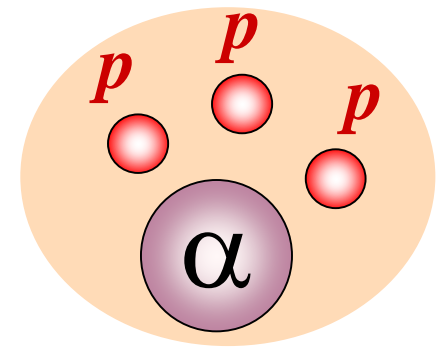


非束縛核 ${}^7\text{B}$ の 4体共鳴状態の構造

明 孝之 大阪工業大学

共同研究者 菊地 右馬 阪大RCNP
加藤 幾芳 北大核データ
センター

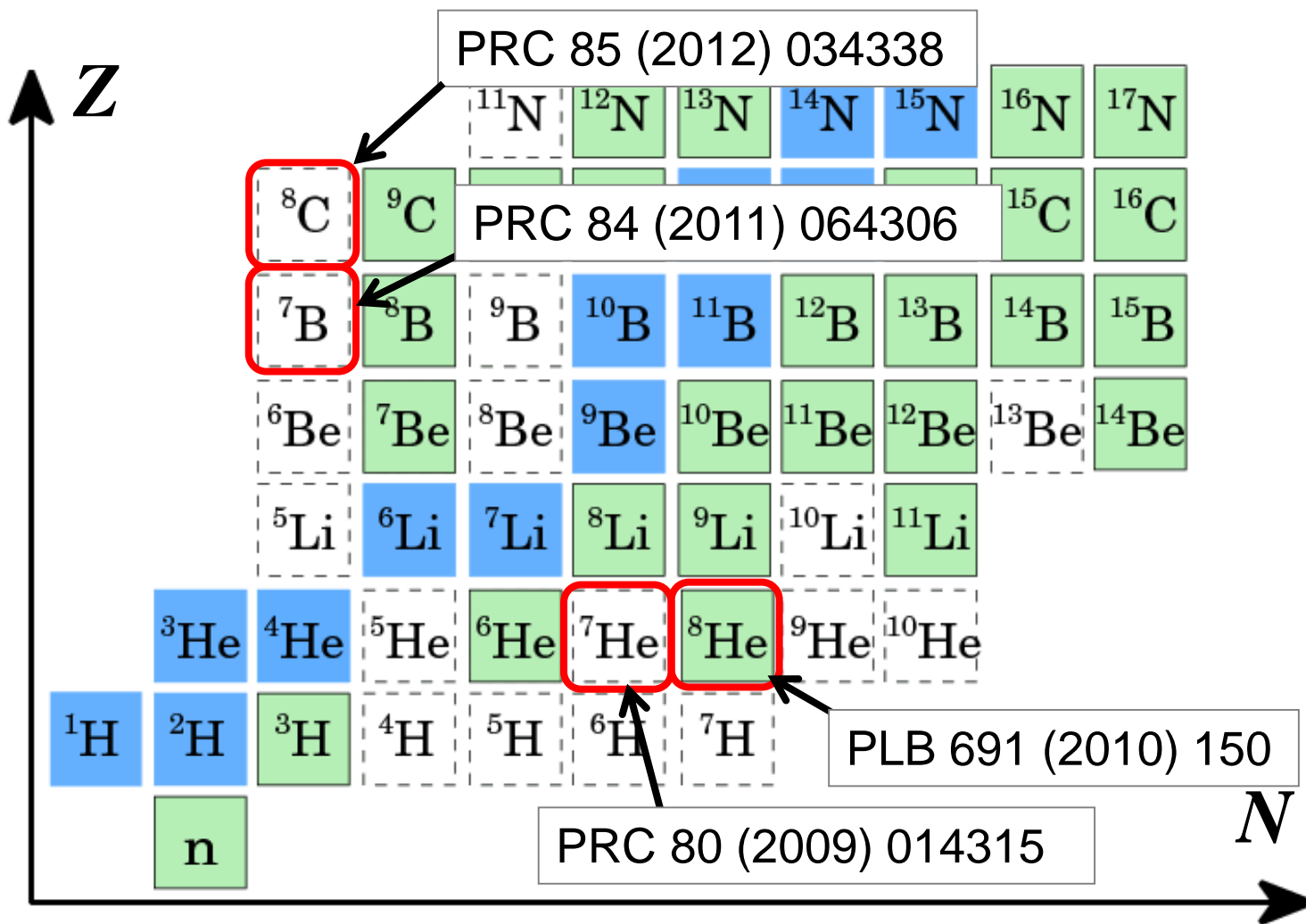
T. Myo, Y. Kikuchi, K. Kato
Physical Review C 84 (2011) 064306.



