

RCNP-HST15 Symposium @ ONC

November 18, 2015

# **Understanding effect of tensor interactions in light nuclei via high momentum neutron-transfer reactions**

Hooi Jin ONG (RCNP, Osaka University)

*On behalf of*

- RCNP-E314
- GSI-S436
- RCNP-E396
- RCNP-E443

collaborations

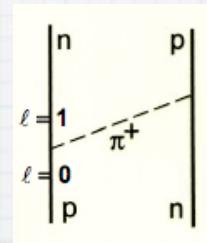
# Tensor Interactions in Nucleus

Effective nucleon-nucleon potential  
(e.g. Hamada-Johnston):

$$V(r) = \begin{cases} V_C(r) + V_{LS} \frac{(\mathbf{L} \cdot \mathbf{S})}{\hbar^2} + V_T(r) S_{12} + V_{L^2} \frac{(L_{12})}{\hbar^2} & , \quad r > r_C \\ +\infty & , \quad r < r_C \end{cases}$$

Tensor force:  $V_T(r) S_{12}$

$$\begin{aligned} S_{12} &= \frac{3(\boldsymbol{\sigma}_1 \cdot \mathbf{r})(\boldsymbol{\sigma}_2 \cdot \mathbf{r})}{r^2} - (\boldsymbol{\sigma}_1 \cdot \boldsymbol{\sigma}_2) \\ &= \sqrt{24\pi/5} ([\vec{\sigma}_1 \times \vec{\sigma}_2]^{(2)} \cdot Y^{(2)}) \end{aligned}$$



Originated mainly from One-Pion Exchange Potential:

$$S_{12} \frac{q^2}{m_\pi^2 + q^2}$$

# Tensor Interactions in Nucleus

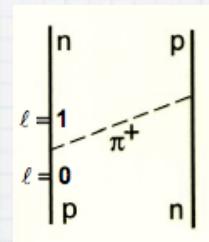
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→ **ΔS=2, ΔL=2**

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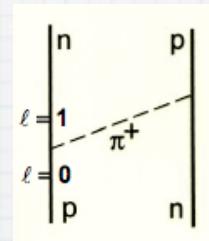
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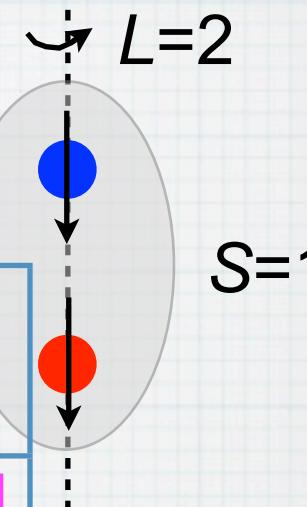
$$S_{12} \frac{q^2}{m_\pi^2 + q^2}$$

→ **High-momentum components**  
in nuclei

# Deuteron

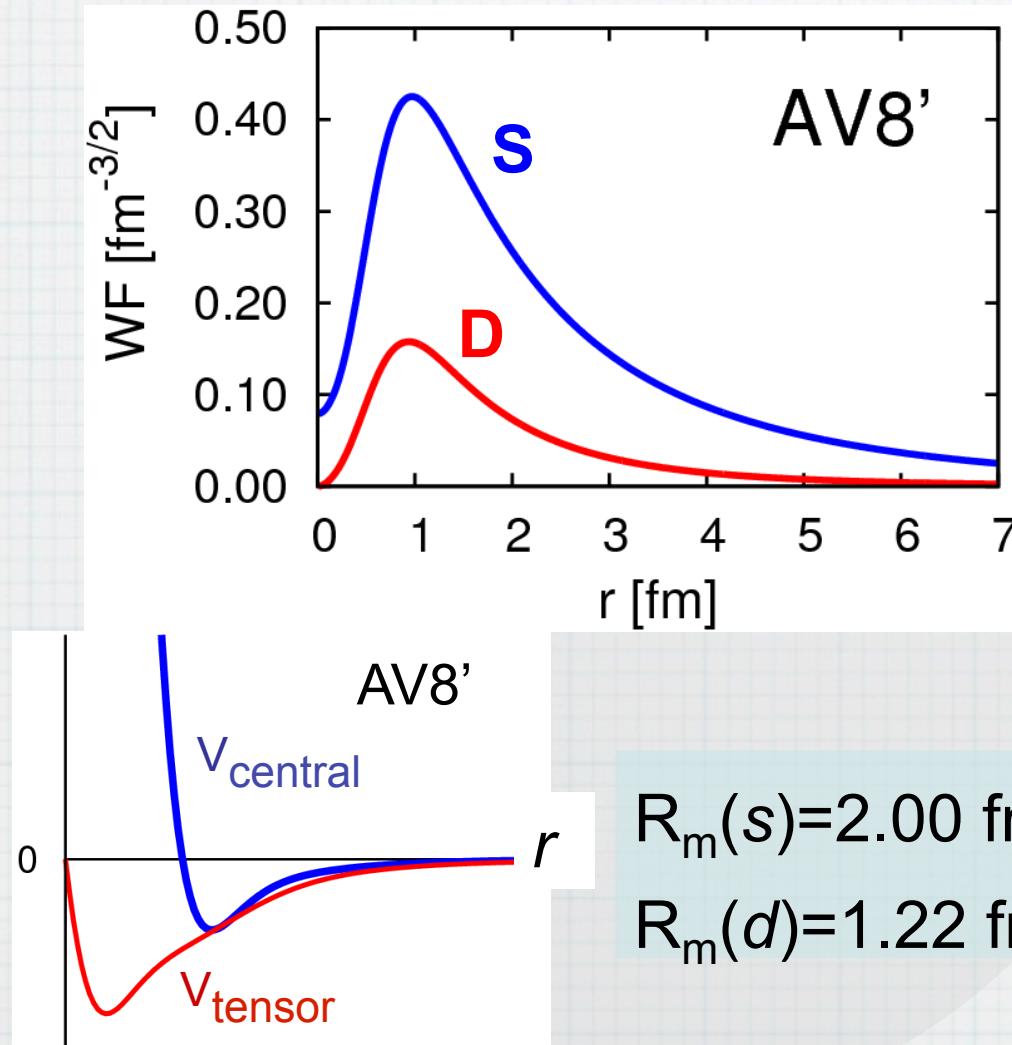
Measured proton, neutron and deuteron properties<sup>†</sup>

	Proton	Neutron	Deuteron
$L=0$	-	-	-2.22452(20)
<b>Binding energy (MeV)</b>	-	-	-2.22452(20)
<b>Spin-parity</b>	1/2 <sup>+</sup>	1/2 <sup>+</sup>	1 <sup>+</sup>
<b>Magnetic moment (<math>\mu_N</math>)</b>	+2.79276(2)	-1.91335(4)	+0.8574114(4)
<b>Electric quadrupole moment (b)</b>	0	0	+0.002738(14)



<sup>†</sup> Experimental data taken from 八木浩輔(1971)『原子核物理学』朝倉書店

# Deuteron (continued)



Energy	-2.24 MeV
Kinetic	19.88
Central	-4.46
<b>Tensor</b>	<b>-16.64</b>
LS	-1.02
$P(L=2)$	5.77%
Radius	1.96 fm

*d*-wave is  
“spatially compact”  
**(High momentum components)**

† Figures, theoretical data courtesy of T. Myo

# Alpha Particles

	Faddeev-Yakubovsky <sup>†</sup>	TOSM + UCOM <sup>‡</sup>	Exp.
Energy (MeV)	-25.94	-22.30	-28.2957 <sup>¶</sup>
Kinetic (MeV)	102.39	90.50	
Central (MeV)	-55.26	-55.71	
Tensor (MeV)	<u>-68.35</u>	<u>-54.55</u>	
LS (MeV)	-4.72	-2.53	
Radius (fm)	1.49	1.55	1.6755(28) <sup>§</sup>

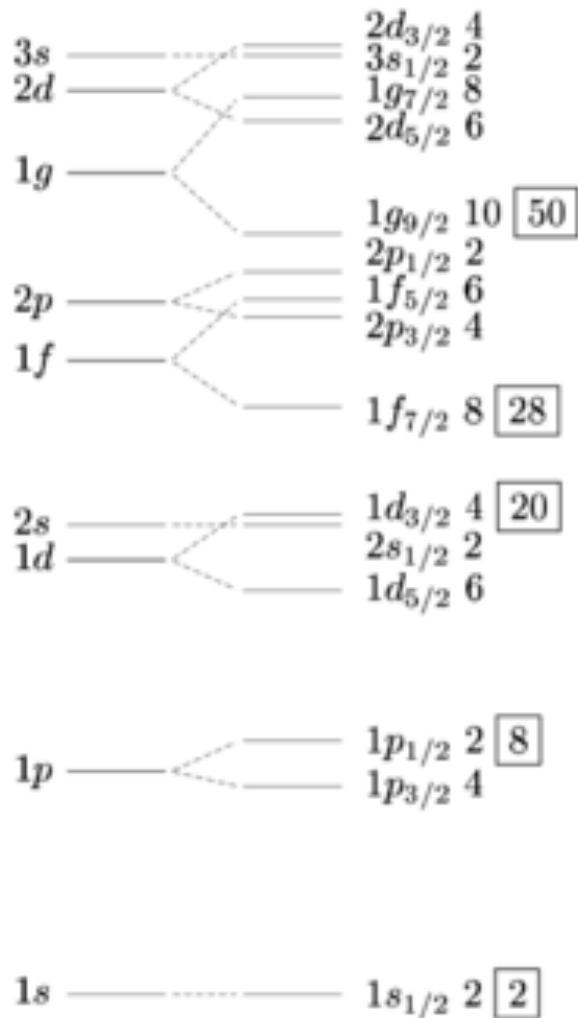
<sup>†</sup> H.Kamada *et al.* PRC 64 ('01) 044001

<sup>‡</sup> T.Myo *et al.* PTP 121 ('09) 511

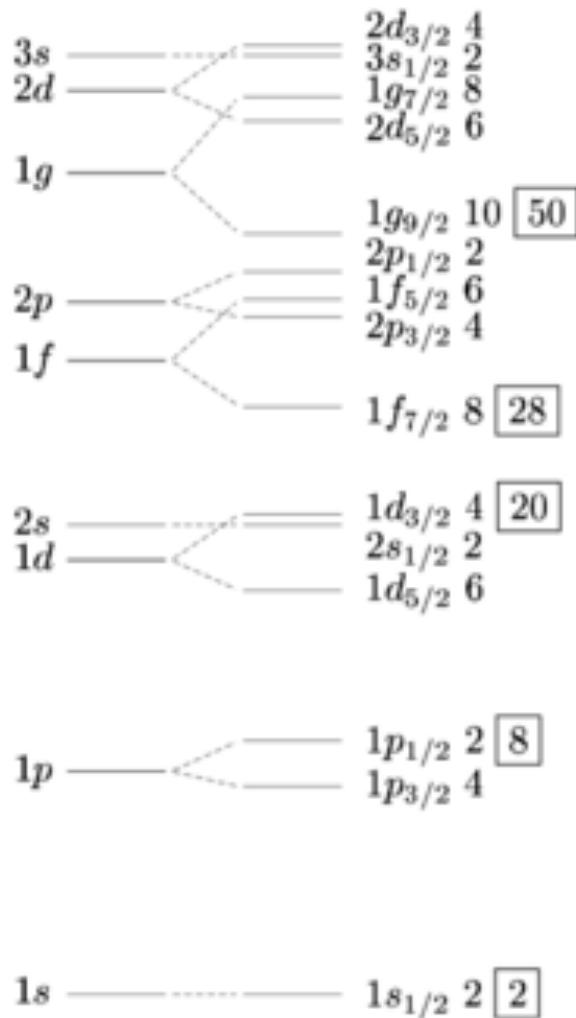
<sup>¶</sup> AME2012

<sup>§</sup> I. Angeli *et al.* ADNDT 99 ('13) 69

# Independent Particle Model (IPM)



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## • Nuclear Shell Model (1949)

- developed by Mayer, Jensen, Wigner
- complex many-body nucleon-nucleon interactions
  - ⇒ average potential:
    - i) 3 dimensional harmonic oscillator
    - ii) spin-orbit interactions
  - reproduces nuclear **magic numbers**
  - enhances understanding of nuclear structures, predicts energy levels and other observables
  - helps to understand/predict (direct) nuclear reactions
    - spectroscopic factor

# Limitation of IPM

- Underestimates (direct) nuclear reactions, especially those that involve transfer/knockout of high momentum nucleons  
⇒ the need to consider explicitly **tensor** and **short-range correlations**.

# Limitation of IPM

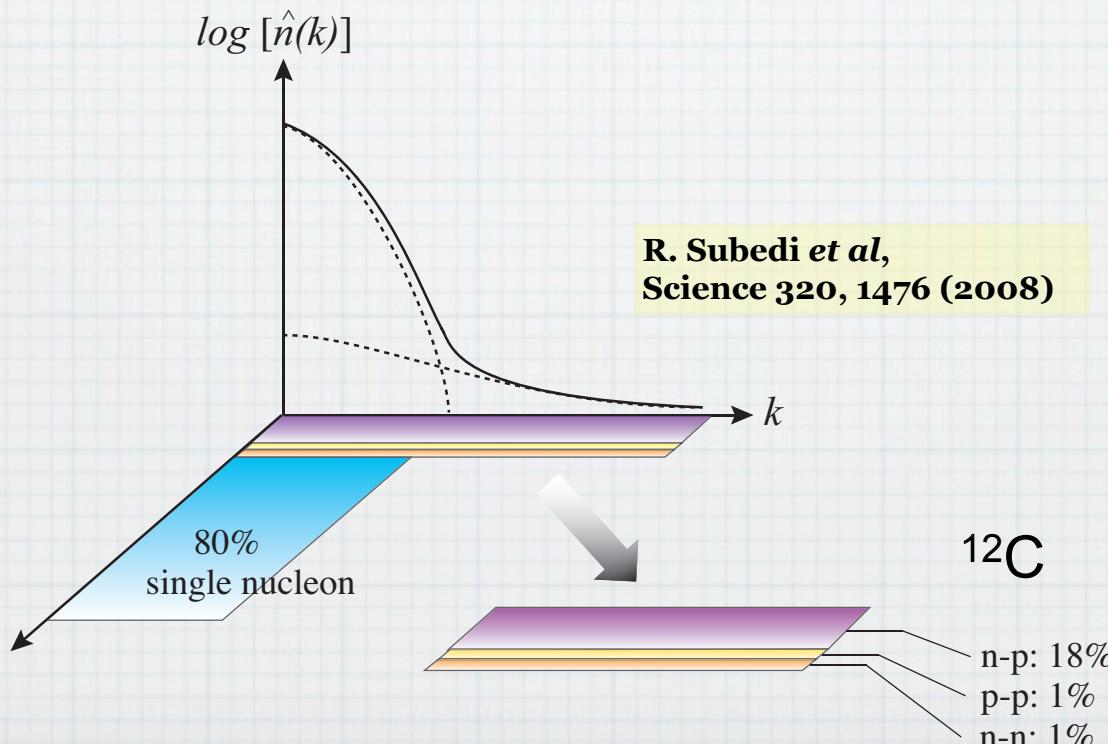
- Underestimates (direct) nuclear reactions, especially those that involve transfer/knockout of high momentum nucleons  
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**Wanted: Experiment data**

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Can we measure/observe directly effect of tensor interactions in nuclei heavier than the alpha particle?

