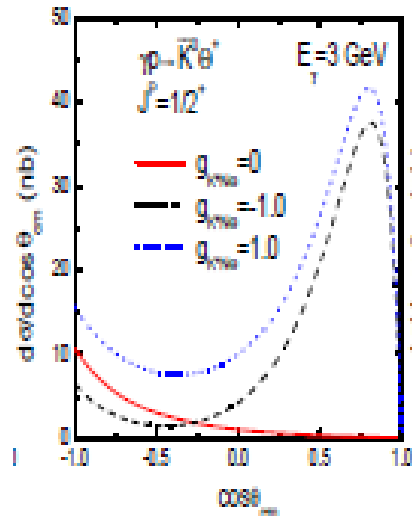
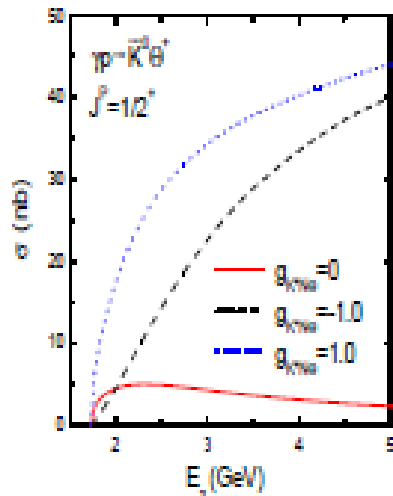
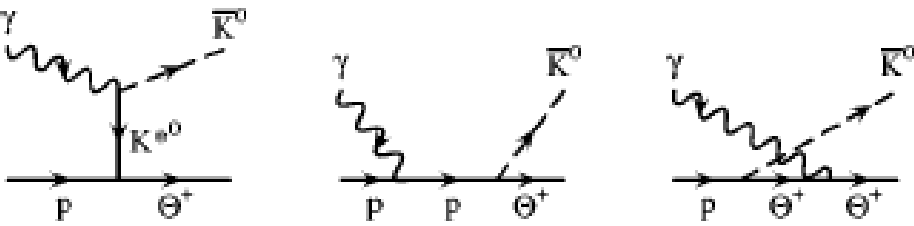


Negative Results

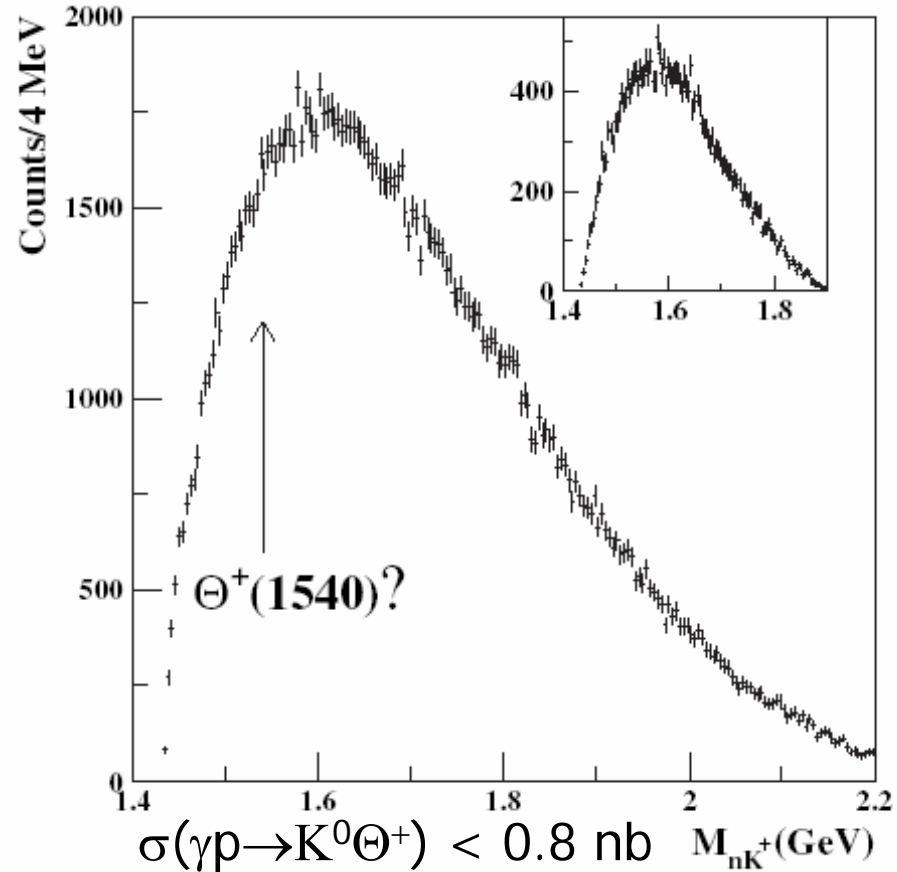
Exp.	$\sqrt{s}(E_{\text{beam}})$	Reaction	Upper Limit
BES	3.7GeV	$e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi \rightarrow \Theta\Theta$	$< 1.1 \times 10^{-5}$ B.R.
BaBar	10.58GeV	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow pK^0X$	$< 1.0 \times 10^{-4}$ B.R.
Belle	11GeV	$e^+e^- \rightarrow BB \rightarrow ppK^0X$	$< 2.3 \times 10^{-7}$ B.R.
LEP	198GeV	$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z \rightarrow pK^0X$	$< 6.2 \times 10^{-4}$ B.R.
HERA-B	41.6GeV	$pA \rightarrow K^0pX$	$< 0.02 \times \Lambda^*$
SPHINX	11.5GeV	$pC \rightarrow K^0\Theta^+X$	$< 0.1 \times \Lambda^*$
HyperCP	(800GeV)	$pCu \rightarrow K^0pX$	$< 0.3\%$ K^0p
CDF	1.96TeV	$pp \rightarrow K^0pX$	$< 0.03 \times \Lambda^*$
FOCUS	$\sim 300\text{GeV}$	$\gamma\text{BeO} \rightarrow K^0pX$	$< 0.02 \times \Sigma^*$
Belle	($\sim 0.6\text{GeV}$)	$K^+A \rightarrow pK^0_s$	$\Gamma < 0.64$ MeV
PHENIX	200GeV	$\text{Au} + \text{Au} \rightarrow K^-nX$	-
BaBar	9.4GeV	$e\text{Be} \rightarrow K^0pX$	-
CLAS-d	0.8-3.6GeV	$\gamma d \rightarrow pK^-K^+(n)$	3nb for γn
CLAS-p	$< 3.8\text{GeV}$	$\gamma p \rightarrow K^0KN$	0.8nb

New Negative Results : $\gamma p \rightarrow K^0 \Theta^+$

PRL 96, 042001 (2006)



C. M. Ko and W. Liu, nucl-th/0410068
 $\Gamma \sim 1\text{MeV}$



$\sigma(\gamma p \rightarrow K^0 \Theta^+) < 0.8 \text{ nb}$ $M_{nK^+}(\text{GeV})$

The result puts a very stringent limit on a possible production mechanism of the Θ^+ ; it implies a very small coupling to K^* .