Why ${}^7\text{B}$?

- Proton-rich unbound nucleus
 - ${}^4\text{He}$ - ${}^5\text{Li}$ - ${}^6\text{Be}$ - ${}^7\text{B}$, decay into $\alpha+3p$ 4-body system
- Experiments
 - Only the ground state is observed.
 - L. R. McGrath and J. Cerny, Phys. Rev. Lett. **19**, 1442 (1967).
 - R. J. Charity et al., Phys. Rev. C 84, 014320 (2011).
 ${}^9\text{C}$ beam: ${}^7\text{B}$, ${}^8\text{B}^*$, ${}^8\text{C}$, ... @MSU
- NO theory to describe the ${}^7\text{B}$ resonances
- Mirror symmetry of p -rich & n -rich unstable nuclei
 - ${}^7\text{B}$ vs. ${}^7\text{He}$: Energy levels, Configurations ,...

Nuclear Chart



Mirror symmetry between $A=7$ & $A=8$

Method

- Cluster Orbital Shell Model (COSM)

- Include open channel effects.

$${}^7\text{B} : {}^6\text{Be}+p, {}^5\text{Li}+2p, {}^4\text{He}+3p, \dots$$

- Complex Scaling Method

$$\mathbf{r} \rightarrow \mathbf{r}e^{i\theta}, \quad \mathbf{k} \rightarrow \mathbf{k}e^{-i\theta}$$

- Resonances with correct boundary condition as **Gamow states**

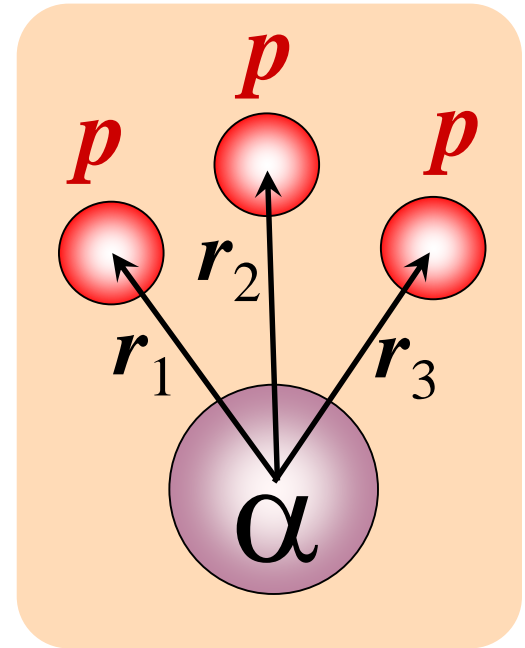
$$E = E_r - i\Gamma/2$$

- Give correct continuum level density (resonance+continuum, Green's function)

- COSM-CDCC+CSM: ${}^{22}\text{C} = {}^{20}\text{C} + n + n$

Ogata

COSM



Cluster Orbital Shell Model

- A-body System is obtained based on RGM equation

$$H(A) = H(^4\text{He}) + H_{\text{rel}}(N_V p) \quad \Phi(^A\text{He}) = \mathcal{A} \left\{ \psi(^4\text{He}) \cdot \sum_{i=1}^N C_i \cdot \chi_i(N_V p) \right\}$$

↑
valence proton number
i : configuration index

$\psi(^4\text{He})$: $(0s)^4$ ← No explicit tensor correlation

$\chi_i(N_V p) = \mathcal{A} \{ \varphi_{i1} \varphi_{i2} \varphi_{i3} \cdots \}$ $\varphi_i : L \leq 2$, few-body method
with Gaussian expansion

- Orthogonarity Condition Model (OCM) is applied.