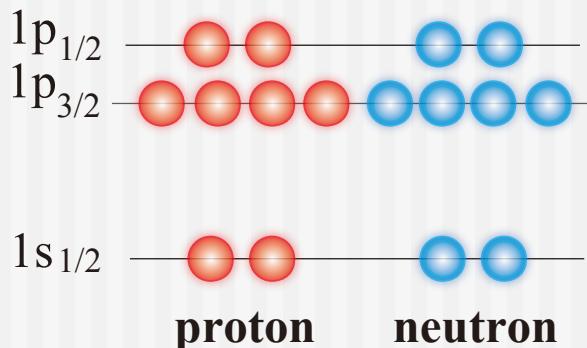
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Can we measure/observe directly effect of tensor interactions in nuclei heavier than the alpha particle?

---

**YES!**

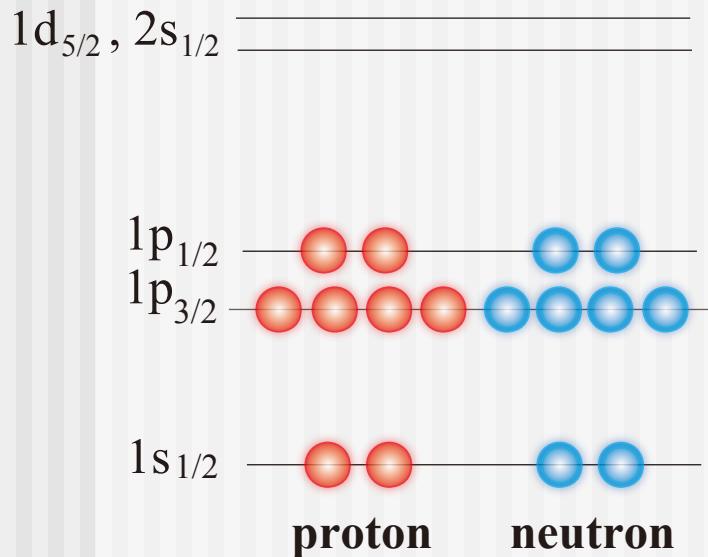
$1d_{5/2}, 2s_{1/2}$  \_\_\_\_\_



Ground state of  $^{16}\text{O}$

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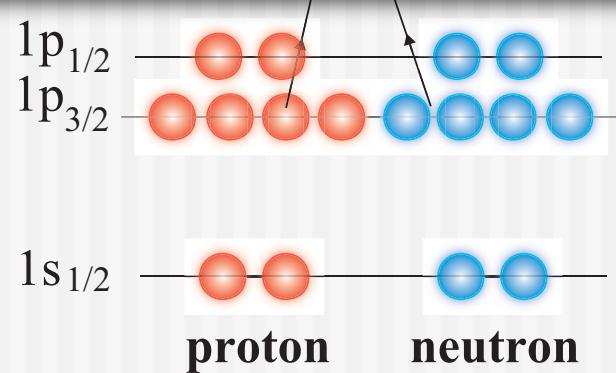


Ground state of  $^{16}\text{O}$

tensor interactions



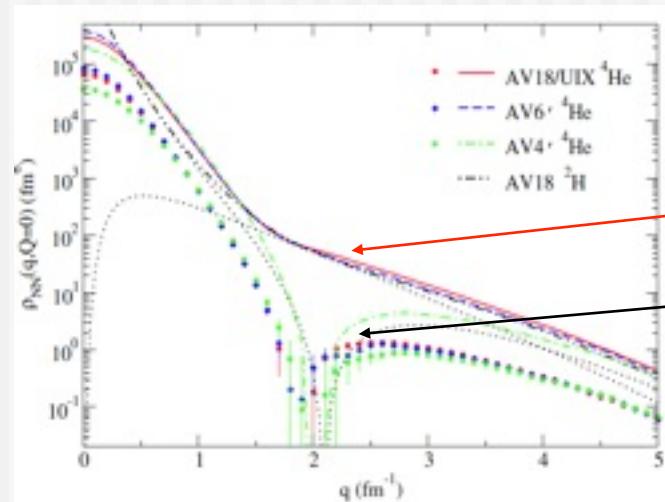
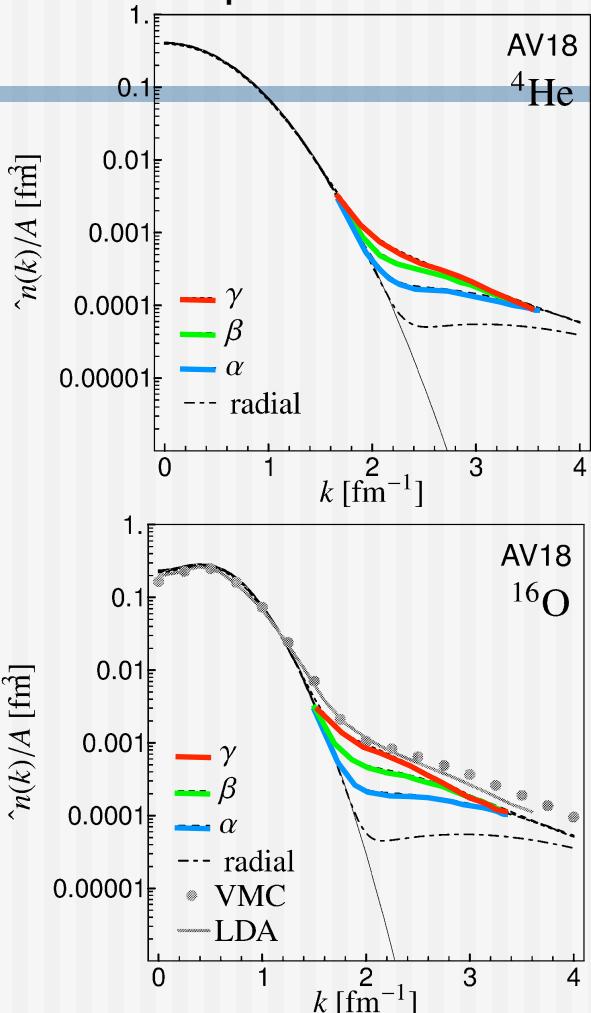
**High Momentum Nucleons**



Ground-state of  $^{16}\text{O}$ :  
mixing of 2p-2h configuration

# Predicted Momentum Distribution of Nucleons

Unitary Correlation  
Operator Method



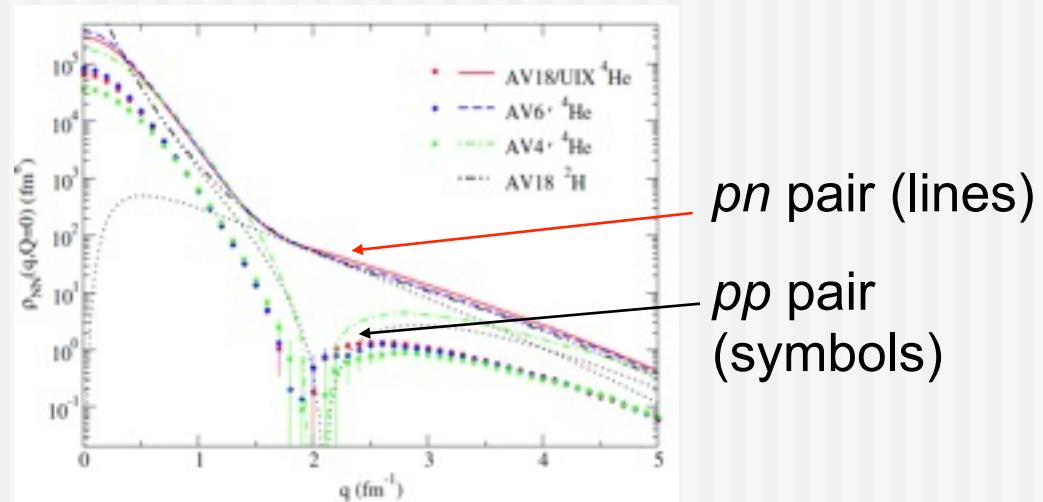
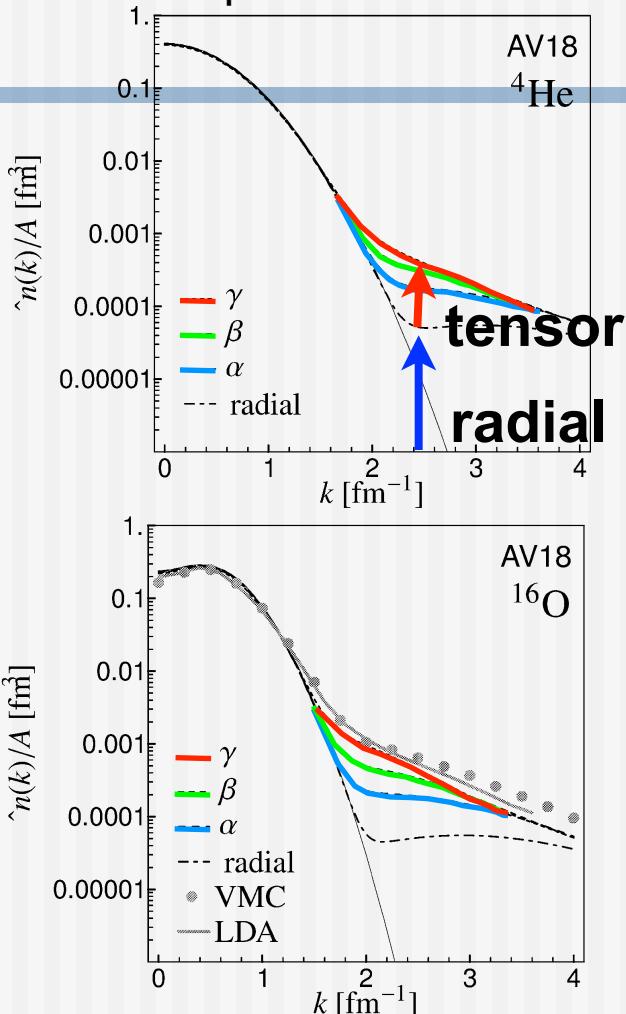
*pn pair (lines)*  
*pp pair (symbols)*

R. Schiavilla et al.,  
PRL 98, 132501 (2007)

T. Neff and H. Feldmeier,  
NPA713, 311(2003)

# Predicted Momentum Distribution of Nucleons

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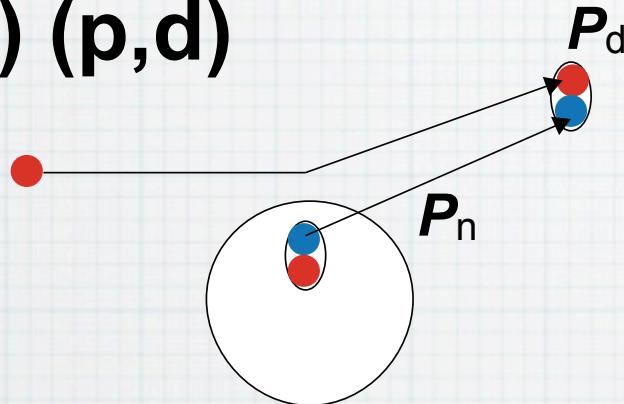


R. Schiavilla et al.,  
PRL 98, 132501 (2007)

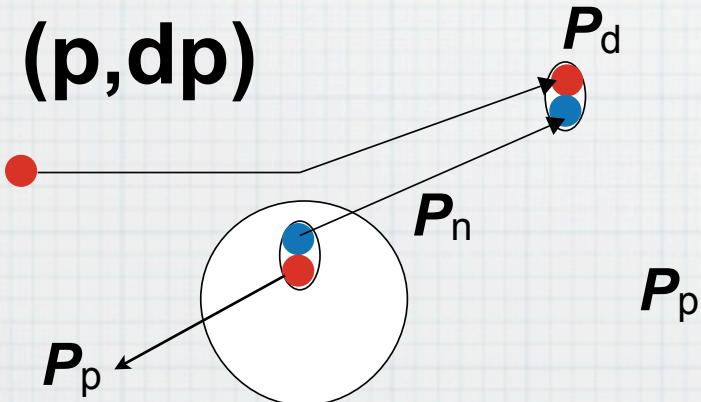
T. Neff and H. Feldmeier,  
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# Probe internal momentum of nucleon by neutron-transfer reactions

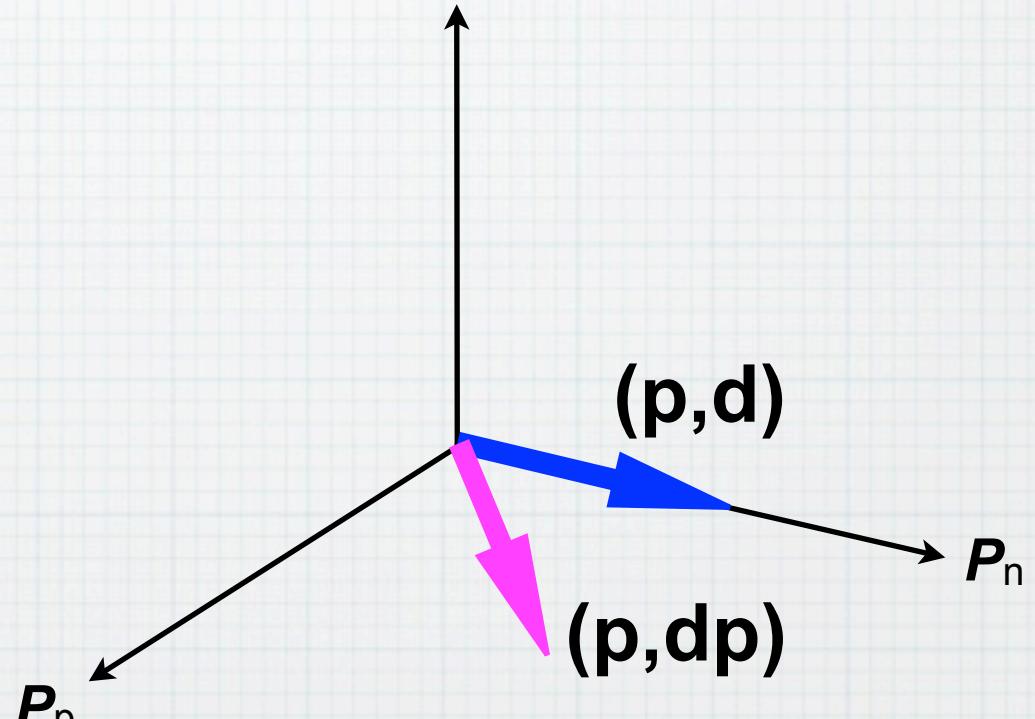
(i) (p,d)



(ii) (p,dp)