$$g_{NK^*\Theta^+} \sim 0$$

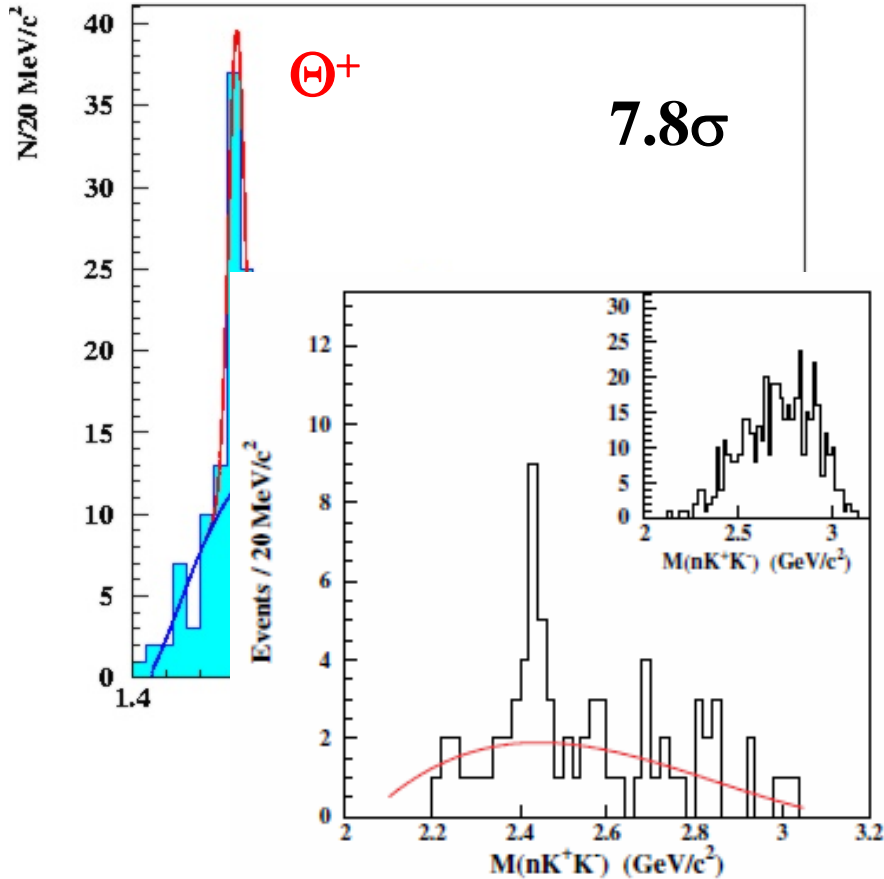
Positive Results

Exp.	Energy(\sqrt{s})	Reaction	Mass	Width	σ	
LEPS	$\leq 2.4 \text{ GeV}$	$\gamma C \rightarrow K^- K^+(n)$	1540 ± 10	< 25	4.6	*
DIANA	$\leq 750 \text{ MeV}/c$	$K^+ X_e \rightarrow K^0 p X$	1539 ± 2	< 9	4.4	* Belle
CLAS-d	$1.58-3.8 \text{ GeV}$	$\gamma d \rightarrow p K^- K^+(n)$	1542 ± 5	< 21	5.2	
SAPHIR	$\leq 2.8 \text{ GeV}$	$\gamma p \rightarrow K^0 K^+(n)$	1540 ± 6	< 25	4.8	
ITEP	40 GeV	$\nu A \rightarrow K^0 p X$	1533 ± 5	< 20	6.7	
CLAS-p	$3-5.47 \text{ GeV}$	$\gamma p \rightarrow \pi^+ K^- K^+(n)$	1555 ± 10	< 26	7.8	
HERMES	27.6 GeV	$e^+ d \rightarrow K^0 p X$	1528 ± 3	13 ± 9	4.2	?
ZEUS	$(300, 318 \text{ GeV})$	$e^+ p \rightarrow e' K^0 p X$	1522 ± 3	8 ± 4	4~5	?
COSY	$2.95 \text{ GeV}/c$	$pp \rightarrow K^0 p \Sigma^+$	1530 ± 5	< 18	4-6	
SVD	$70 \text{ GeV}/c$	$p A \rightarrow K^0 p X$	1526 ± 5	< 24	5.6	*

BaBar	(10.58 GeV)	$e B_e \rightarrow K^0 p X$
CLAS-d	$0.8-3.6 \text{ GeV}$	$\gamma d \rightarrow p K^- K^+(n)$
CLAS-p	$< 3.8 \text{ GeV}$	$\gamma p \rightarrow K^0 K N$

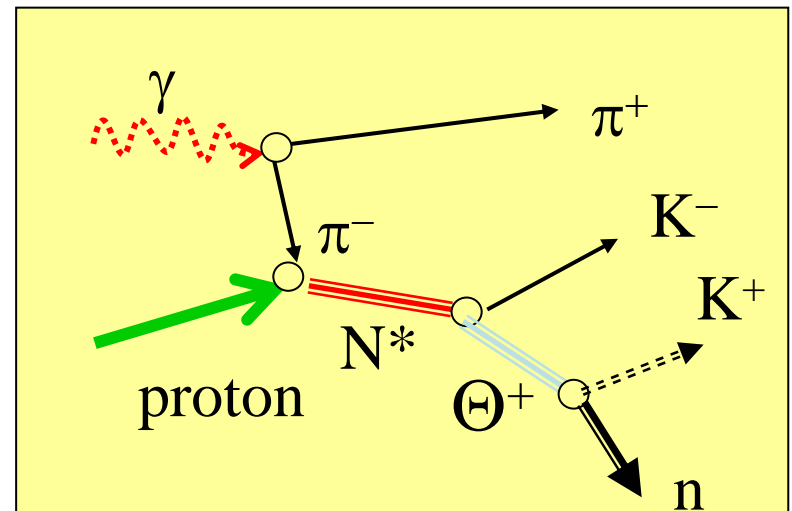
negative results challenging the above positive results.

Best Positive Evidence



Super-g $E_\gamma \sim 3.8 - 5.7 \text{ GeV}$
planned for 2006

- $\gamma p \rightarrow \pi^+ K^- K^+ (n)$
- CLAS: V. Kubarovsky *et al.*
PRL 92 032001 (2004)
- Combined analysis of all CLAS data on protons for $E_\gamma < 5.2 \text{ GeV}$
- Cuts: forward π^+ , backward K^+
- indications of production from heavy $N^*(2420)$

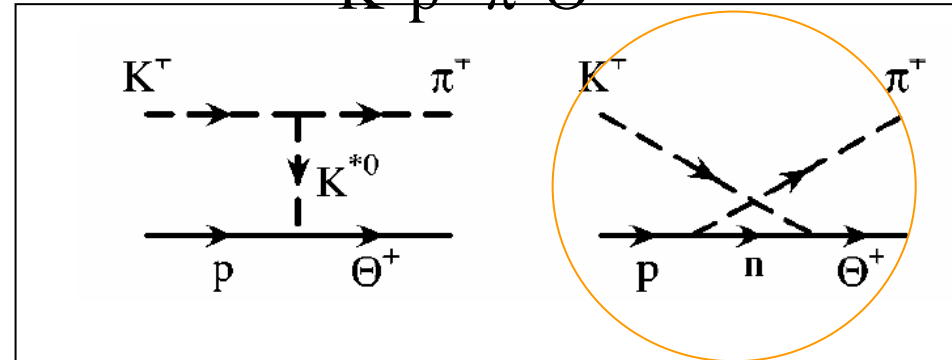
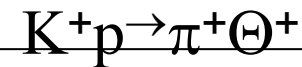
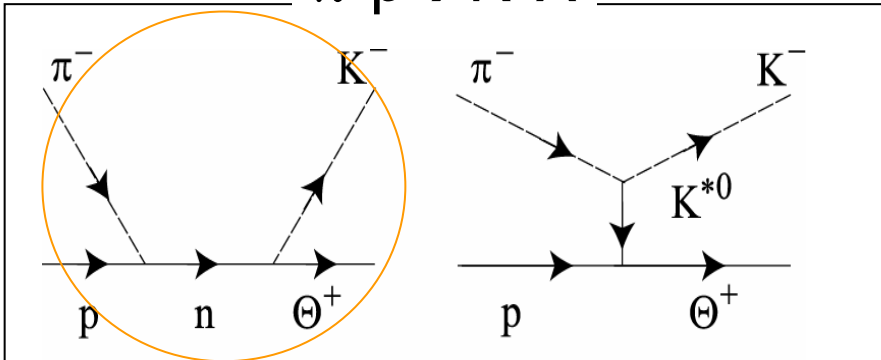
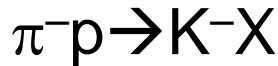


Θ^+ Search in meson-induced reactions

- ✓ Can the “positive” low energy results be reproduced?
 - better statistics is needed.
- ✓ How far can we restrict the width to?
 - the width appears to be very narrow. $\sim 1\text{MeV}$.
- ✓ Spin and Parity \rightarrow width

hadronic reaction

Since we already know that the K^* coupling is small, the possible production mechanism will be clarified in the following meson induced reactions.