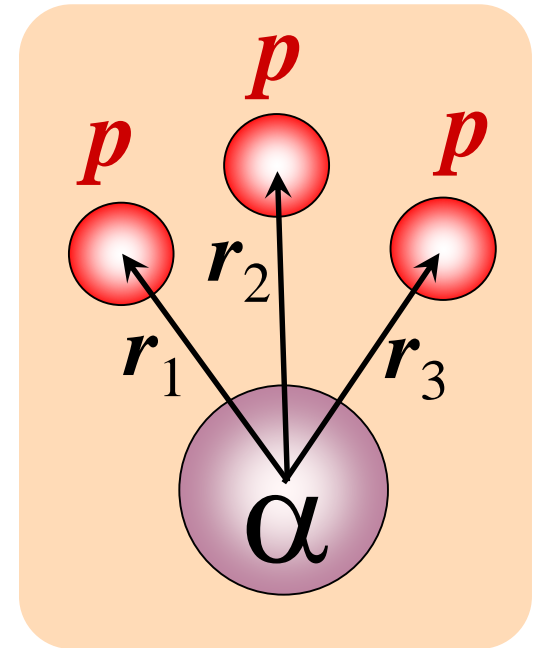
$$\sum_{i=1}^N \left\langle \chi_j \left| \sum_k^{N_V} (T_k + V_k^{cp}) + \sum_{k<l}^{N_V} \left(V_{kl}^{pp} + \frac{\vec{p}_i \cdot \vec{p}_j}{A_c m} \right) \right| \chi_i \right\rangle C_i = (E - E_{4\text{He}}) C_j$$

$\langle \varphi_i | \phi_{\text{PF}} \rangle = 0$: Remove Pauli Forbidden states (PF)

Hamiltonian

- $V_{\alpha p}$: microscopic KKNN potential + folded α - p Coulomb
– s,p,d,f-waves of α - p scattering
- V_{pp} : Minnesota potential
with slightly strengthened
+ p - p Coulomb