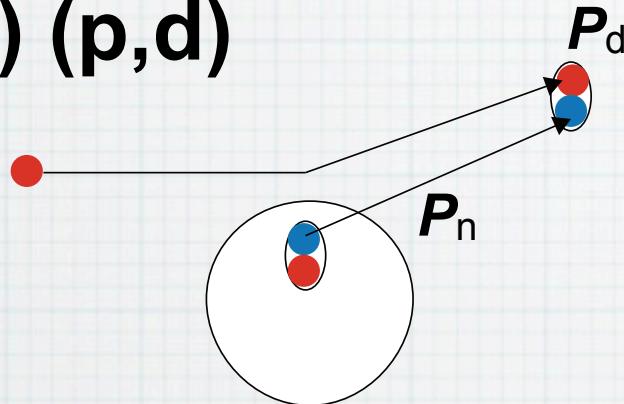


Spin observables

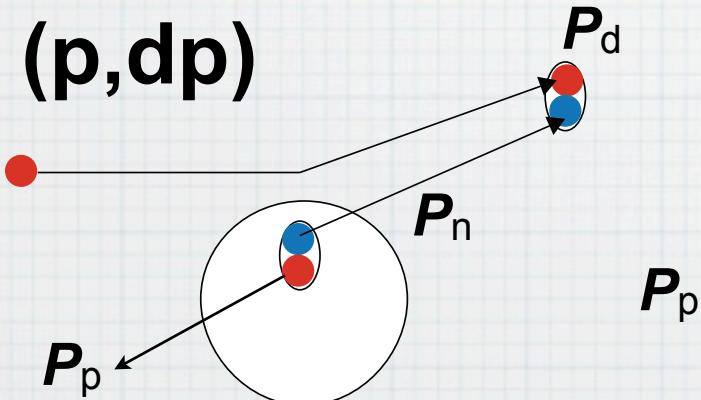


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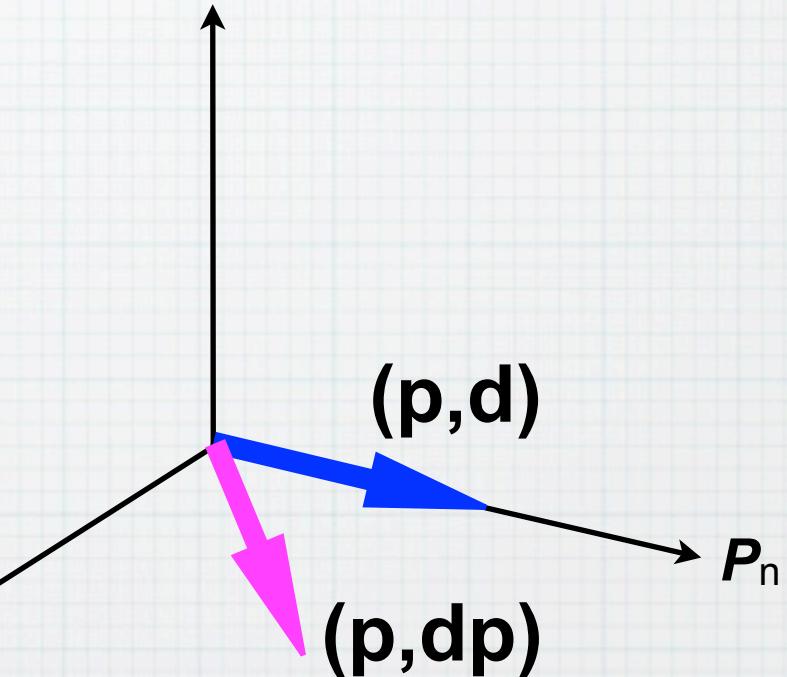
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Spin observables



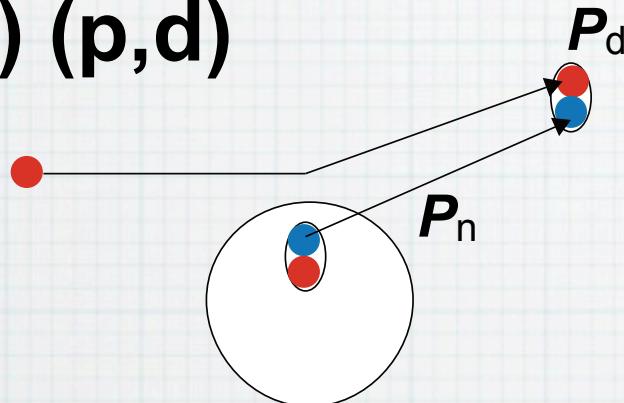
See also

K. Miki's Talk

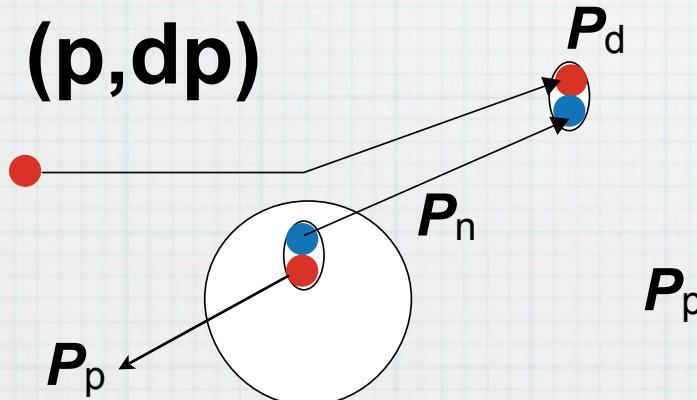
T.Suda's Talk

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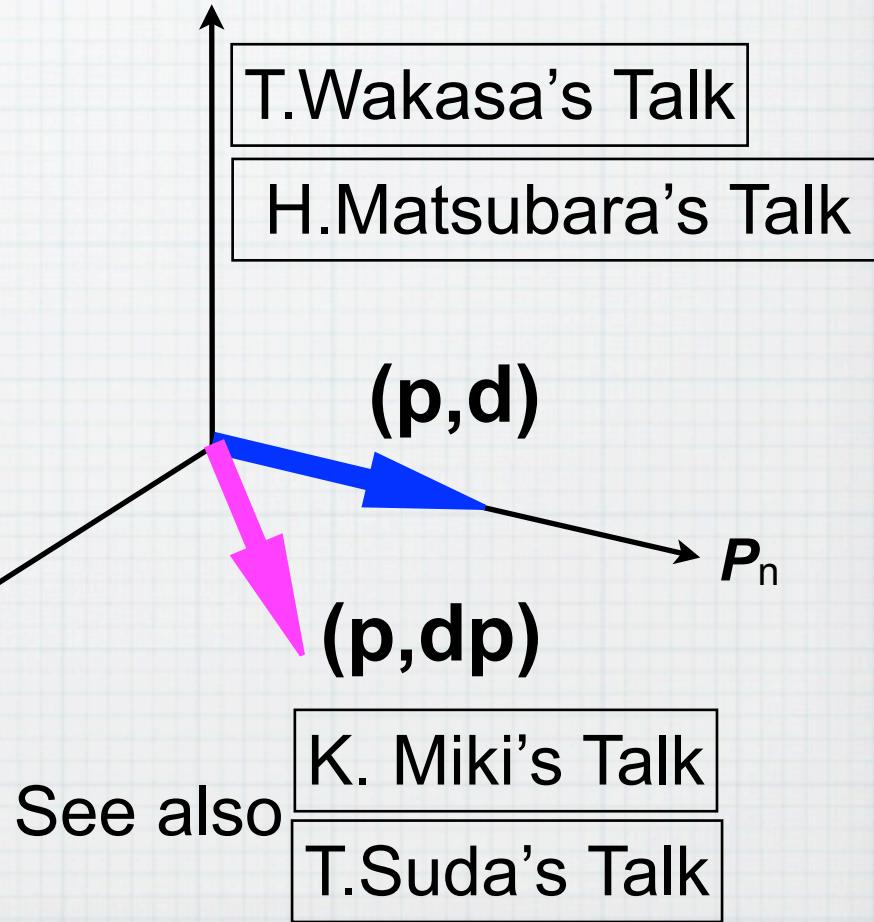
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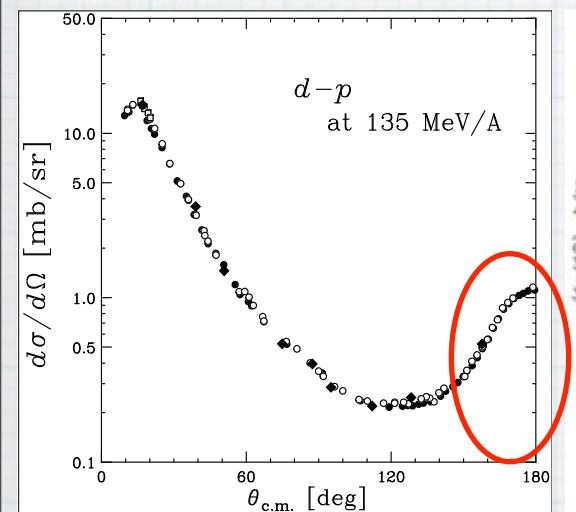
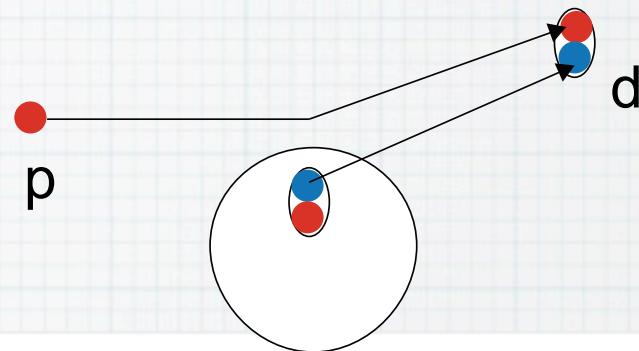


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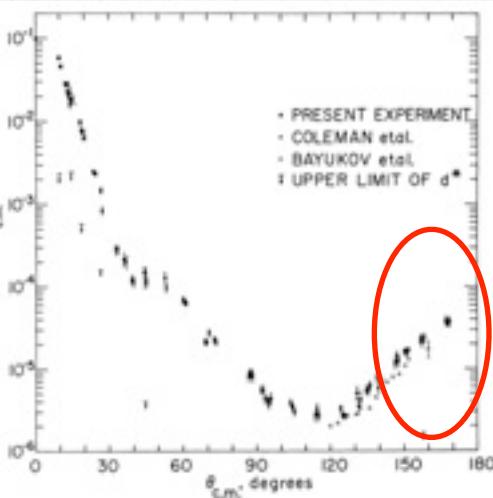


# Probe internal momentum of nucleon by (p,d) reaction

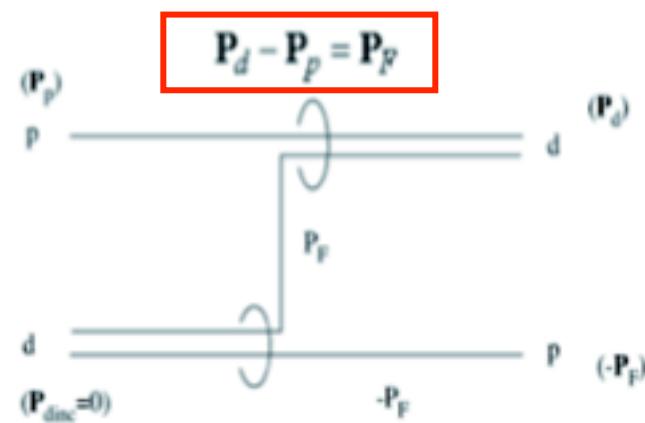
- taking advantage of the momentum selectivity



K. Sekiguchi *et al.*,  
PRL95, 162301(2004)



G. W. Bennett *et al.*,  
PRL19, 387(1967)



$$\sigma_F = K \frac{P_d}{p} N(P_F) \left[ B_D + \frac{\hbar^2}{M} (\mathbf{p} - \mathbf{P}_d/2)^2 \right]^{\frac{1}{2}} \langle \rho(r), e^{i(\mathbf{p} - \mathbf{P}_d \cdot \mathbf{r}/2)} \rangle^2$$

K: phase space constant,  $B_D$ : deuteron binding energy, M: nucleon mass  
by G. F Chew and M.L. Goldberger Phys. Rev. 77 (1950) 470.

# RCNP-E314 collaboration

RCNP

H.J. Ong, I. Tanihata, A. Tamii, T. Myo, K. Ogata,  
K. Hirota, D. Ishikawa, H. Matsubara, T. Naito,  
Y. Ogawa, H. Sakaguchi, T. Suzuki, M. Takashina,  
H. Toki, Y. Yasuda, M. Yosoi, J. Zenihiro

Dep. of Phys.,  
Osaka Univ.

M. Fukuda, K. Matsuta, M. Mihara, D. Nishimura

Kyoto Univ.

T. Kawabata

Tsukuba Univ.

A. Ozawa

RIKEN

Nishina Center

K. Sekiguchi, K. Ikeda

Nara Women's  
Univ.

M. Taniguchi

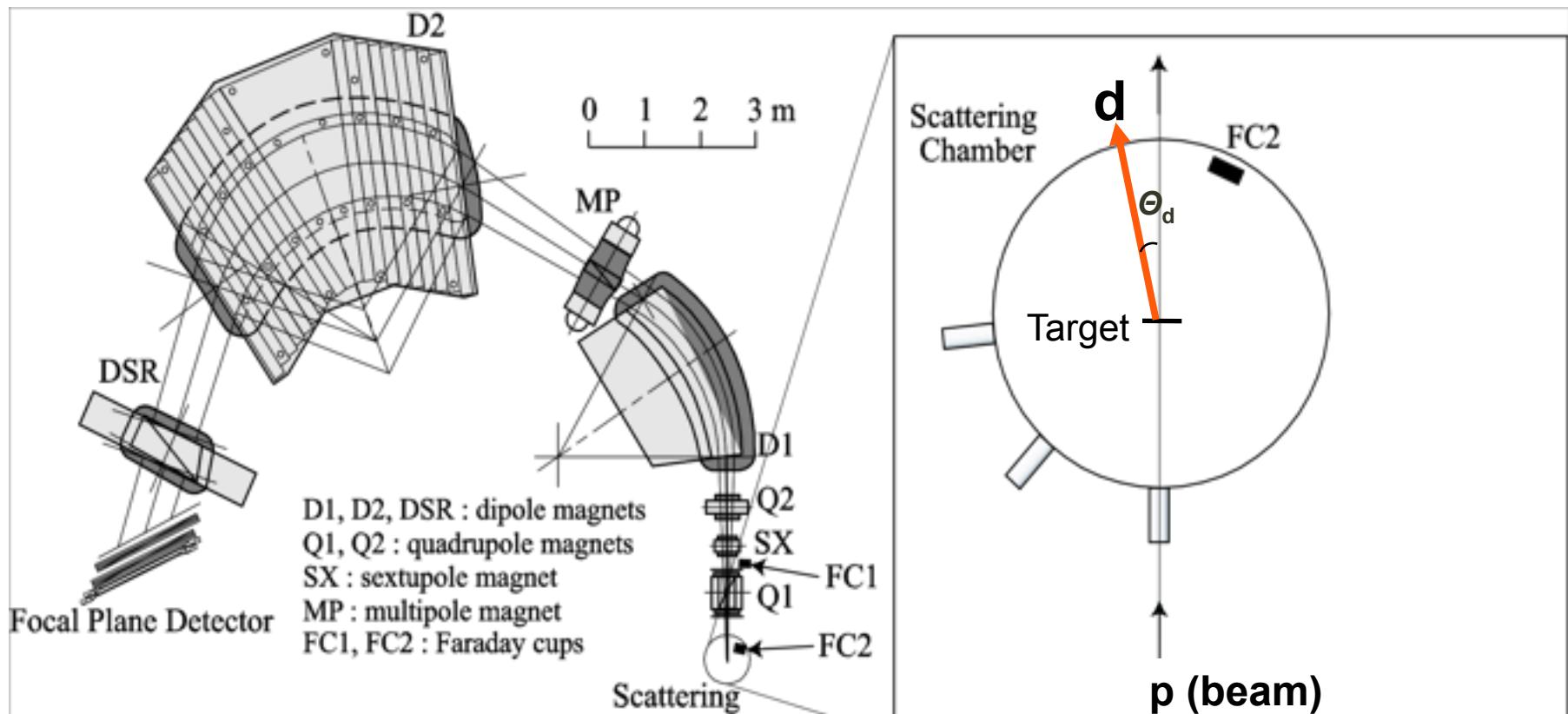
Beihang Univ.