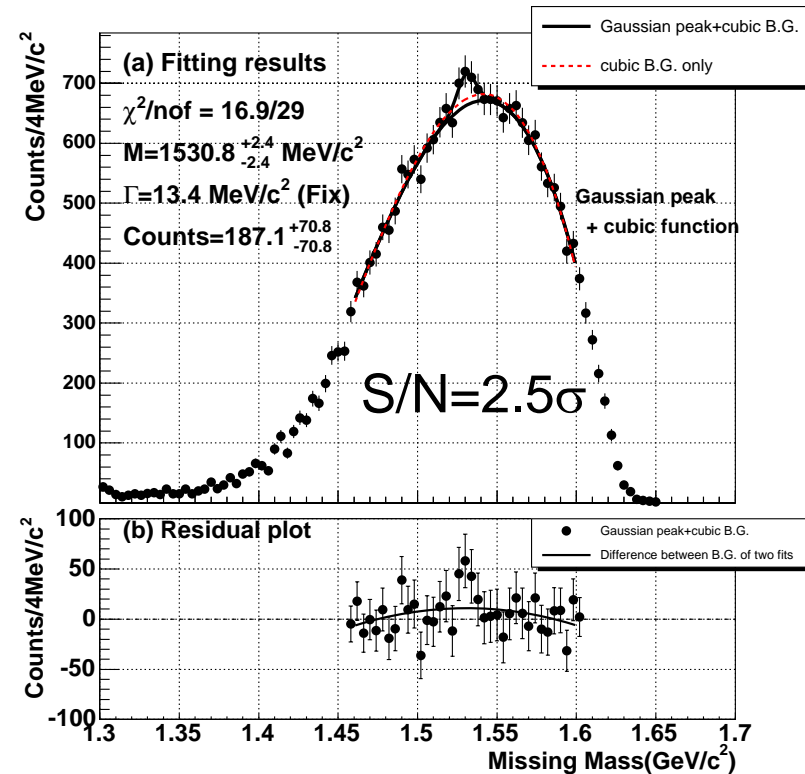
KEK-PS E522 : $\pi^-p \rightarrow K^-X$

- Θ^+ search via $\pi^-p \rightarrow K^-X$ reaction
- beam momentum : 1.87, 1.92 GeV/c
- target : Polyethylene
- intensity : $3.3 \times 10^5 \pi^-$ /spill
- net beam time : 32 hours for each momentum $\rightarrow \sim 7 \times 10^9 \pi^-$

a **bump** was observed
at $M = 1530.8 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
at $p_\pi = 1.92 \text{ GeV}/c$
but : $S/N = 2.5\sigma$
upper limit : $\sigma_{\text{tot}} = 3.9 \mu\text{b}$

if exist

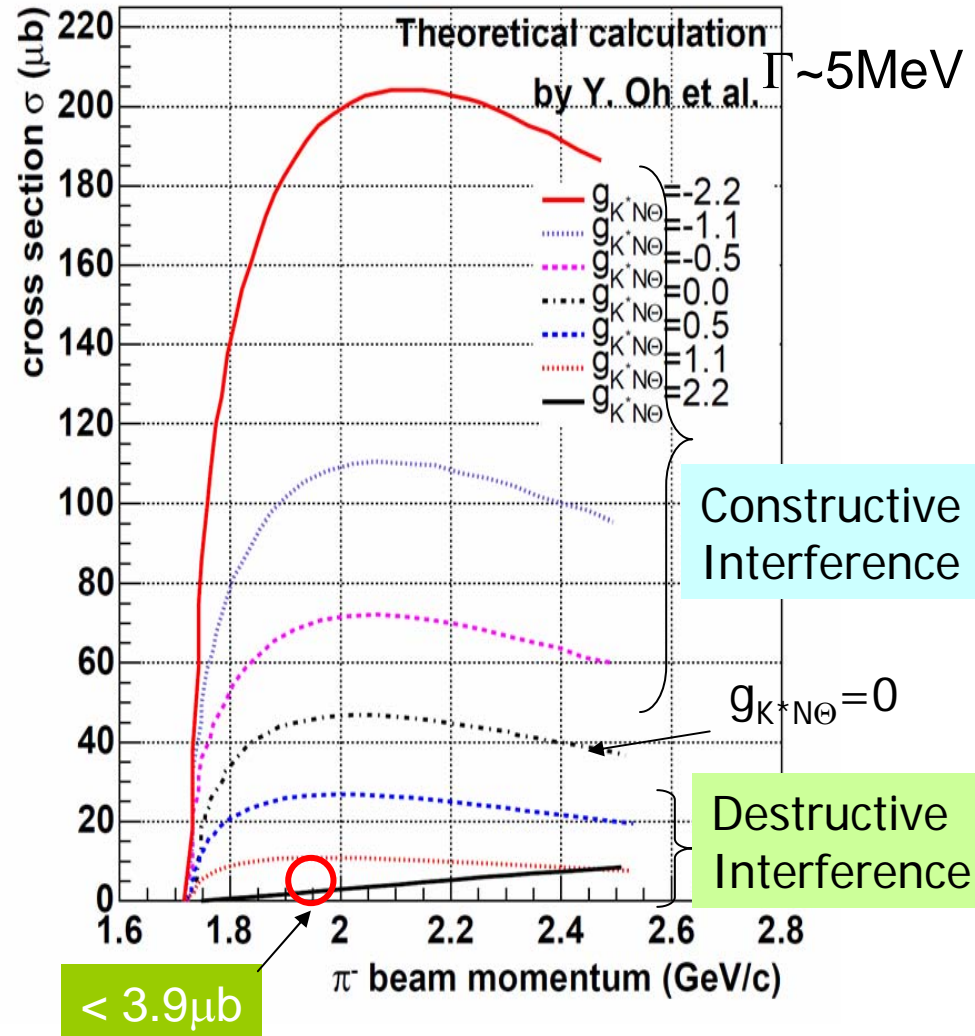
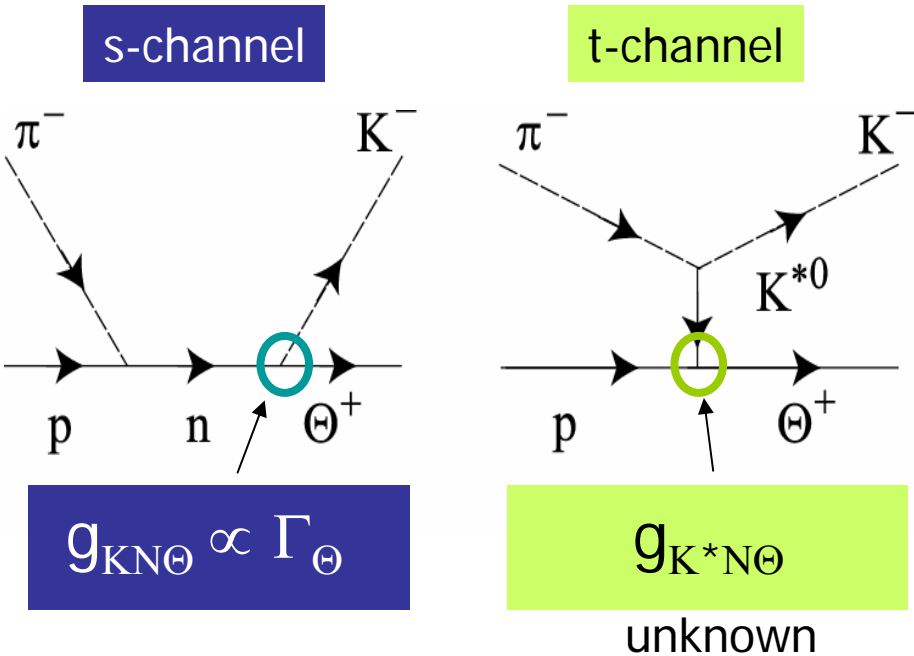
$p_\pi = 1.92 \text{ GeV}/c$



$$d\sigma/d\Omega = 1.9 \mu\text{b}/\text{sr}$$
$$\rightarrow \sigma_{\text{tot}} = 2.9 \mu\text{b}$$