Fit $E(^6\text{He}_{\text{GS}})$ with αnn



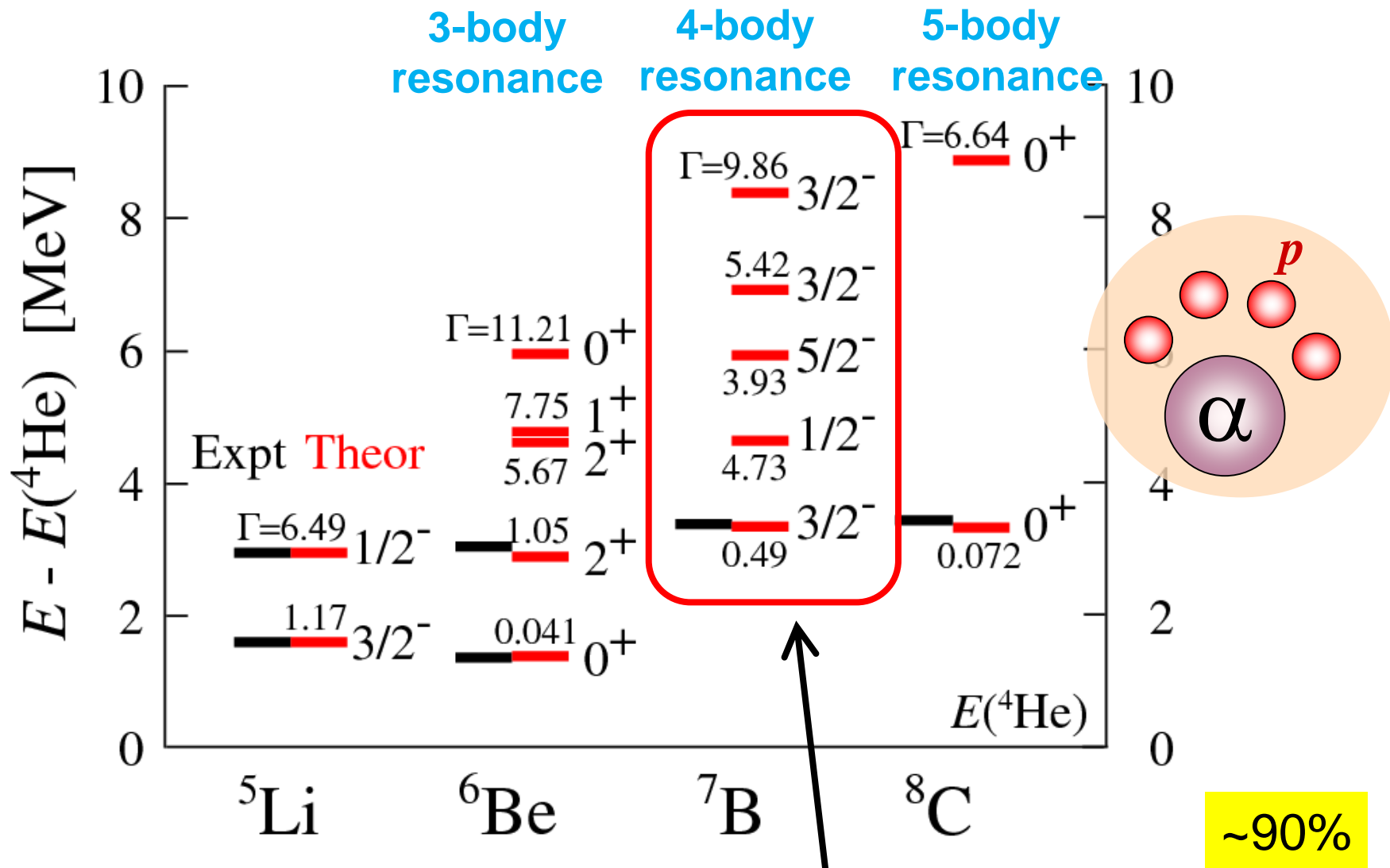
A. Csoto, PRC48(1993)165.

K. Arai, Y. Suzuki and R.G. Lovas, PRC59(1999)1432.

TM, S. Aoyama, K. Kato, K. Ikeda, PRC63(2001)054313.