S. Terashima, D.Y. Pang

# [RCNP-E314] Experiment

RCNP Grand RAIDEN  
 $(p/\Delta p \sim 37000)$

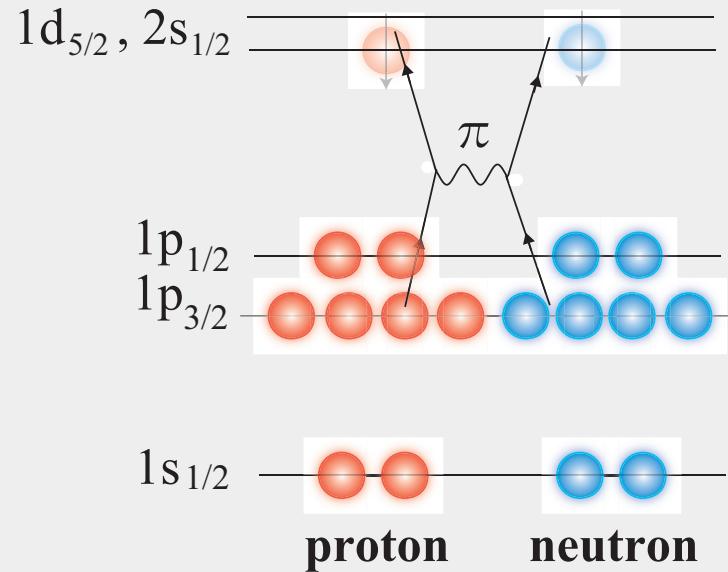
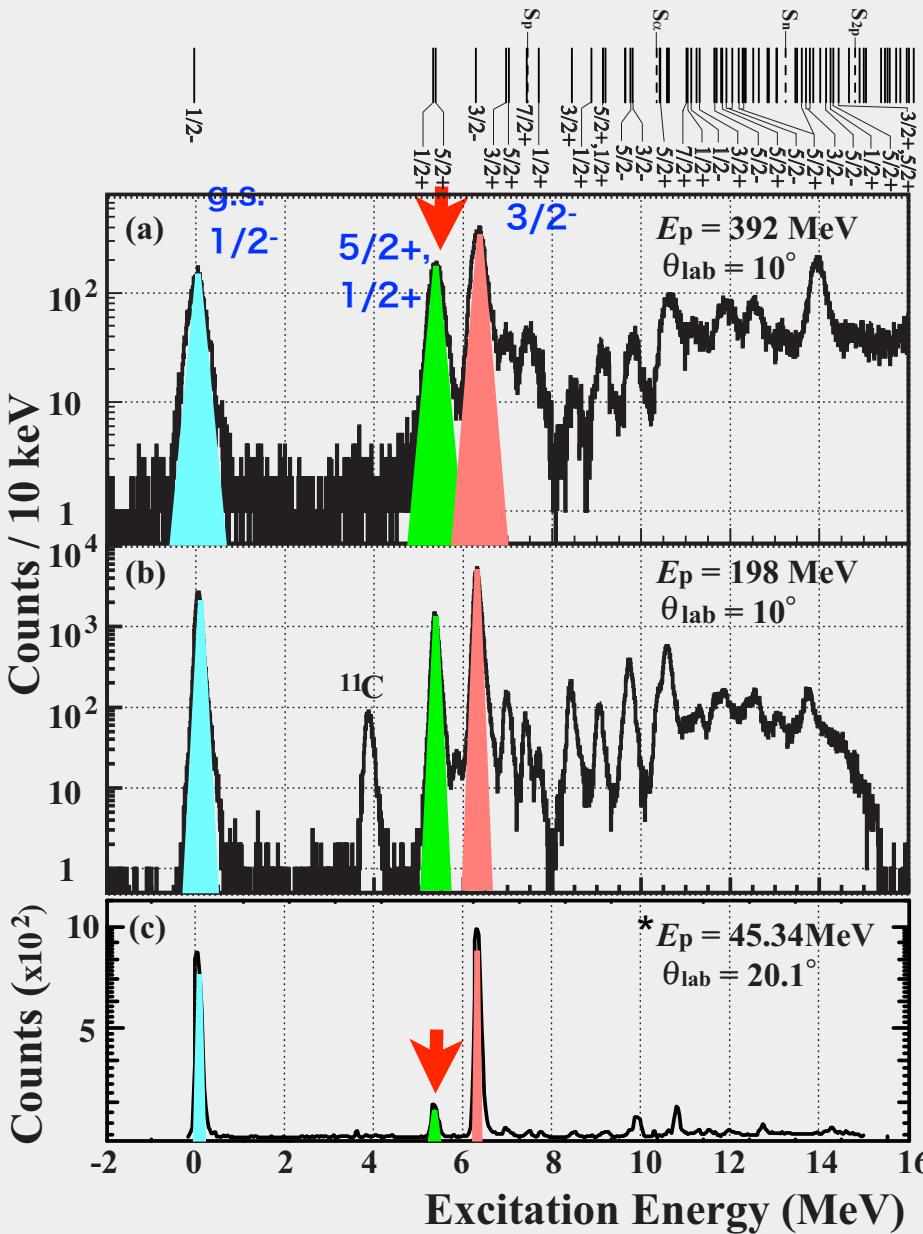
M. Fujiwara et al.,  
NIMA422, 484(1999)



- 198, 295, 392 MeV
- ~2 nA

# [RCNP-E314] Missing mass spectra

$^{15}\text{O}$  level scheme



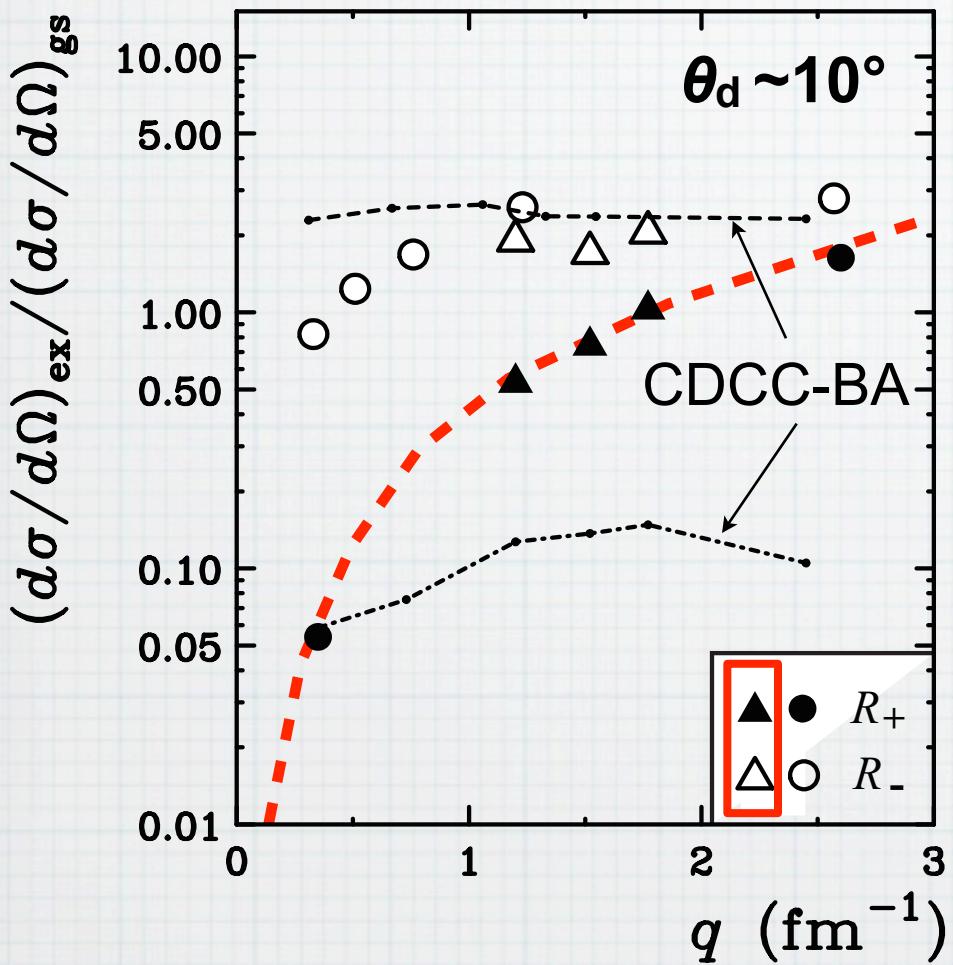
Ground-state of  $^{16}\text{O}$ :  
mixing of 2p-2h configuration \*\*

Selection Rule:  $\Delta J=0$ ,  $\Delta L=\Delta S=2$

\* J.L. Snelgrove *et al.*, PR 187 (1969) 1246

\*\* T. Myo, private communication

# Possible Signature of Tensor Interactions



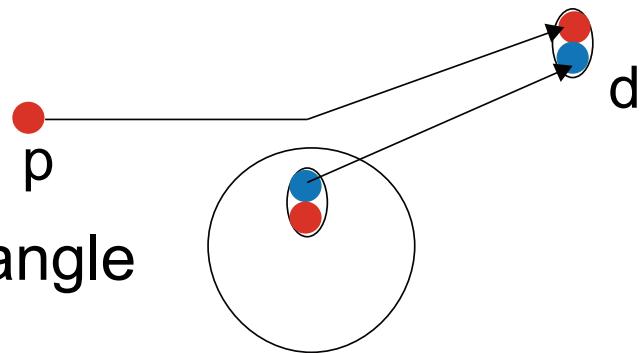
HJO, IT *et al.*, PLB 725, 277 (2013)

- CDCC-BA calculation with known spectroscopic factors:
  - ✓ qualitatively agree with ratios for the neutron-hole states ( $3/2^-$  to  $1/2^-$ )
  - ✓ cannot explain the ratios for the positive-parity state ( $1/2^+$  or  $5/2^+$  to  $1/2^-$ )
- Two(Multi)-step process does not help
- TOSM-type momentum wave functions that include high-momentum components “fit” the data well.

T. Myo, PTP 117 (2007) 257.

# Issues to be addressed...

(p,d) at finite ( $\geq 10$  deg) scattering angle

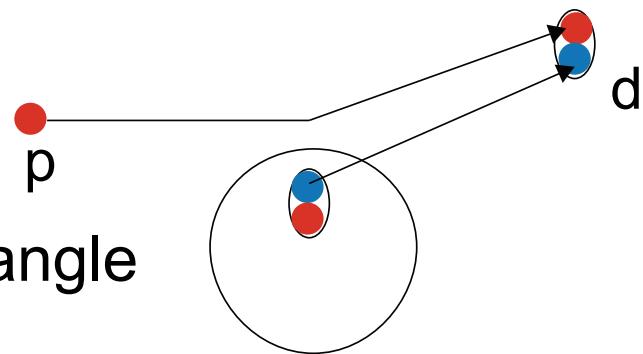


reaction mechanism effect  
at finite angle

ambiguity of contributions  
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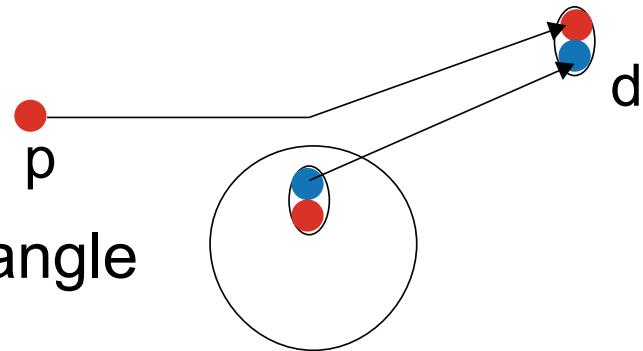
ambiguity of contributions  
from p-n and/or n-n pairs

$\Rightarrow$  0 degree measurement

- (p,d) at 0 deg with 400-MeV proton  
-> RCNP-E396 (Nov. 2013)
- (p,d) at 0 deg with 400~1200-MeV proton to cover  $2 \text{ fm}^{-1}$   
-> **GSI-S436/S437** (July, 2014)

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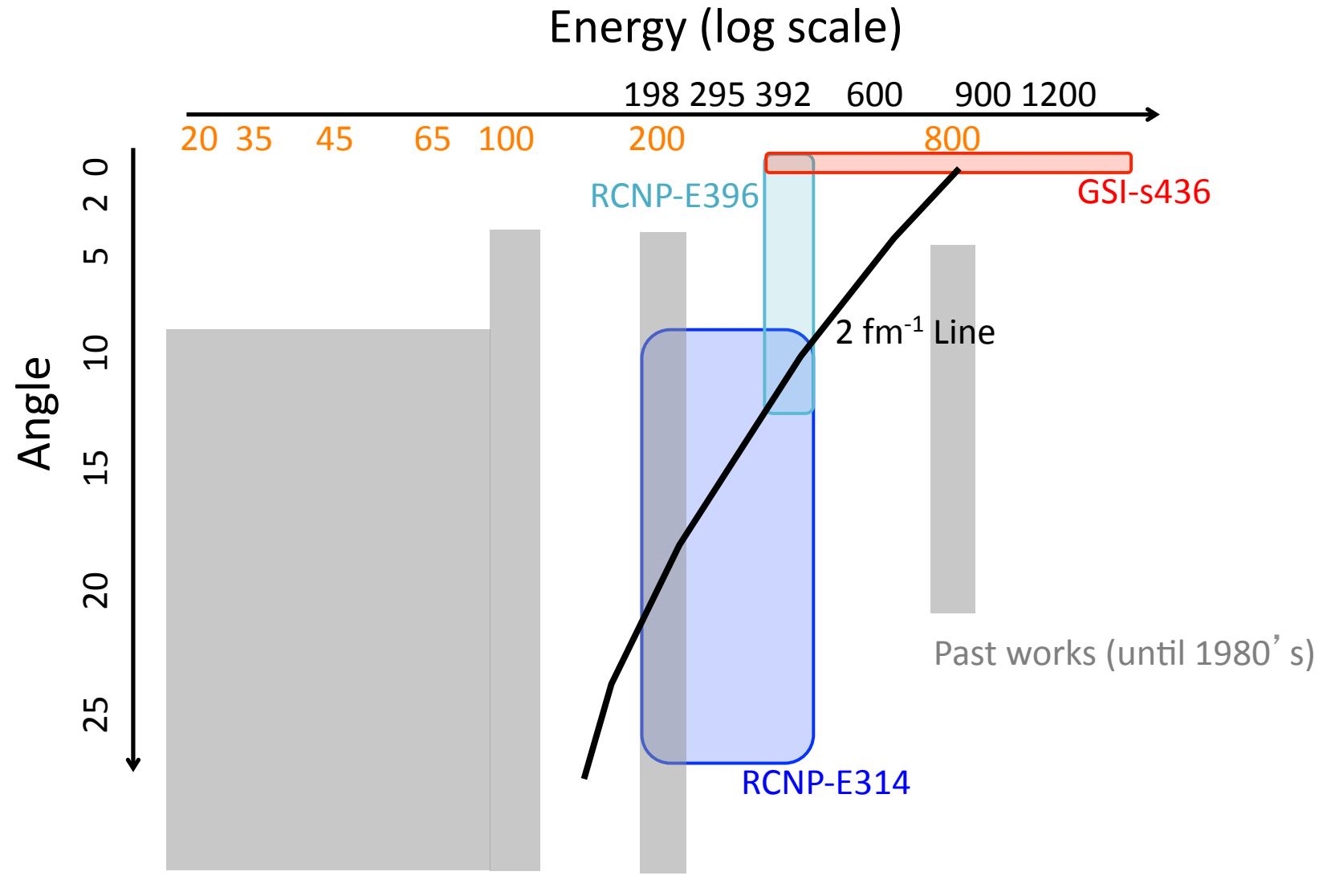
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ambiguity of contributions  
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$\Rightarrow$  (p,dp) and (p,dn) measurements

- (p,dp), (p,dn) at finite angles with 400-MeV proton to study p-n and n-n correlations  
-> RCNP-E443 (Autumn 2015)
- (p,dp), (p,dn) at higher energy to cover  $2 \text{ fm}^{-1}$  is being planned at the future SuperFRS at FAIR/GSI, Germany.