$\sigma(\pi^-p \rightarrow K^- \Theta^+)$: KEK-PS E522

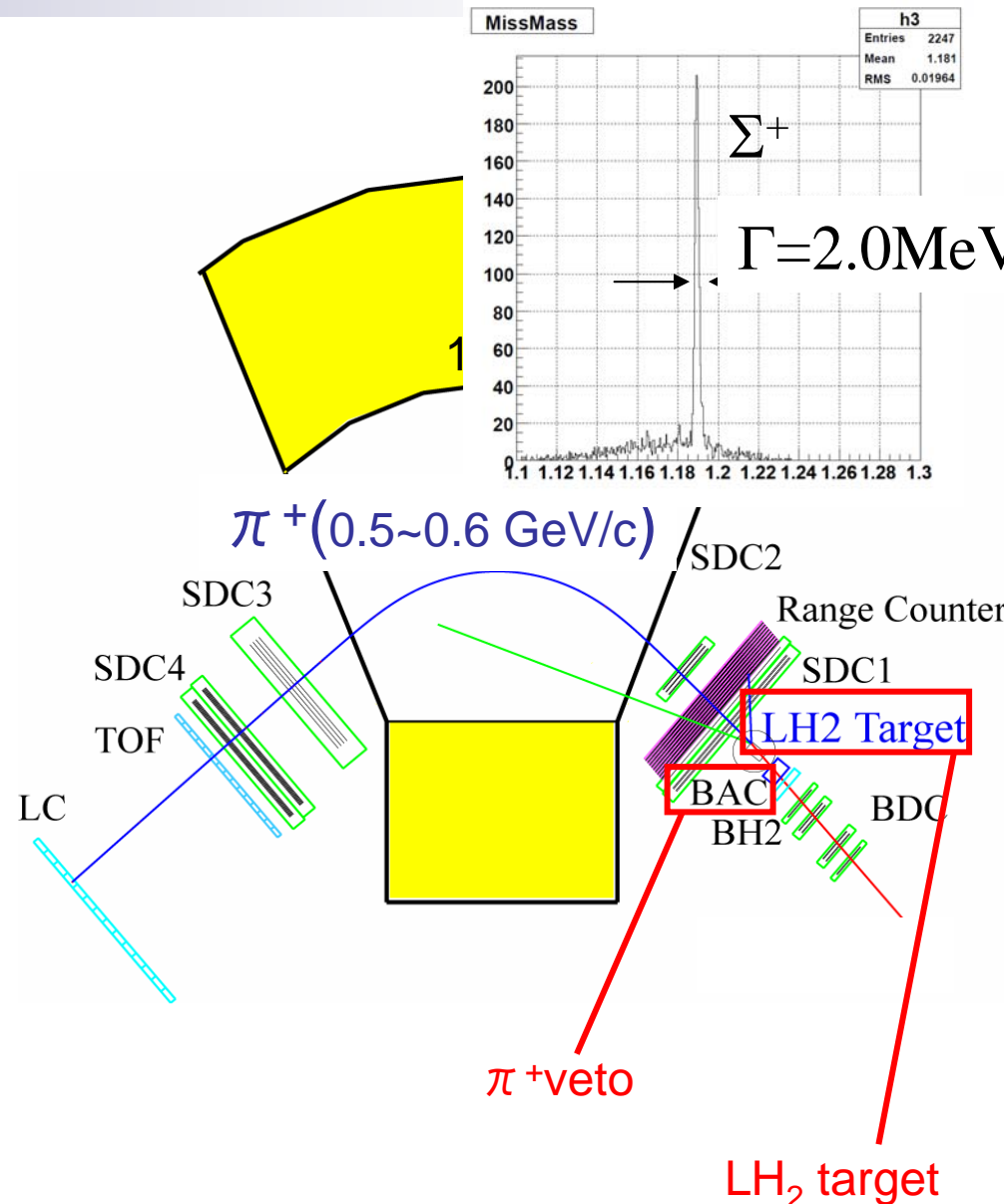
- Theoretical calculation with effective Lagrangian



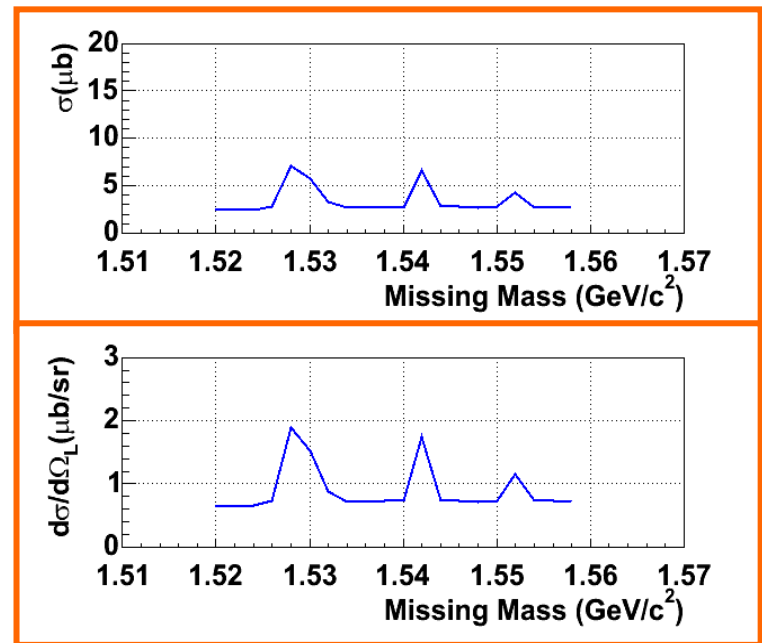
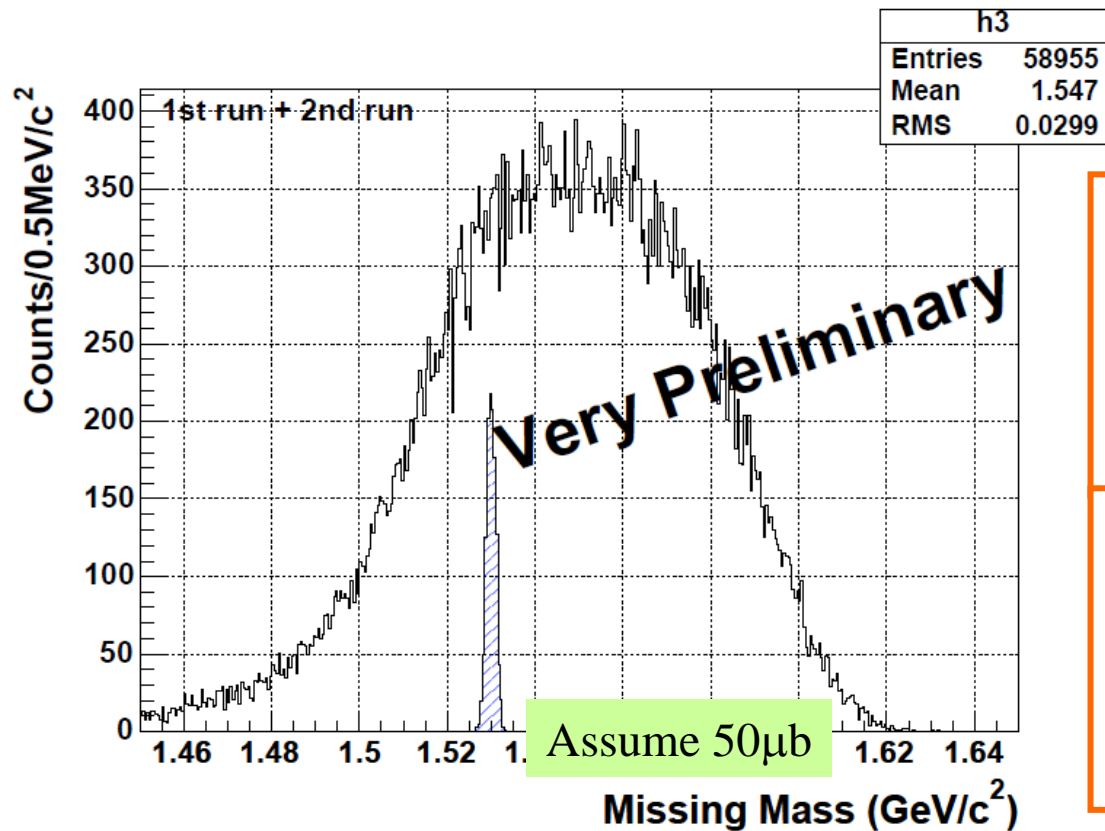
■ Form factor determined from $\pi N \rightarrow K \Lambda$ reaction