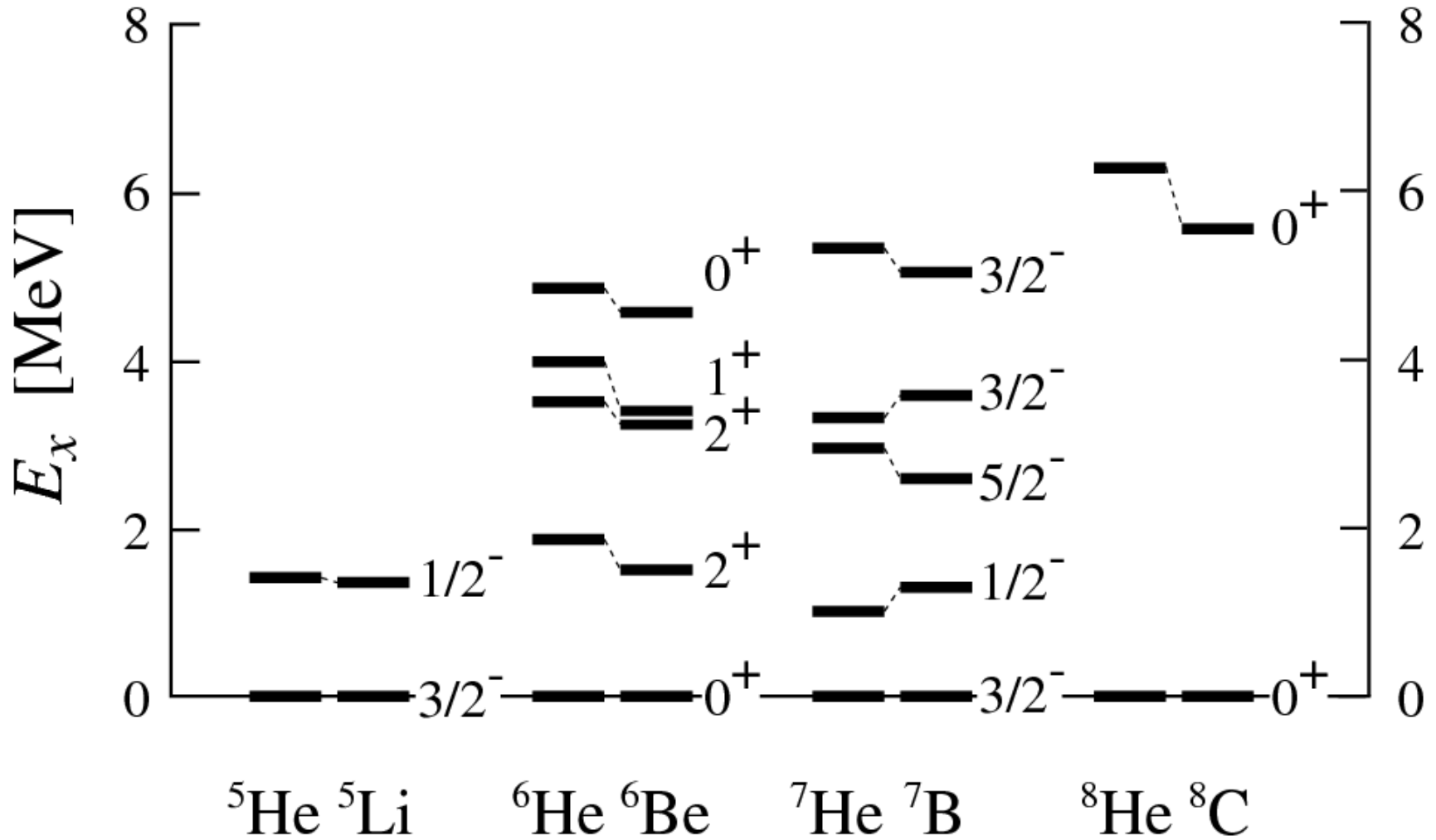
TM K. Kato, K. Ikeda, PTP113(2005)763.