# Tensor-effect studies via (p,d) reactions: Past works and our strategy



We also probe mass( $^{16}\text{O}$ ,  $^{12}\text{C}$ ) and  $J^\pi$  dependence

# RCNP-E396 Collaboration

RCNP

H. J. Ong, I. Tanihata, N. Aoi, Y. Ayyad,  
T. Hashimoto, A. Inoue, T. Ito, C. Iwamoto, K. Miki,  
M. Miura, K. Ogata, Y. Ogawa, A. Tamii, D.T. Tran,  
H. Toki, T. Yamamoto

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S. Terashima, C.L. Guo\*, X.Y. Le, W.W. Qu,  
B.H. Sun, T.F. Wang, L. Yu, G.L. Zhang

Osaka Inst. of Tech. T. Myo

Dep. of Phys.,

Osaka Univ. M. Fukuda, K. Matsuta, M. Mihara

Tsukuba Univ. A. Ozawa

RIKEN

Nishina Center J. Zenihiro

Kyoto Univ. T. Kawabata, Y. Matsuda

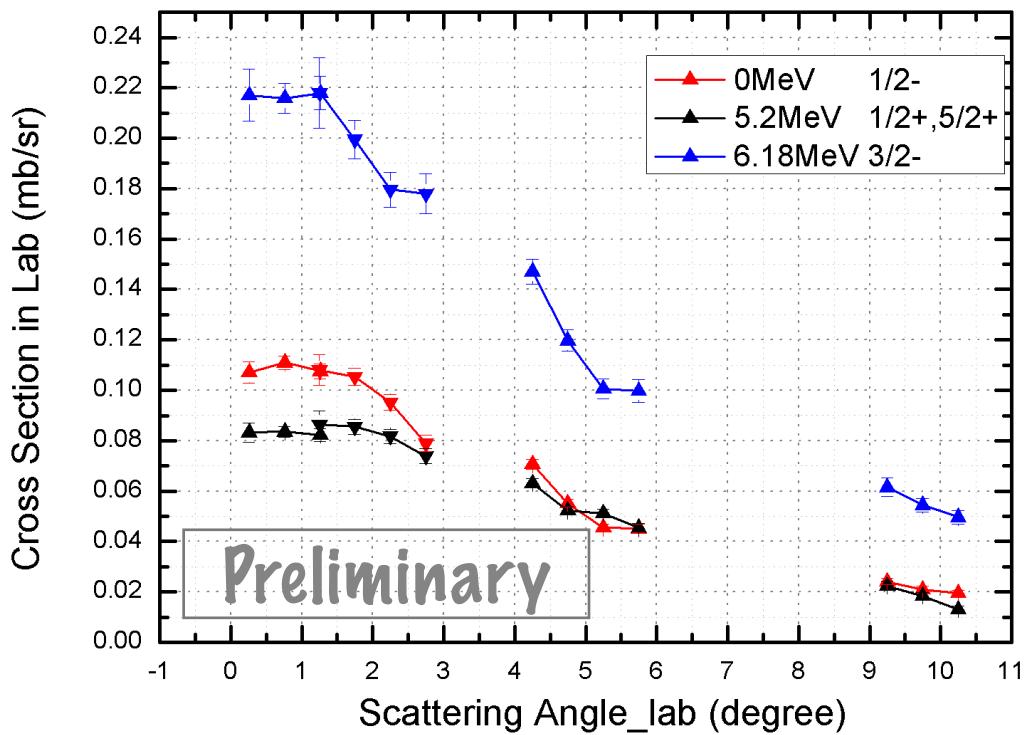
38

18

[RCNP-E396]

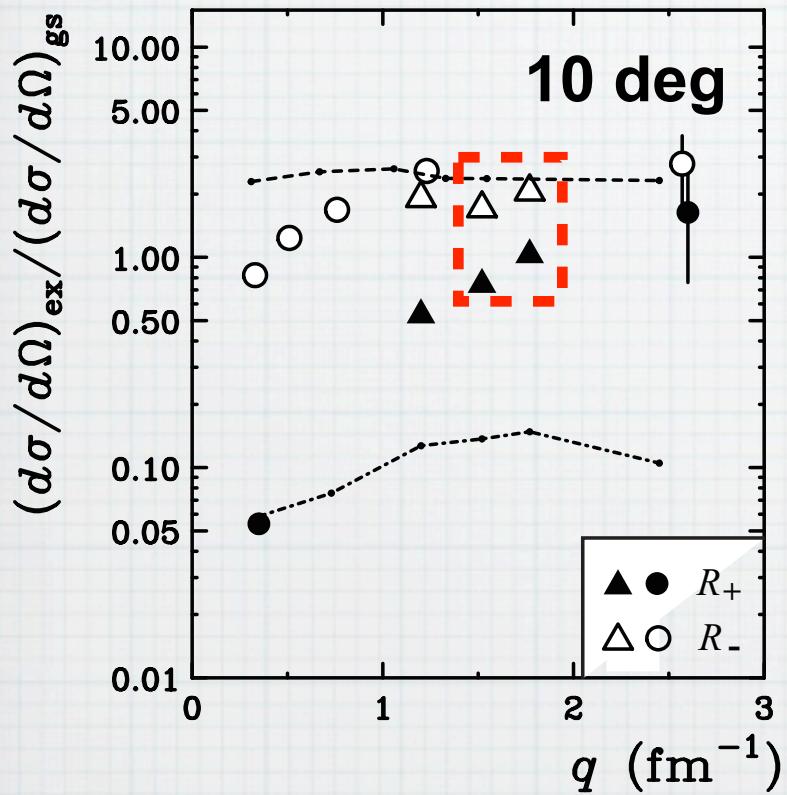
# $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\text{d}), ^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\text{d})$ reactions at forward angles with 392 MeV proton beam

Angular distribution in Lab



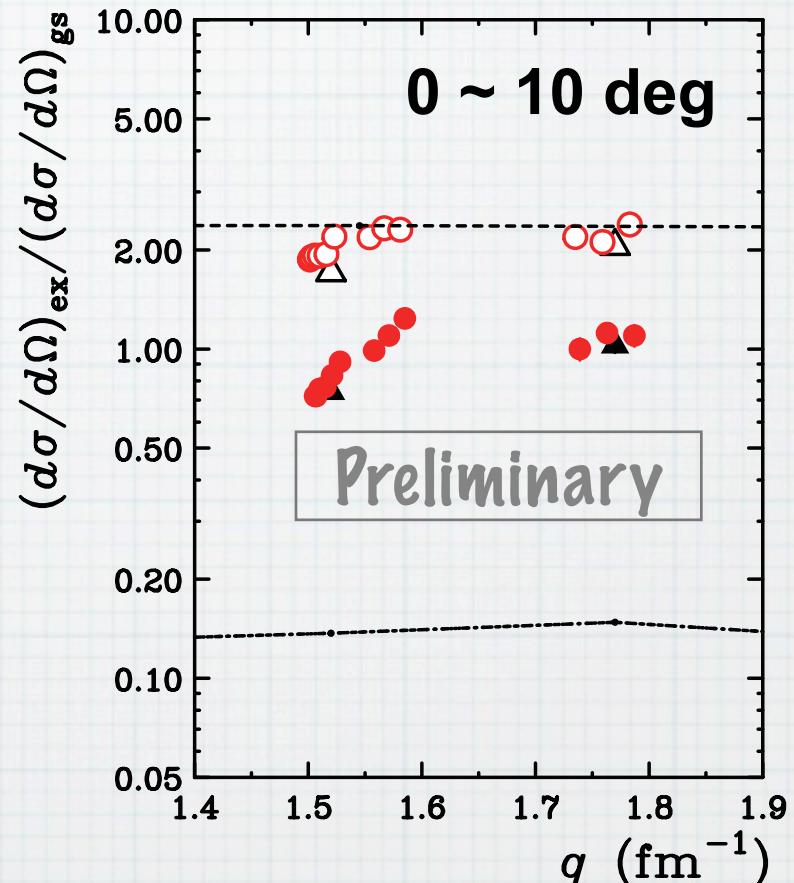
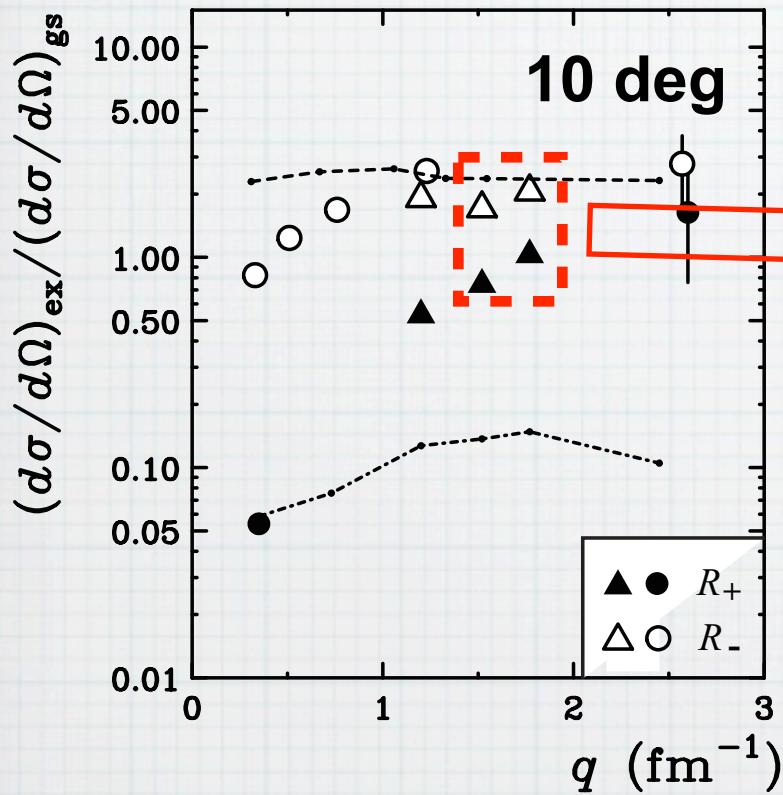
[RCNP-E396]

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[RCNP-E396]

# $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\text{d}), ^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\text{d})$ reactions at forward angles with 392 MeV proton beam



See Chenlei Guo's Talk

**Effect of reaction mechanism is negligible**

# GSI-S436/S437 collaboration

Y. Ayyad, J. Benlliure, K.-T. Brinkmann, S. Friedrich, H. Fujioka,  
H. Geissel, J. Gellanki, C.L. Guo, E. Haettner, R. S. Hayano,  
Y. Higashi, S. Hirenzaki, Y. Igarashi, N. Ikeno, K. Itahashi, M. Iwasaki,  
D. Jido, N. Kalantar, R. Knoebel, N. Kurz, V. Metag, K. Miki, I. Mukha,  
M. Harakeh, T. Myo, T. Nagae, H. Nagahiro, M. Nanova, C. Nociforo,  
T. Nishi, H.J. Ong, S. Pietri, A. Prochazka, S. Purushothaman,  
C. Rappold, M.P. Reiter, K. Rituparna, J.L.R. Sanchez,  
C. Scheidenberger, H. Simon, B.H. Sun, K. Suzuki, M. Takechi,  
Y.K. Tanaka, I. Tanihata, S. Terashima, H. Toki, Y.N. Watanabe,  
H. Weick, E. Widmann, J. Winfield, X. Xu, H. Yamakami, J.W. Zhao

Osaka University, Universidade de Santiago de Compostela,  
Universitaet Giessen, Kyoto University, GSI, University of Groningen,  
Beihang University, The University of Tokyo, Nara Women's University, KEK,  
RIKEN, Tokyo Metropolitan University, Technische Universitaet Darmstadt,  
TRIUMF and Saint Mary's University, Stefan Meyer Institut, Niigata University

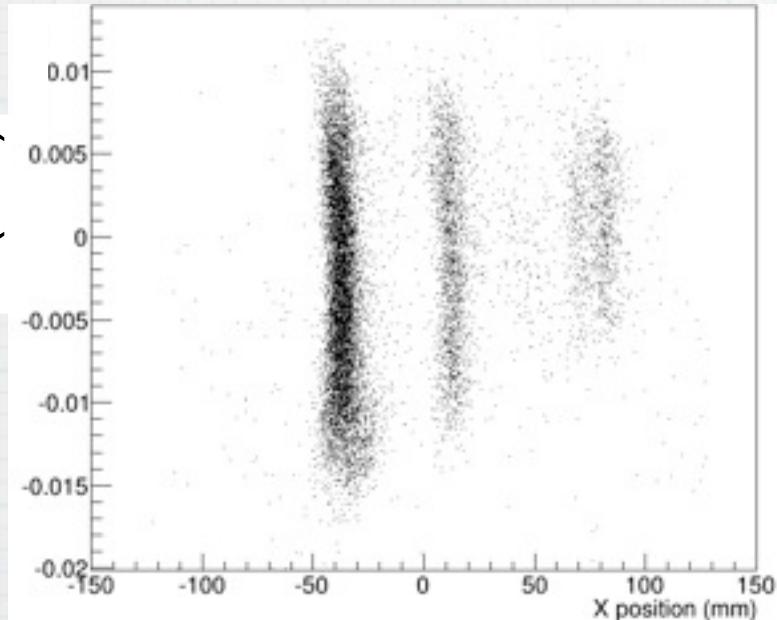
# [GSI-S436]

## $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\text{d})$ , $^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\text{d})$ reactions at forward angles with 400 - 1200 MeV/u proton beams

Proton beam @400 MeV/u, with 107 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>  $^{nat}\text{C}$  target

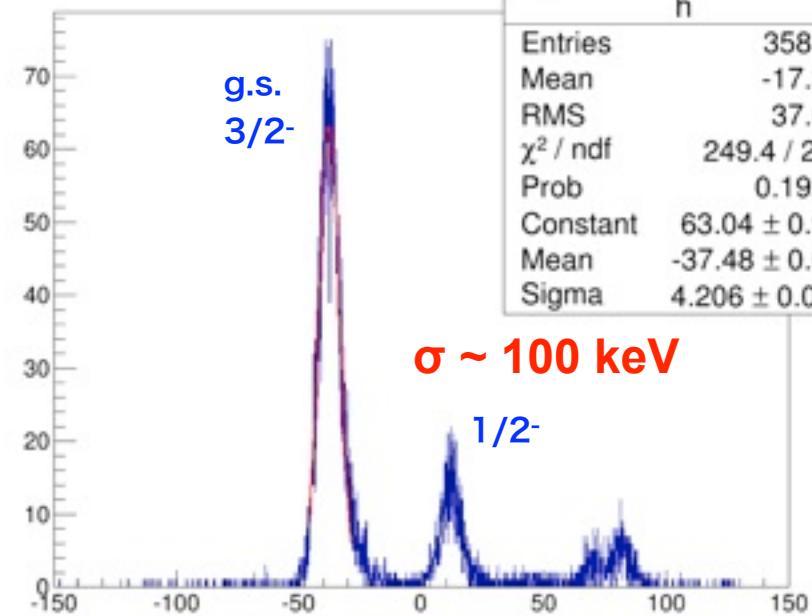
$^{12}\text{C}(\text{p},\text{d})$

$\chi'$  (rad)



FRSCalibrEvent.focal\_plane

h	
Entries	35872
Mean	-17.38
RMS	37.06
$\chi^2 / \text{ndf}$	249.4 / 231
Prob	0.1929
Constant	$63.04 \pm 0.92$
Mean	$-37.48 \pm 0.05$
Sigma	$4.206 \pm 0.051$