KEK-PS E559 : $K^+p \rightarrow \pi^+\Theta^+$

- Θ^+ search via $K^+p \rightarrow \pi^+X$ reaction
 - K6 beam line + SKS spectrometer
- Excellent missing mass resolution
 - 2.4MeV (FWHM) expected
 - Checked by $\pi^+p \rightarrow K^+\Sigma^+$
- Decay event suppression
 - Rejection of 3 body decay of K^+ is crucial
 - Large acceptance chamber
 - Range Counter



Missing Mass spectrum ($K^+p \rightarrow \pi^+ X$)

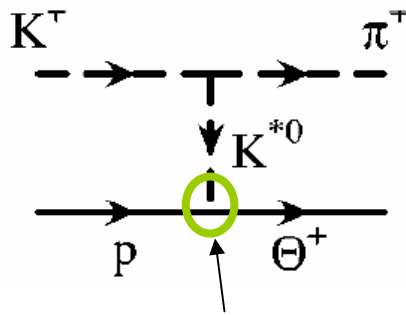


No significant peak is observed.

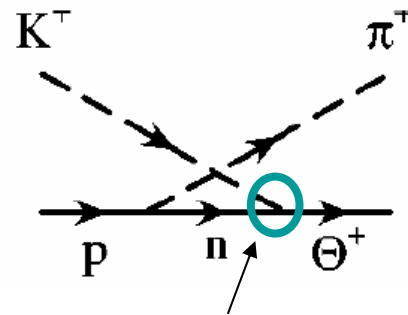
upper limit of cross section at 90% C.L.

- Total cross section $< 7.1 \mu\text{b}$
- Differential cross section $<$

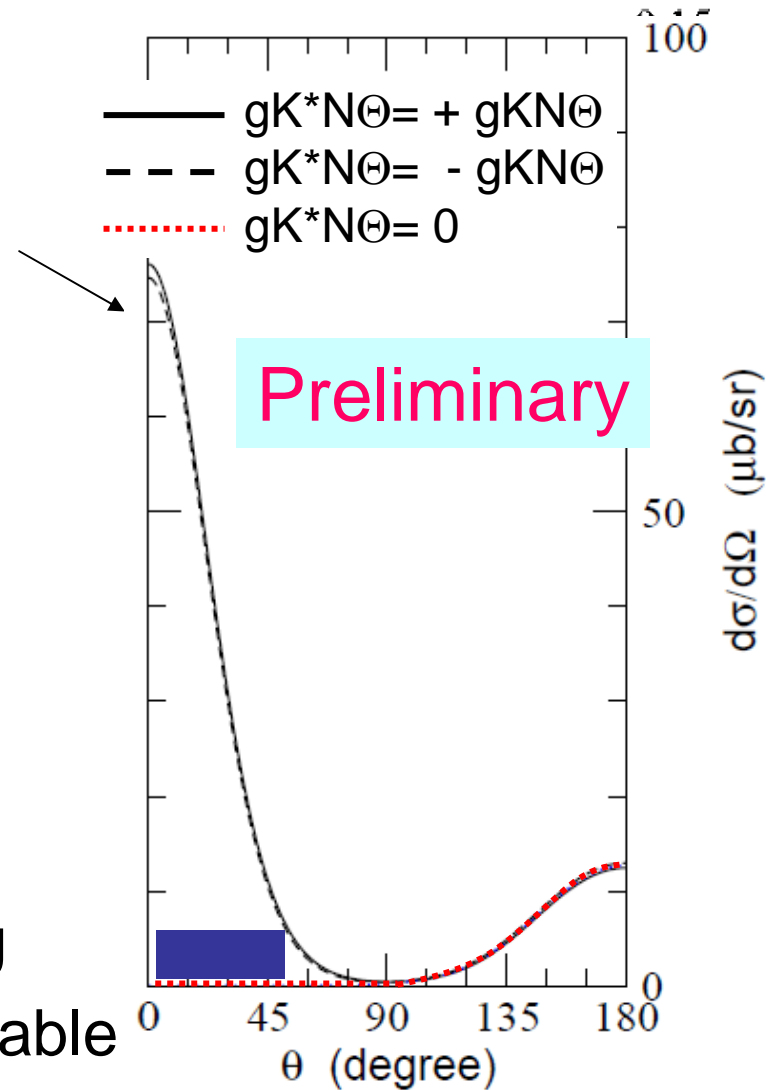
Impact on Θ^+ production mechanism



$$g_{K^*N\Theta}$$



$$g_{KN\Theta} \propto \Gamma_{\Theta}$$



- Calculation with effective Lagrangian
- if $g_{K^*N\Theta} \sim 0$,
 - (K^+, π^+) reaction \rightarrow u-channel
backward peaking
 - (π^-, K^-) reaction \rightarrow s-channel : sizable