Proton-rich side : ${}^4\text{He}+4p$



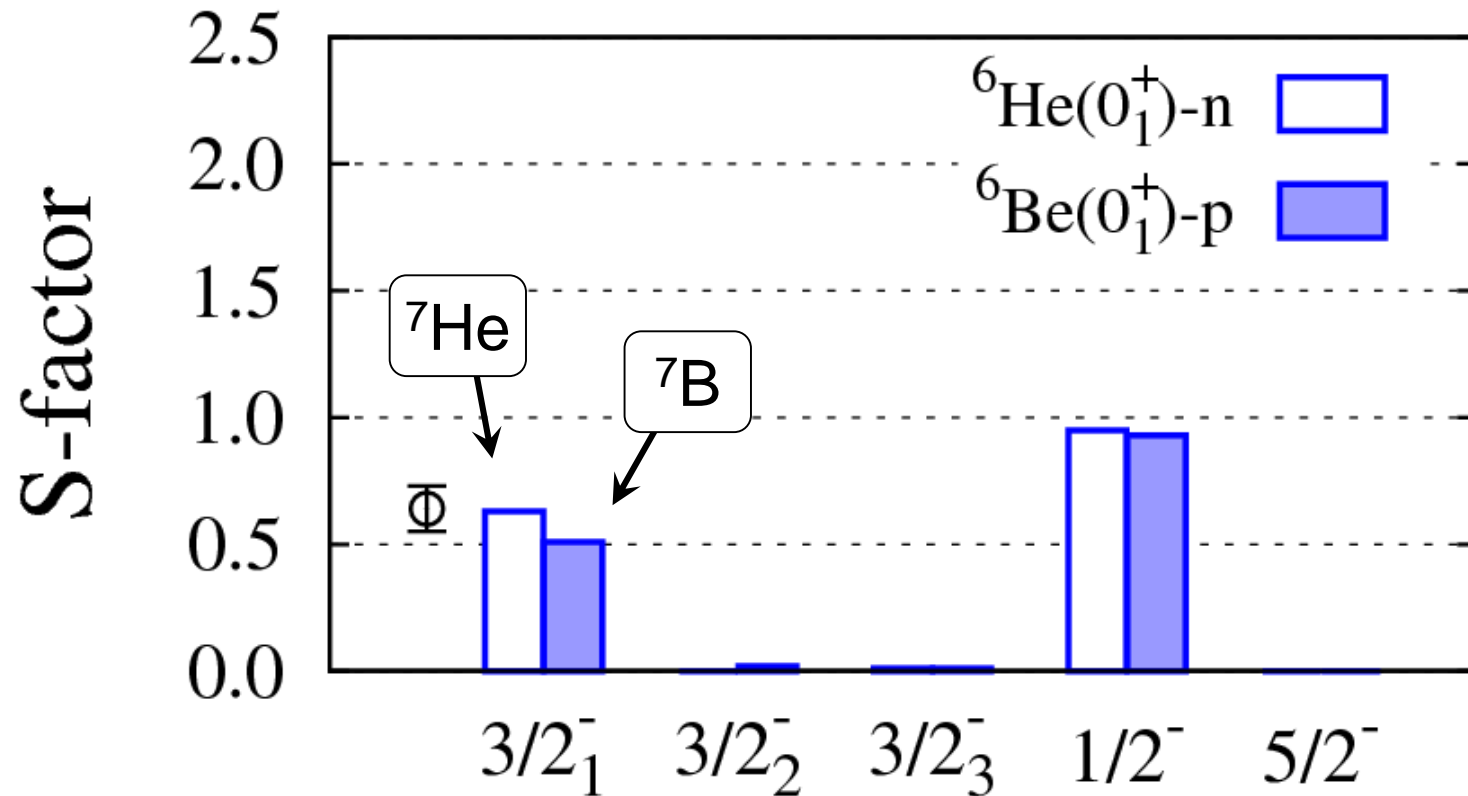
~90%

Mirror Symmetry



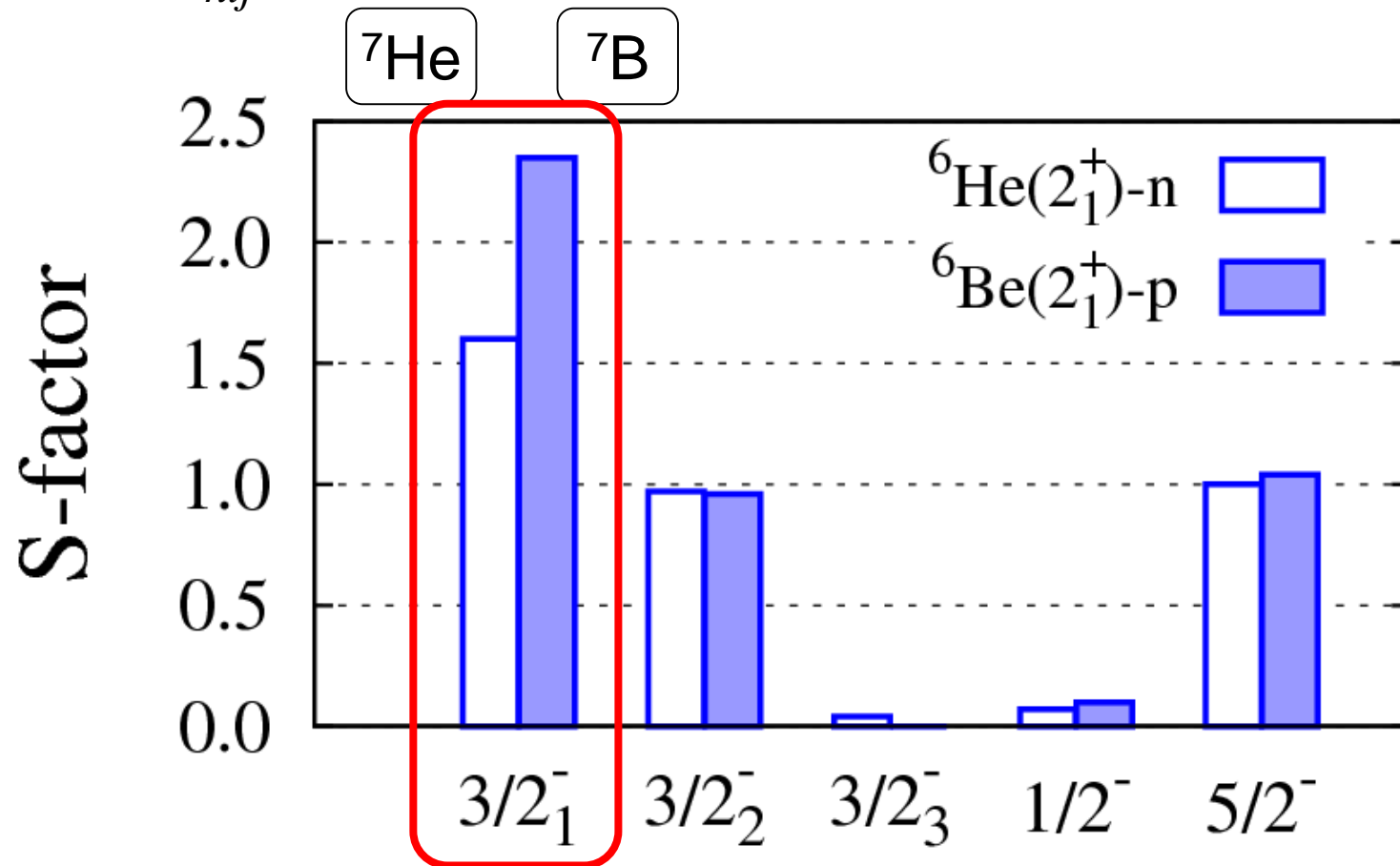
S-factors of ${}^7\text{B}$ & ${}^7\text{He}$

$$S_{J',J} = \sum_{nlj} \left\langle {}^6\text{Be}(\underline{0^+}) \left| a_{nlj} \right| {}^7\text{B}(J^\pi) \right\rangle^2$$