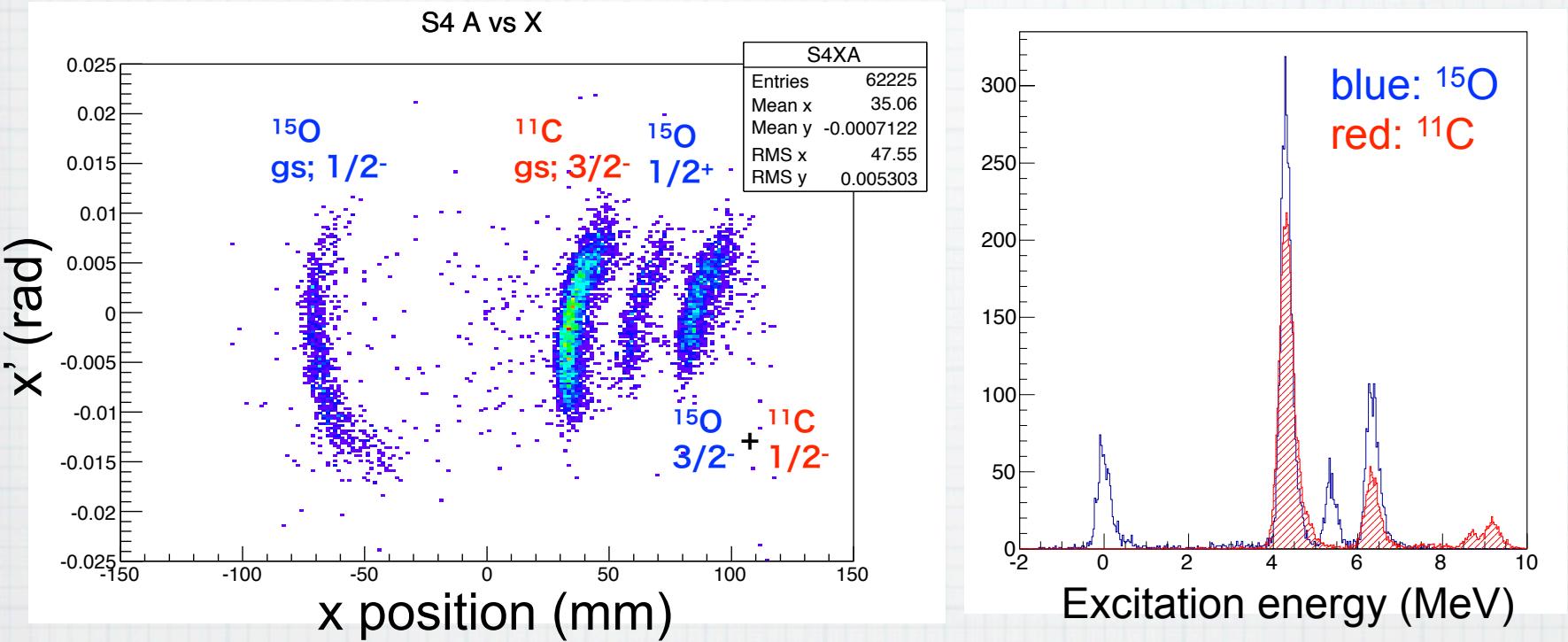


Horizontal position @ focal plane [mm]

**Sufficient resolution achieved**

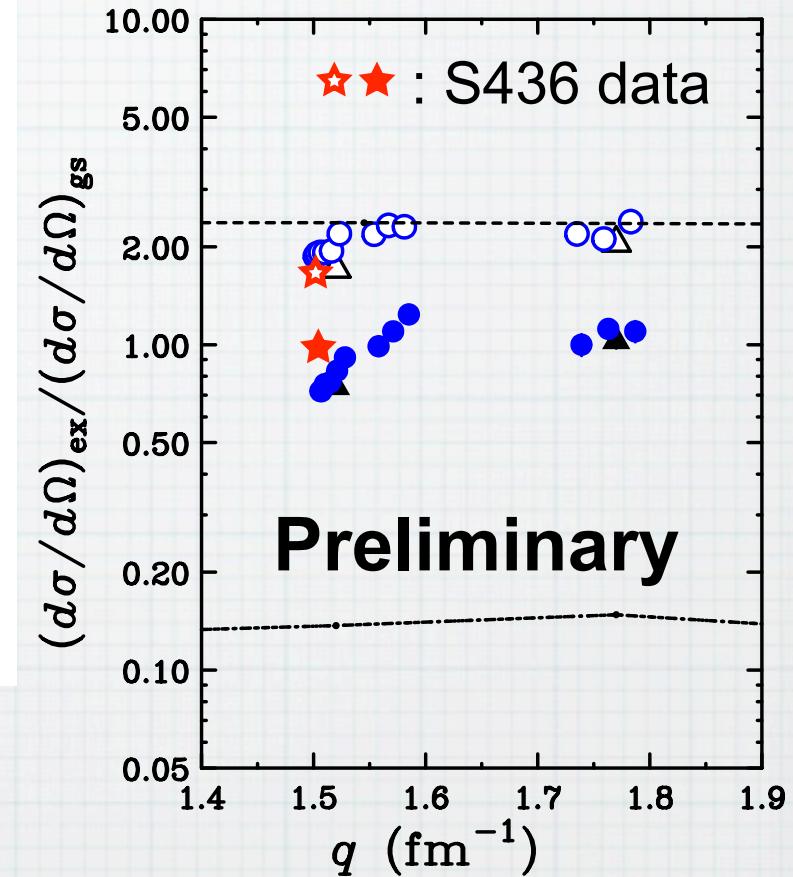
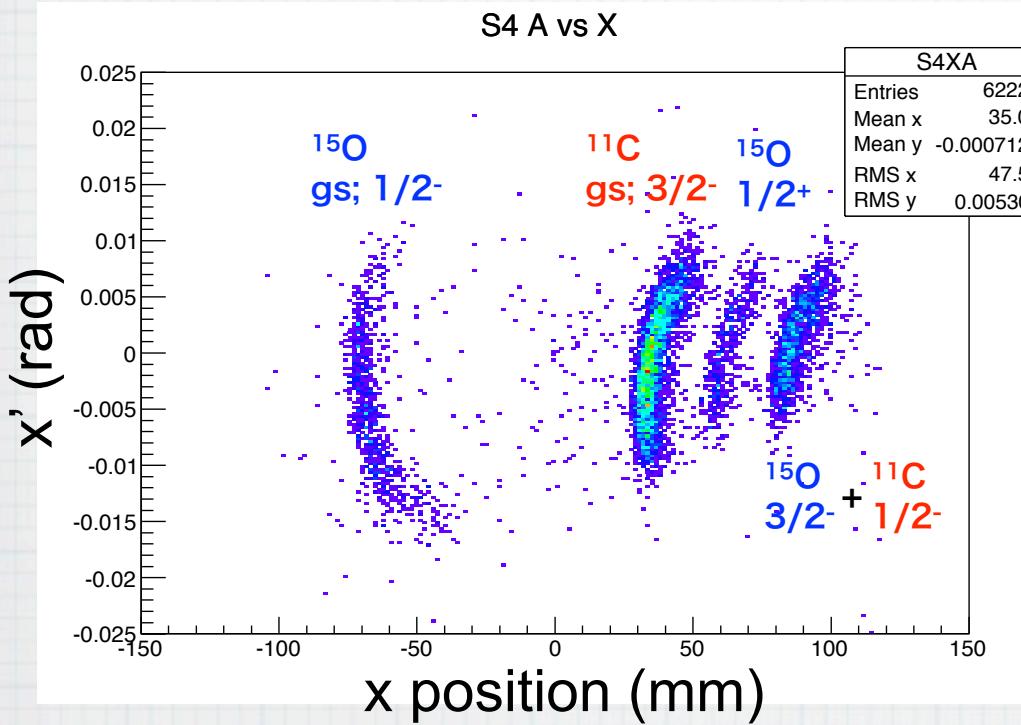
[GSI-S436]

# Preliminary Results for $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\text{d})$ @ 400 MeV/u



[GSI-S436]

# Preliminary Results for $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\text{d})$ @ 400 MeV/u



Ratios consistent with RCNP data



# Hot News!

# [RCNP-E443]

## Understanding the effect of tensor interactions in light nuclei

### - Studies of proton-neutron and neutron-neutron correlations -

TERASHIMA Satoru (Beihang University)

ONG Hooi Jin (RCNP, Osaka University)

--Collaborators--

**Lei Yu, P.Y. Chan**, X.Y. Le, L.H. Zhu, G.L. Zhang, B.H. Sun, T.F. Wang, I. Tanihata,  
N. Aoi, A. Tamii, Y. Ayyad, J. Tanaka, D.T. Tran, H. Sakaguchi, M. Fukuda, K. Matsuta,  
M. Mihara, T. Kawabata, Y. Matsuda, J. Zenihiro, K. Miki, C. Schiedenberger, H. Geissel,  
H. Weick, E. Haettner

--Theoretical support--

H. Toki, K. Ogata, T. Myo, Y. Ogawa, D.Y. Pang

**Performed!**  
**Oct.31-Nov.4, 2015**

[RCNP-E443]

# Understanding the effect of tensor interactions in light nuclei - Studies of proton-neutron and neutron-neutron correlations -

TERASHIMA Satoru (Beihang University)

ONG Hooi Jin (RCNP, Osaka University)

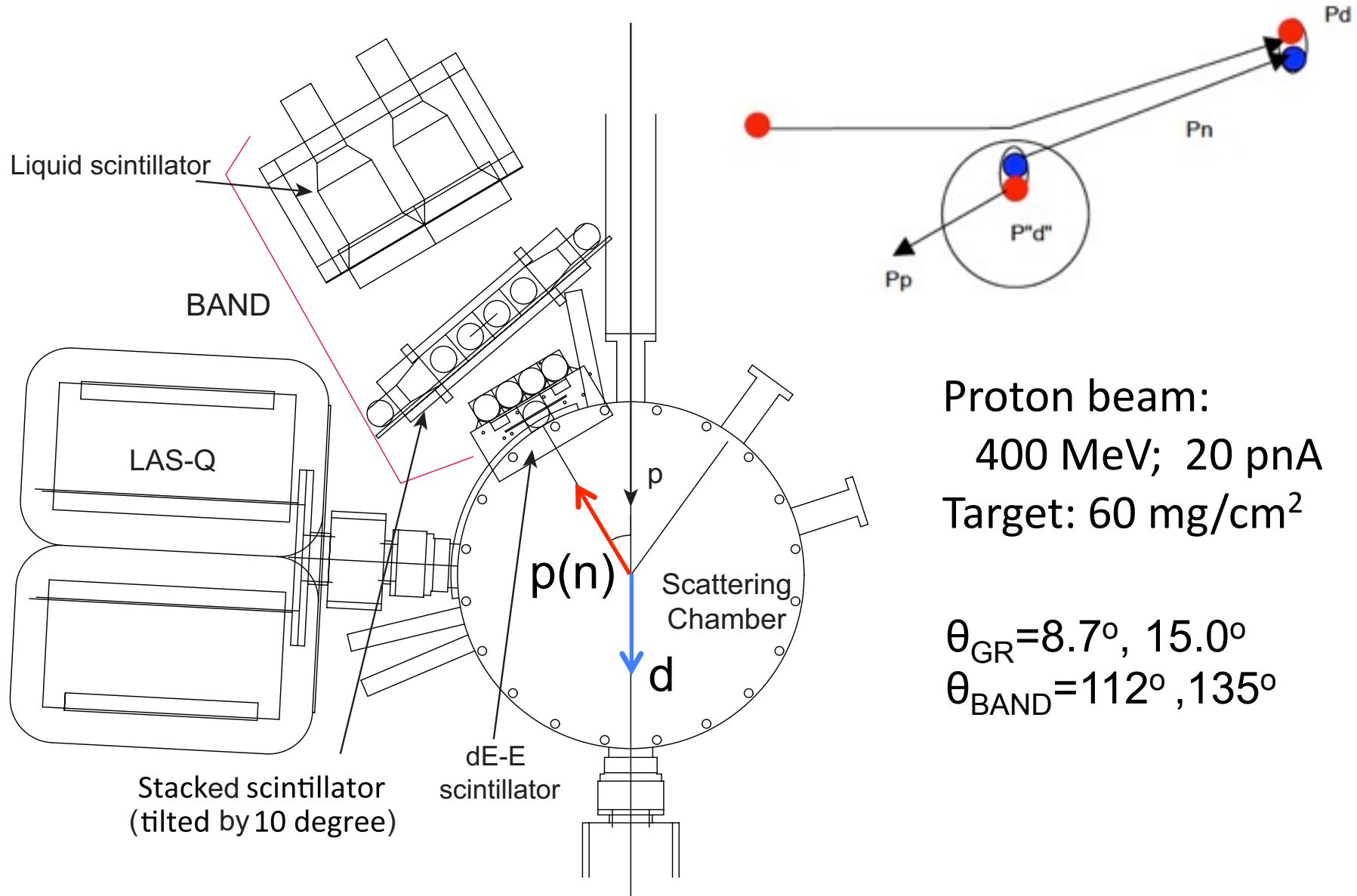
--Collaborators--

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# [RCNP-E443] ( $p, dp$ ), ( $p, dn$ ) measurements



# Past experiments with triple coincidence

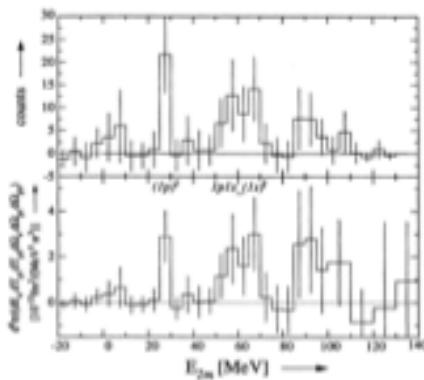


FIG. 1. In the upper panel the total number of triple coincidences, measured for  $\theta_{p_1} = 53^\circ$  ( $\gamma_{12}^{(0)} = 35^\circ$ ) and  $\theta_{p_2} = -90^\circ$ ,  $-104^\circ$ , and  $-118^\circ$ , is displayed as a function of the double missing energy  $E_{\text{exc}}$ . The data have been corrected for inefficiencies and accidental coincidences. In the lower panel the cross sections obtained from these data are presented. They are corrected for radiative effects.

$^{12}\text{C}, ^{16}\text{O}(e,e'pp)$  at NIKEFF PRL74(95), 1712, PRL81(98), 2213

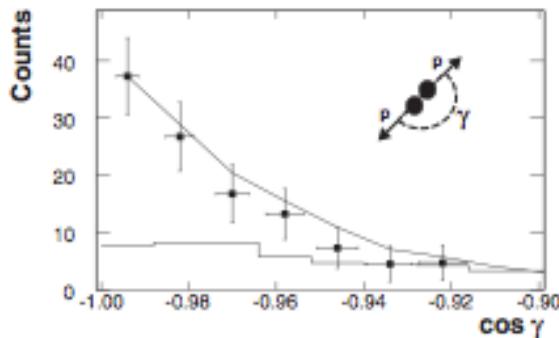


FIG. 3. The distribution of the cosine of the opening angle between the  $\vec{p}_{\text{min}}$  and  $\vec{p}_{\text{rec}}$  for the  $p_{\text{min}} = 0.55 \text{ GeV}/c$  kinematics. The histogram shows the distribution of random events. The curve is a simulation of the scattering off a moving pair with a width of  $0.136 \text{ GeV}/c$  for the pair c.m. momentum.