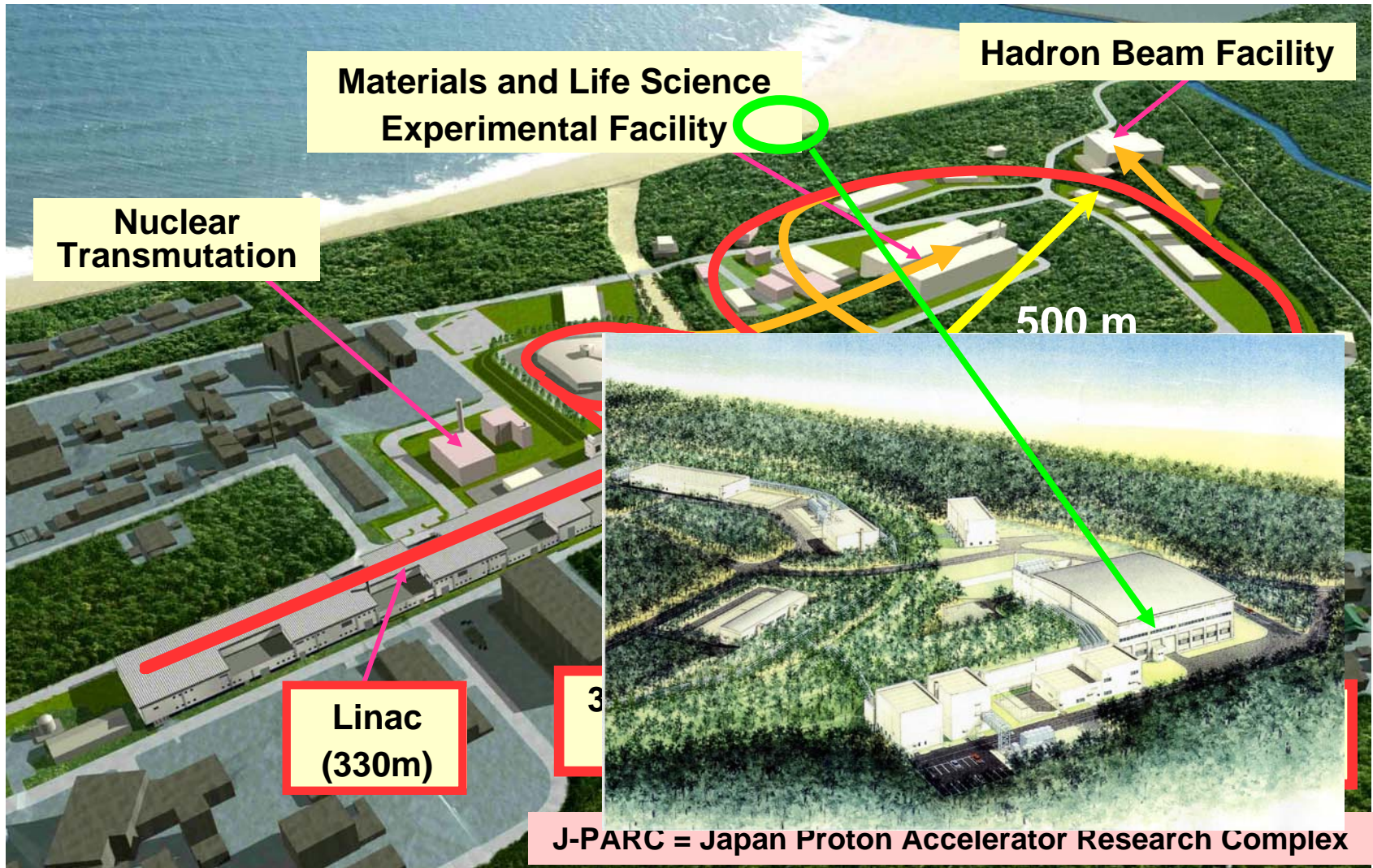
J-PARC E19 experiment

- natural expansion of E522 ($\pi p \rightarrow K X @ K2$)
- ~5 times better resolution : $\sim 2.5 \text{ MeV FWHM}$ with SKS
 - 10 times better S/N
- 100 times larger yield : $1.2 \times 10^4 \Theta^+$ with 20 shifts
- expected sensitivity (lab) $75 \text{ nb/sr } \Gamma < 2 \text{ MeV} \rightarrow \sigma_{\text{tot}} \sim 112 \text{ nb}$
 $150 \text{ nb/sr } \Gamma = 10 \text{ MeV}$
- momentum dependence of cross section : $p_{\pi} = (1.87, 1.92, 1.97 \text{ GeV}/c)$

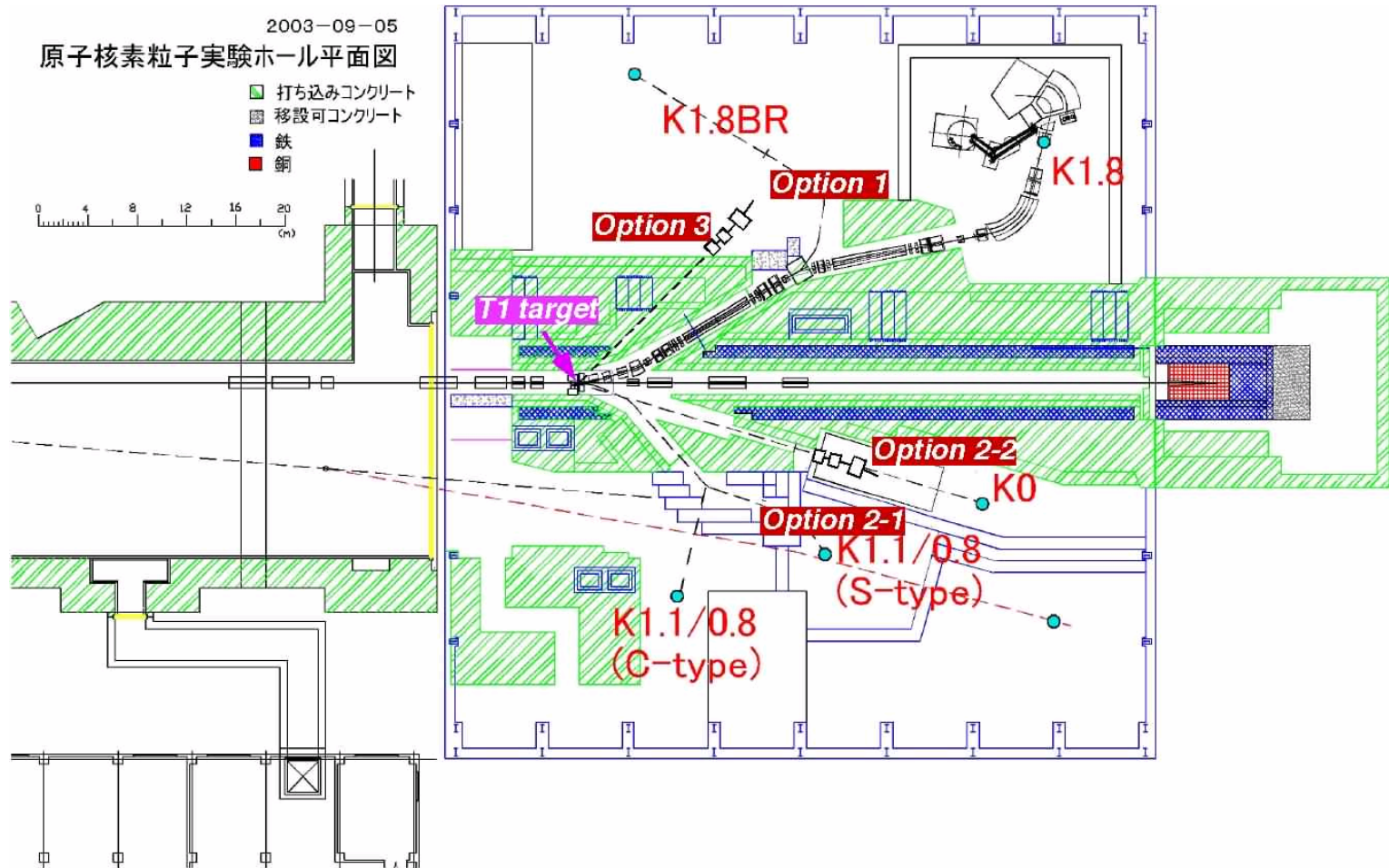
- Goal -

confirm Θ^+ existence with high statistics

J-PARC Facility



Hadron Beam Facility



J-PARC E19 Collaboration

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Experimental Method

K1.8 beam line + SKS

$2\text{GeV}/c \pi^- + p \rightarrow K^- + \Theta^+$
target : liquid H_2 , reuse E559's