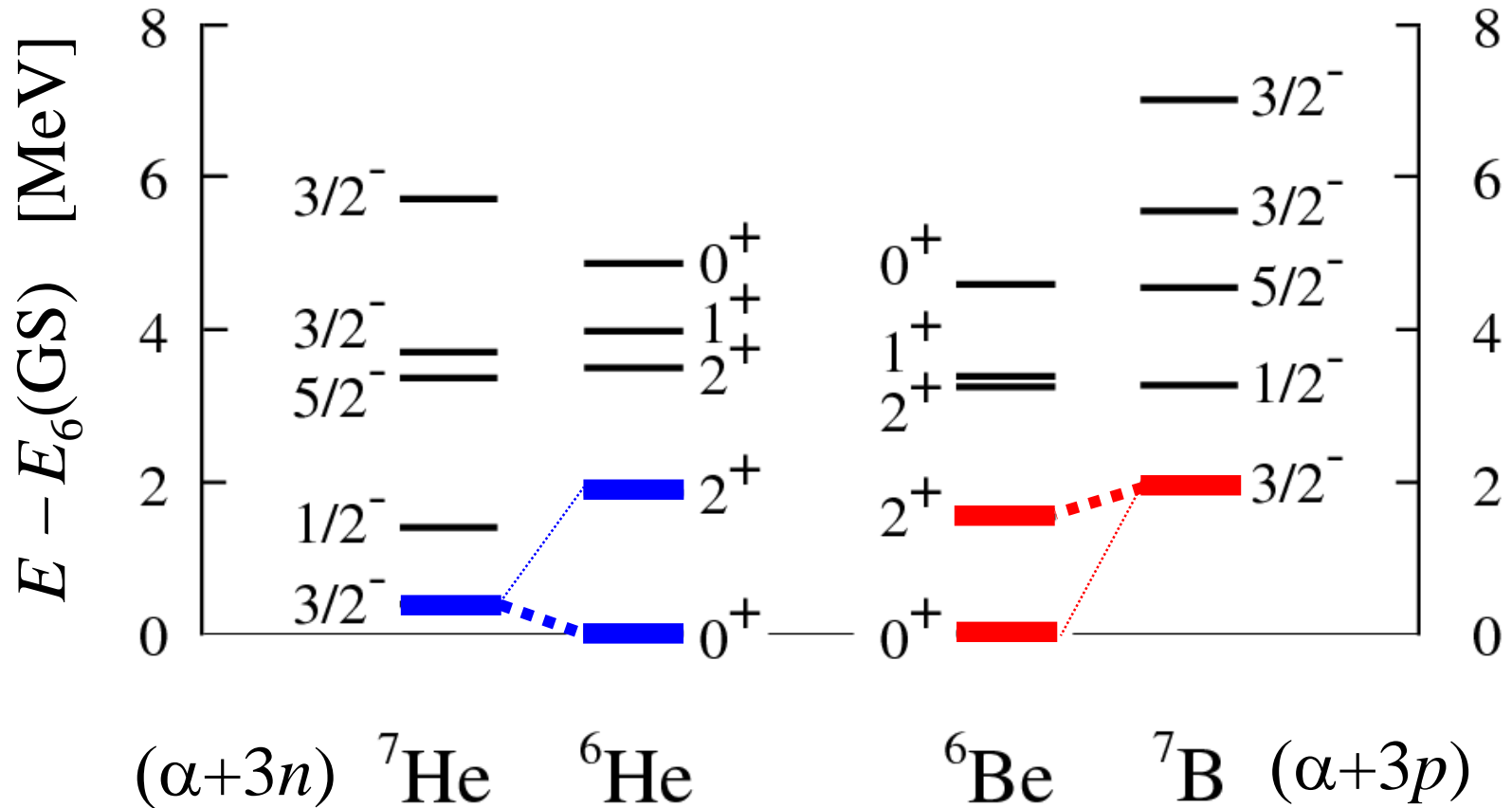


S-factors of ${}^7\text{B}$ & ${}^7\text{He}$

$$S_{J',J} = \sum_{nlj} \left\langle {}^6\text{Be}(\underline{2^+}) \left| a_{nlj} \right| {}^7\text{B}(J^\pi) \right\rangle^2$$



Thresholds of “ $A=6$ ”+ N system



“Mirror symmetry breaking” due to the channel coupling effect caused by Coulomb force

Summary

${}^7\text{B}$

- proton-rich unbound nucleus
- $\alpha+3p$ with COSM + complex scaling
- 5 resonances with p -shell configurations
- mirror symmetry with n -rich ${}^7\text{He}$
 - $2^+(A=6)$ components are different in ground states
 - Channel coupling effects of “ ${}^6\text{Be}+p$ ” & “ ${}^6\text{He}+n$ ” caused by Coulomb force

T. Myo, Y. Kikuchi, K. Kato
Physical Review C 84 (2011) 064306.