$^{12}\text{C}(p,ppn)$  at BNL  
PRL90(03), 042301

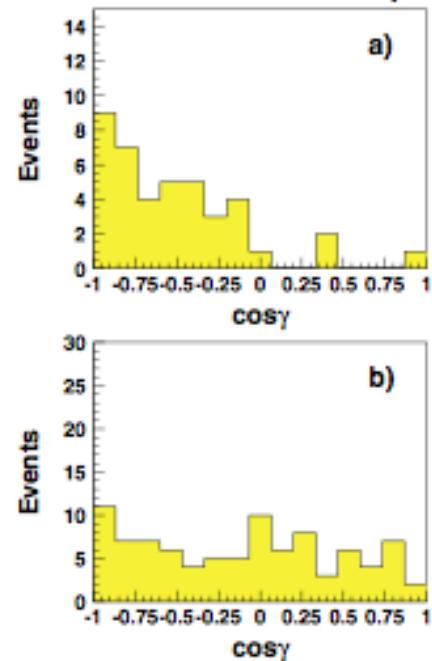


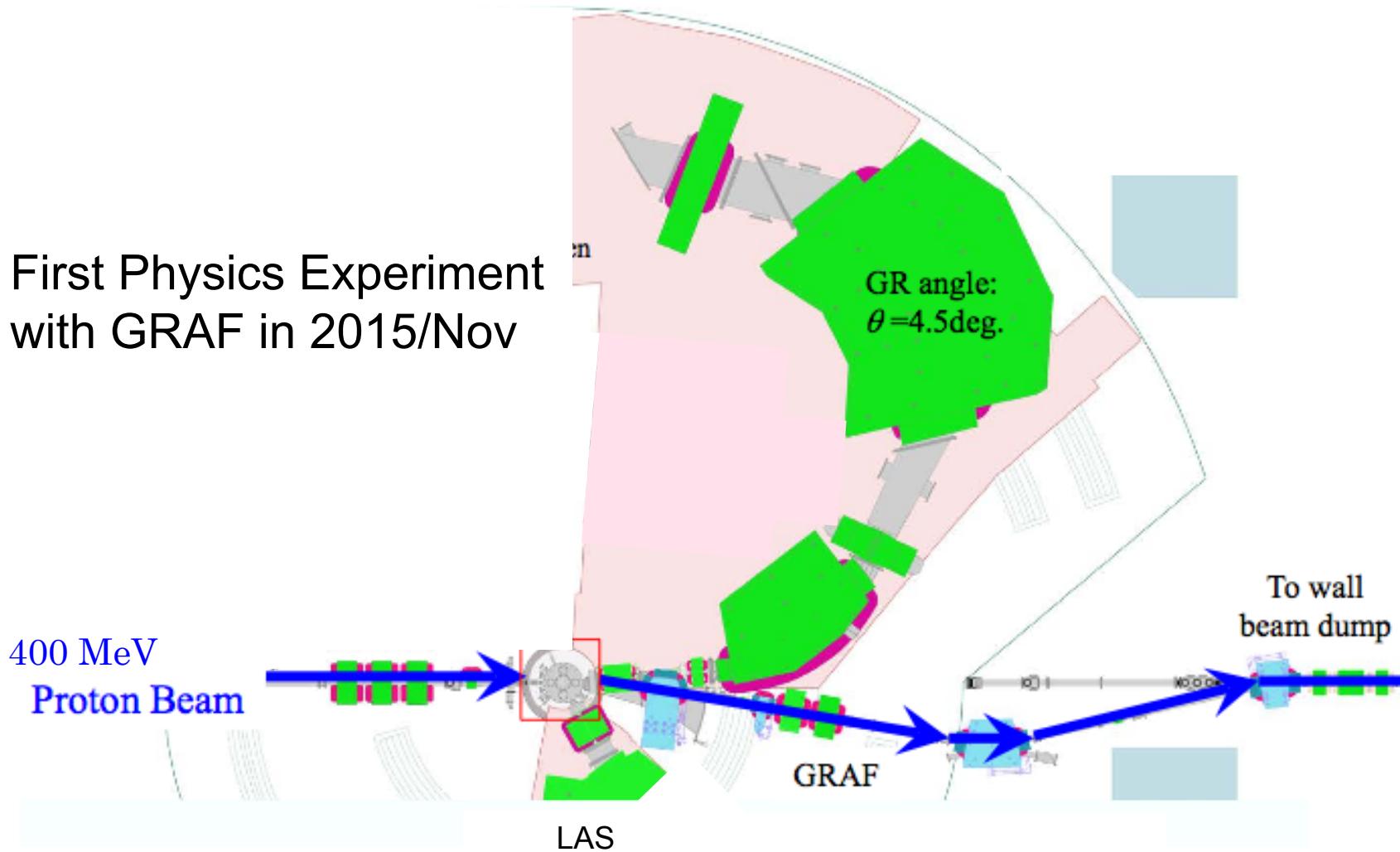
FIG. 2 (color online). Plots of  $\cos \gamma$ , where  $\gamma$  is the angle between  $\vec{p}_n$  and  $\vec{p}_f$ , for  $^{12}\text{C}(p, 2p + n)$  events. Panel (a) is for events with  $p_n > 0.22 \text{ GeV}/c$ , and panel (b) is for events with  $p_n < 0.22 \text{ GeV}/c$ ;  $0.22 \text{ GeV}/c = k_F$ , the Fermi momentum for  $^{12}\text{C}$ .

**High statistics measurement is needed  
=> (p,dN) reaction**

# WSF/GRAF(WS/Grand-RAiden Forward mode)

- New beam line for low-background coincidence measurement

First Physics Experiment  
with GRAF in 2015/Nov



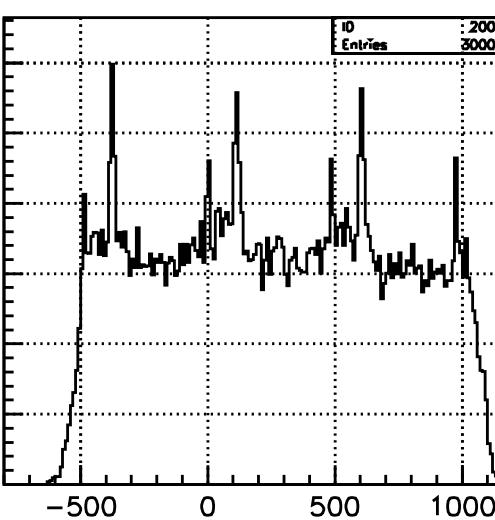
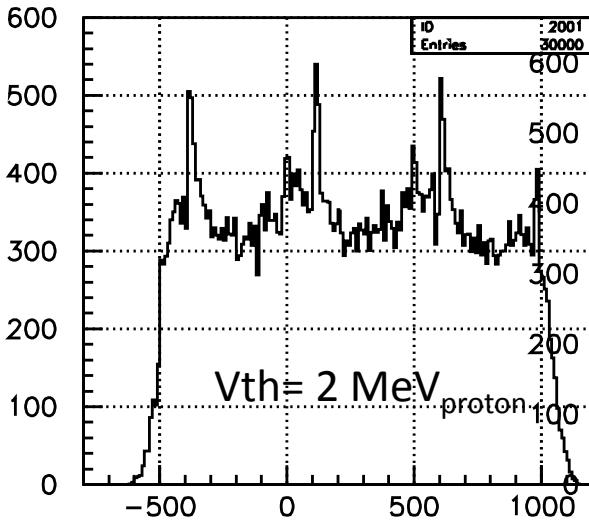
# WSF/GRAF(WS/Grand-RAiden Forward mode)

- New beam line for low-background coincidence measurement



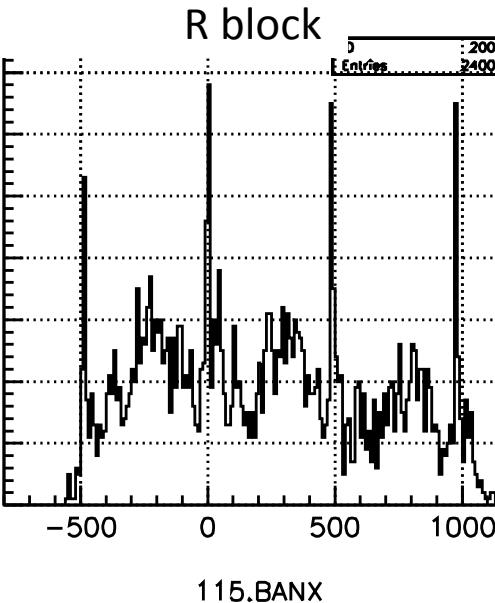
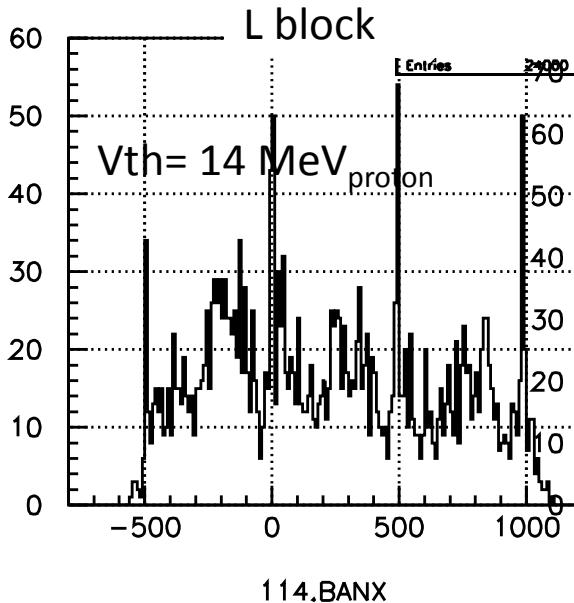
# Before GRAF

==TOF without dE==



[RCNP-E396:2013/Nov]

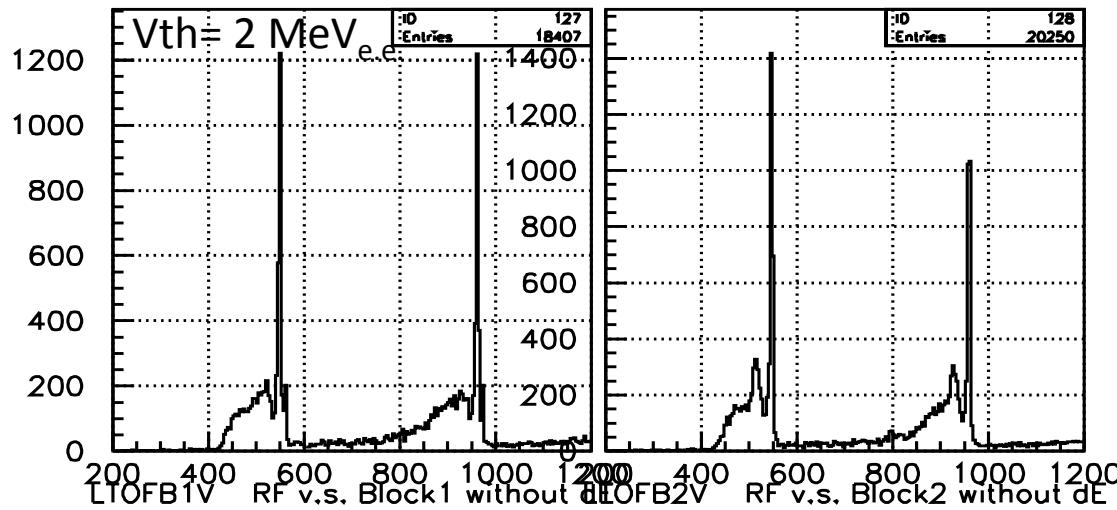
$\theta_{GR}=5.0^\circ$ , Q1FC, 8 nA



Continuum background  
from beam stopper[FC]

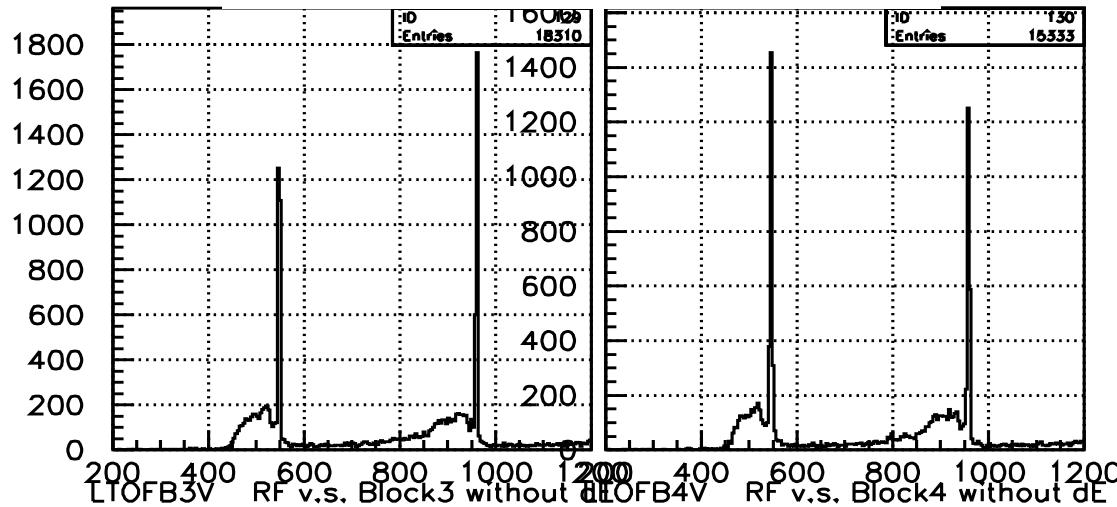
# With GRAF

==TOF without dE==



block 1(LL)

block 2(L)



block 3(R)

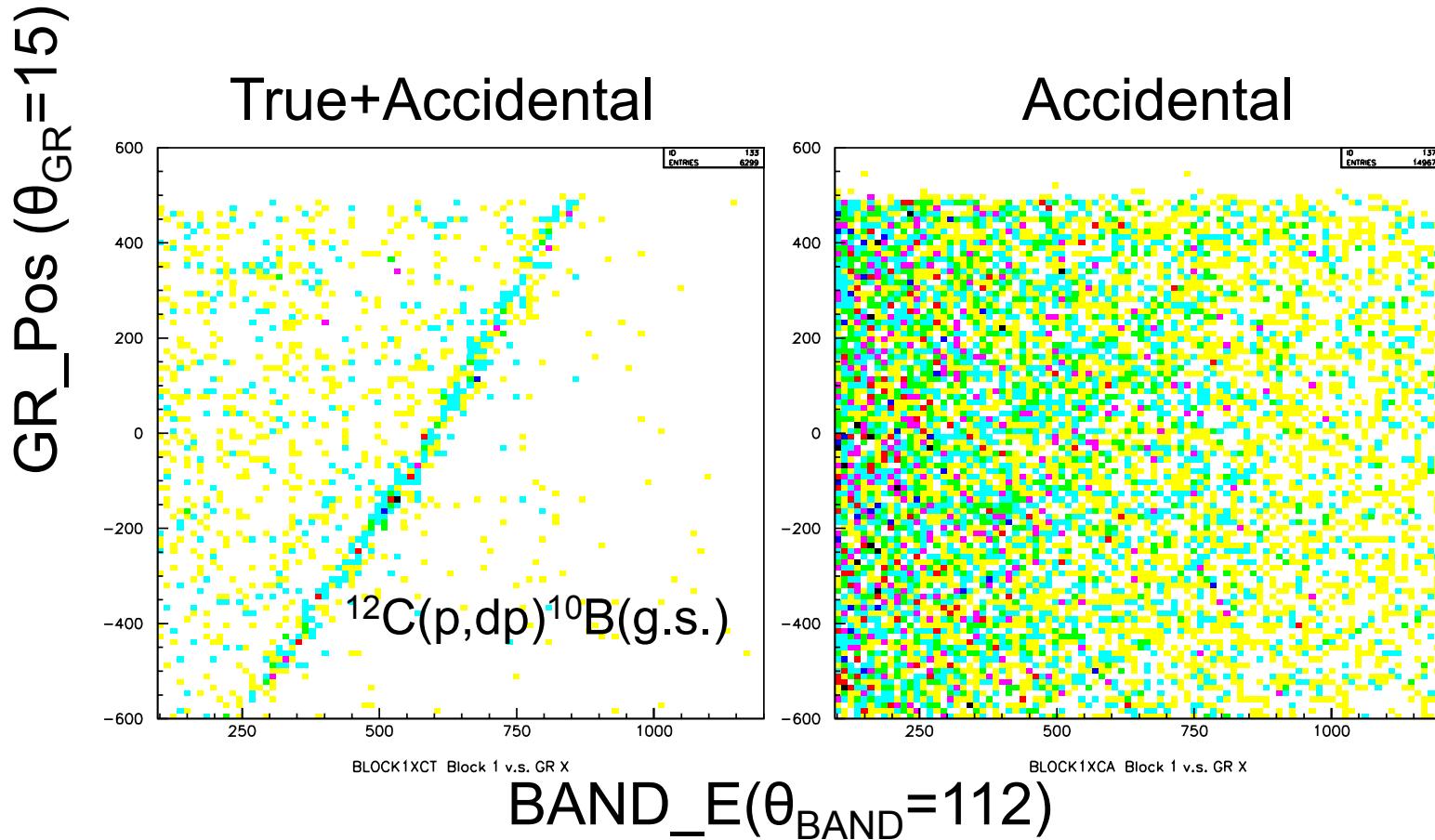
block 4(RR)