K^- : scattered angle $\leq 40^\circ$
momentum up to $0.9 \text{ GeV}/c$

SKS : momentum coverage : $0.7\text{-}0.95\text{GeV}/c$

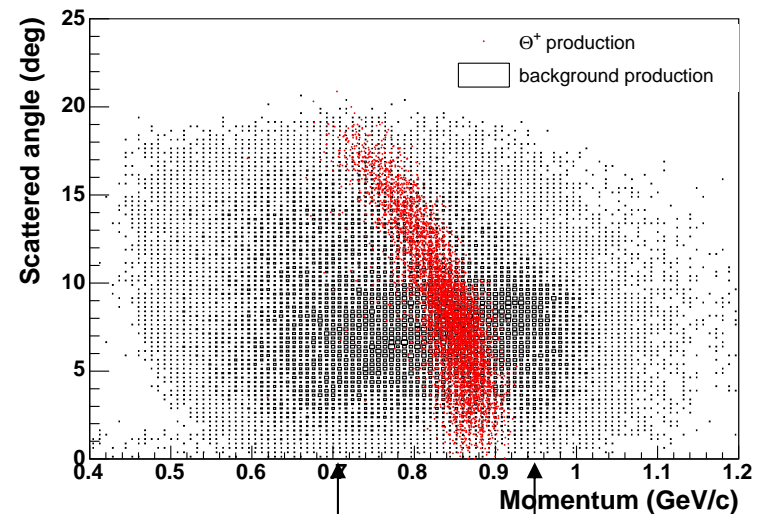
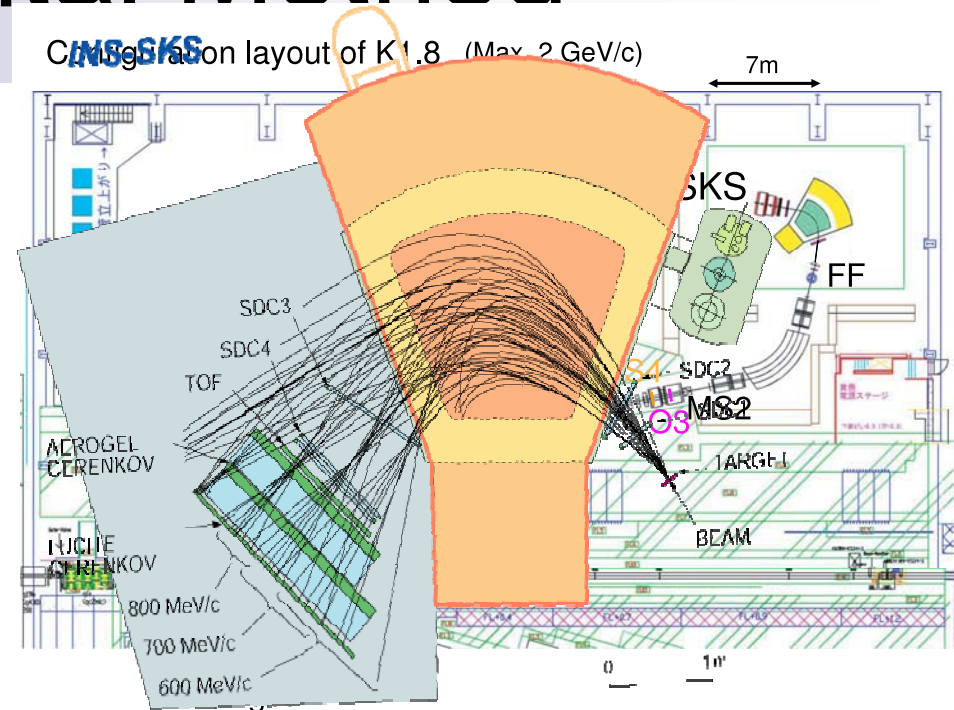
angle coverage $\leq 20^\circ$

$p_{\text{scattered}}$ up to $\sim 1.1 \text{ GeV}/c$

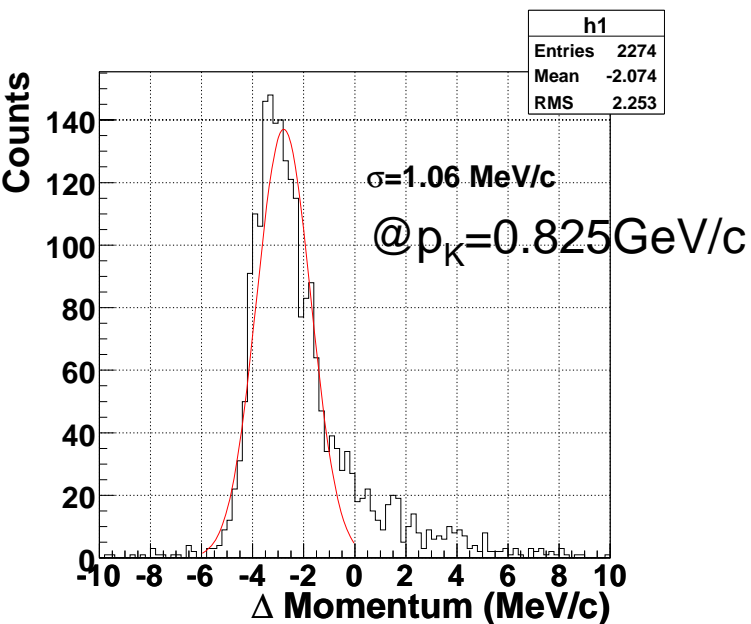
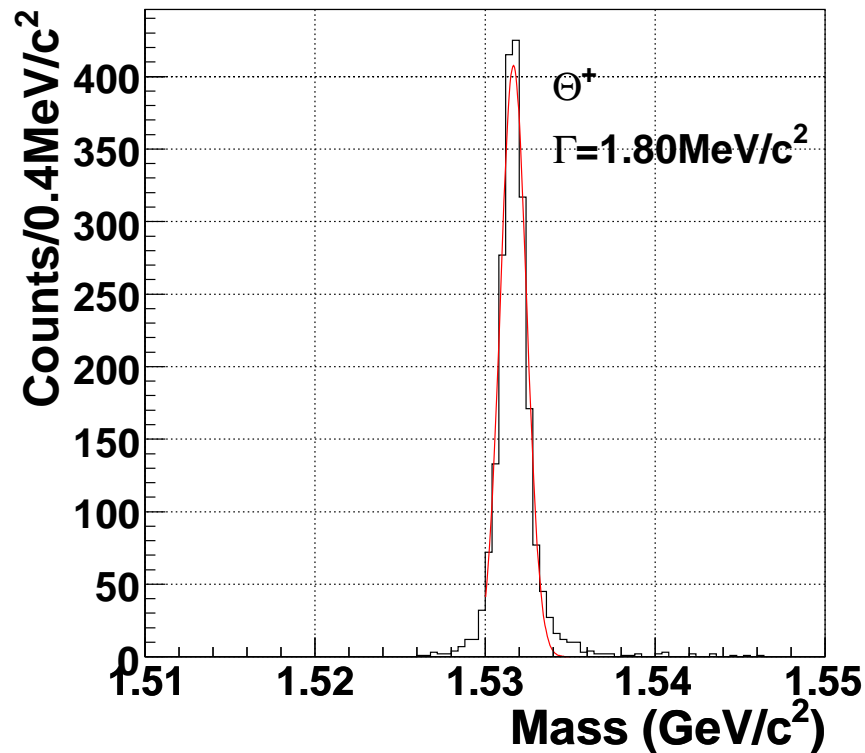
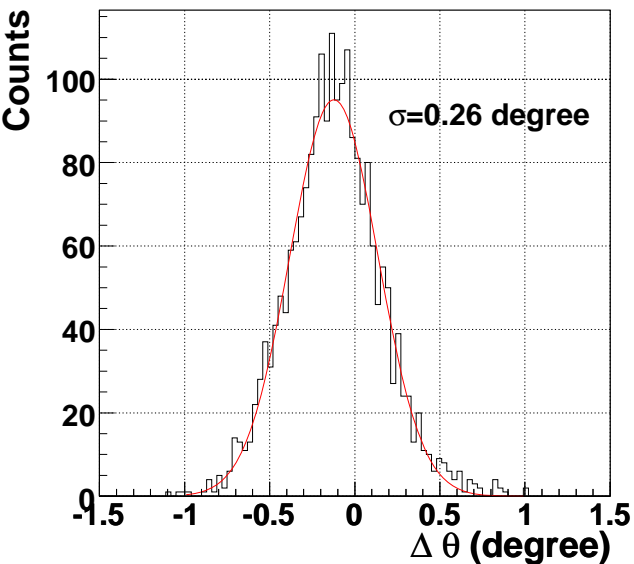
$dp/p \sim 0.2\%$ @ $1\text{GeV}/c$

(~ 10 times better than KURAMA)

ideal for Θ^+ detection



Missing Mass Resolution



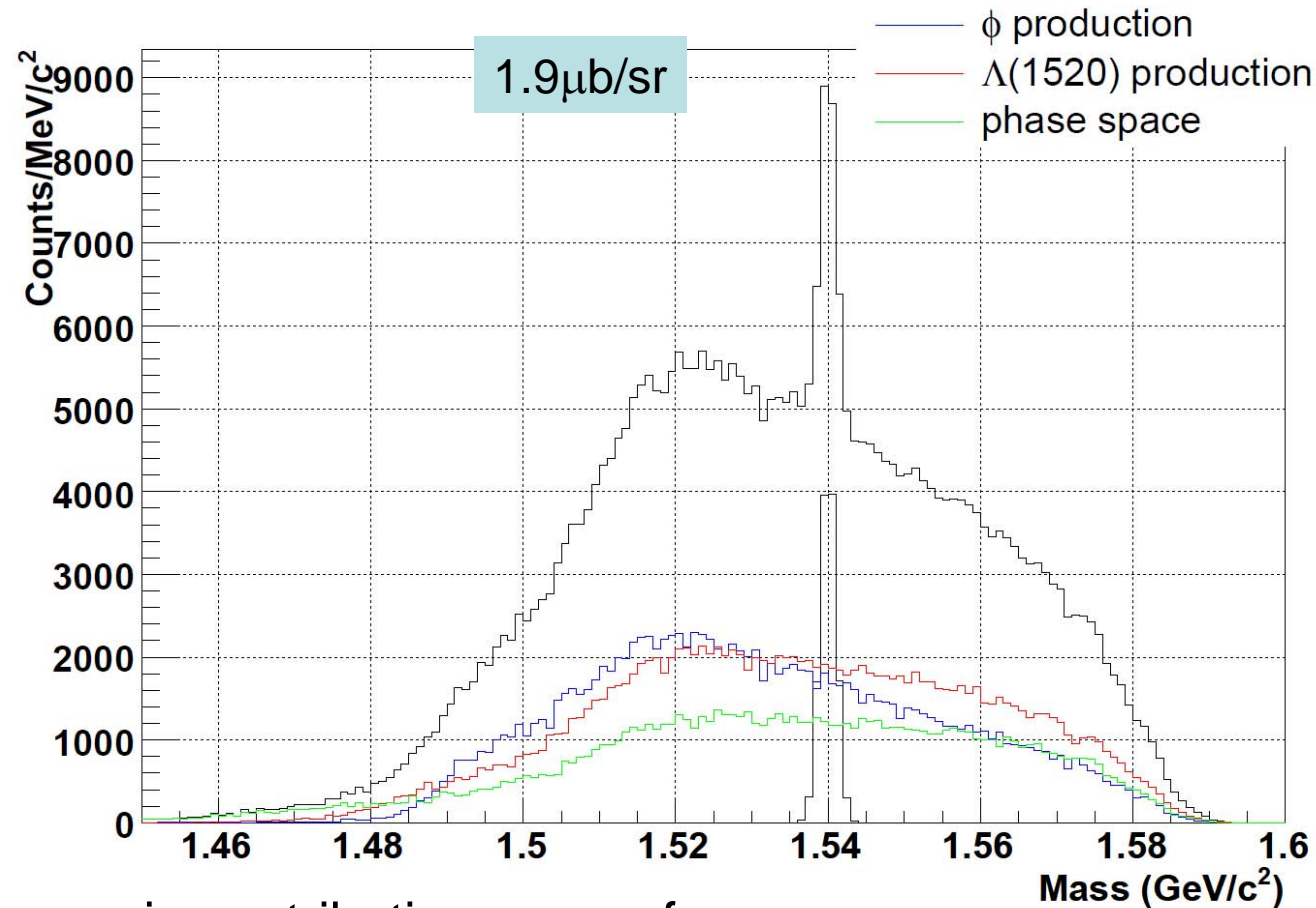
$\Delta M = 1.8$ MeV (FWHM sim.)

$$\sigma_{\theta} = 0.26^{\circ}$$

$$dp_K/p_K = 0.096 \times p\% + 0.092\%$$

$$dp_{\text{beam}}/p_{\text{beam}} = 1.4 \times 10^{-4} @ 1 \text{ GeV/c}$$

Expected Missing Mass Spectrum



significance : 62σ
 assuming
 $\Gamma < 2\text{MeV}$
 $\sigma = 1.9\mu\text{b}$

main contributions come from;

ϕ : $\phi n \rightarrow K^+K^-n$ $30.0 \pm 8.0 \mu\text{b}$

Λ : $\Lambda(1520)K^0 \rightarrow K^-K^0p$ $20.8 \pm 5.0 \mu\text{b}$

phase space : K^-KN $26 \mu\text{b}$

Expected Yield & Sensitivity

- yield

- beam pions :160 hours beam time $\rightarrow 4.8 \times 10^{11} \pi$ for each p_π
- SKS acceptance : 0.1 sr
- analysis efficiency : 50%
- K decay : 50% \leftarrow TOF 4.7m
- $1.9 \mu\text{b/sr}$ @ $p_\pi=1.92\text{GeV}/c$ \leftarrow E522
 $\rightarrow 1.2 \times 10^4$ events

- background

- $0.8 \mu\text{b/sr/MeV}$ @ 1.530MeV for proton target \leftarrow E522
- momentum flat
 $\rightarrow 5.0 \times 10^3$ counts/MeV



statistics

62σ $\Gamma < 2 \text{ MeV}$
 48σ $\Gamma = 10 \text{ MeV}$

sensitivity

75nb/sr $\Gamma < 2 \text{ MeV}$
 150nb/sr $\Gamma = 10 \text{ MeV}$

Summary

- E559 experiment searched for Θ^+ in (K^+, π^+) reaction but observed no peak structure.
 - we set an upper limit of $7.1\mu\text{b}$ and $1.9\mu\text{b/sr}$ at 90% C.L.
- E522 experiment searched for Θ^+ in (π^-, K^-) reaction and observed bump structure around 1.53GeV with statistical significance of 2.5σ .
- J-PARC E19 experiment was approved to search for Θ^+ in (π^-, K^-) .
 - K1.8 beam line + SKS is ideal for Θ^+ production
 - s-channel production at low energy
 - hadronic reaction \rightarrow high statistics
 - with high mass resolution; 2.5MeV(FWHM)

strategy to read the conclusion

- photo-production
 - $\gamma n \rightarrow K^- \Theta^+$ Spring-8/J-Lab
 - $\gamma p \rightarrow \pi^+ K^- K^+(n)$
- meson induced reaction
 - $\pi^- p \rightarrow K^- \Theta^+$ J-PARC
- pp collision
 - $pp \rightarrow \Sigma^+ \Theta^+$ COSY
 - baryon fragmentation?
- formation process
 - $K n \rightarrow K_s^0 p$ J-PARC