[RCNP-E443:2015/Nov]

$\theta_{GR} = 8.7^\circ$ , WallFC, 20 nA

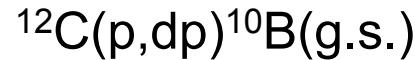
Now ready for neutron  
coincidence measurement  
at finite angle

# [RCNP-E443] Snapshots of online data

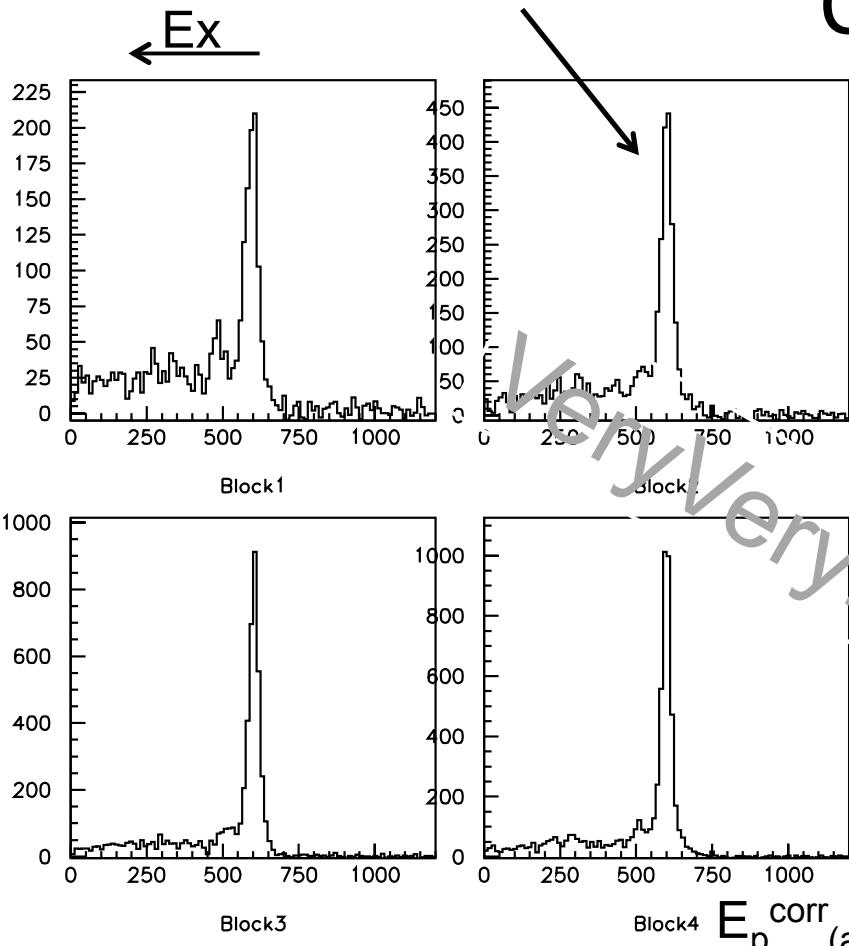


3% in  $\sigma$  for Pla-QDC  
150 psec in  $\sigma$  for RF-Pla-TDC

1-2% of total data set



Cont.

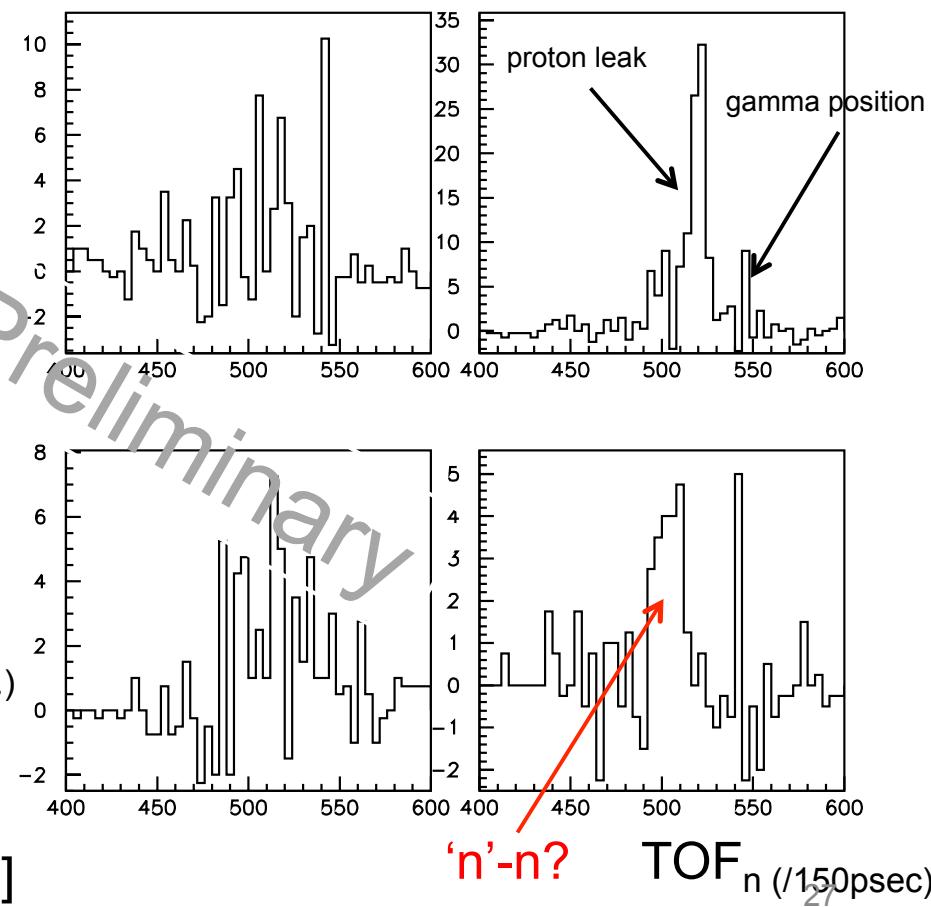


$\text{nat C}(\text{p},\text{dp})$  in 30 min

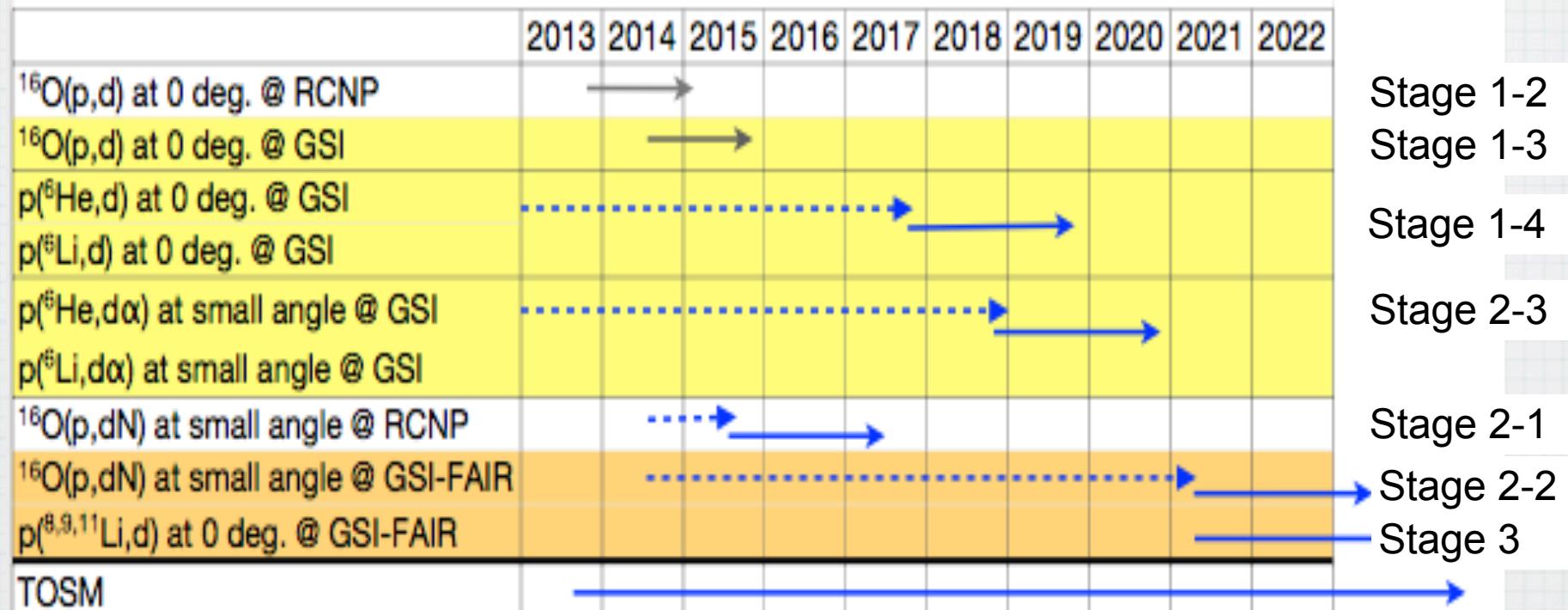
Estimated resolution  $\sim 2 \text{ MeV}[\sigma]$

$\text{nat C}(\text{p},\text{dn})$  in 30 min

Estimated resolution  $\sim 4 \text{ MeV}[\sigma]$



# Roadmap of Experiments at RCNP & GSI-FAIR, ...



# Stage 1-4: p( ${}^6\text{He}$ / ${}^6\text{Li}$ ,d) experiment @ FRS

Exp. Requirements:

High energy HI acceleration  
→ high momentum transfer

Fragment Separator

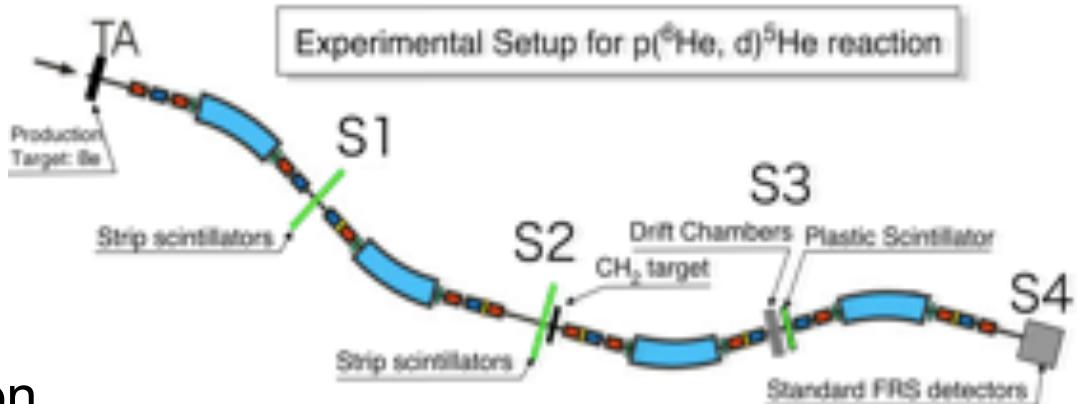
→ unstable  ${}^6\text{He}$  beam

Moderate Resolution Spectrometer (~ a few 1000) at 0 degree

→ to separate excited states of  ${}^5\text{He}$ ,  ${}^5\text{Li}$

High rate tracker [or good quality RI beam at the high energy]

→ scintillation fiber array + multi-hit TDC



# Stage 1-4: p( $^6\text{He}/^6\text{Li}$ ,d) experiment @ FRS

Exp. Requirements:

High energy HI acceleration

→ high momentum transfer

Fragment Separator

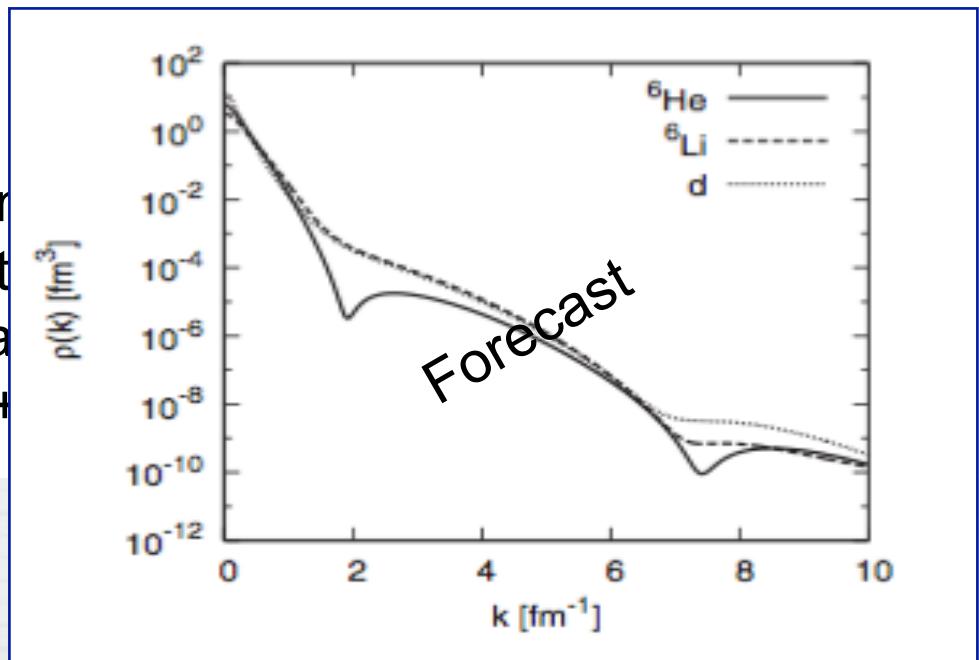
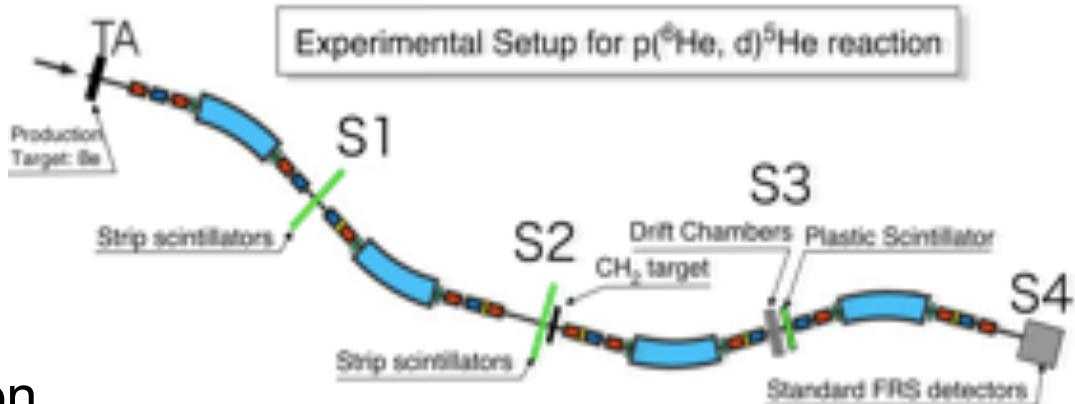
→ unstable  $^6\text{He}$  beam

Moderate Resolution Spectrometer

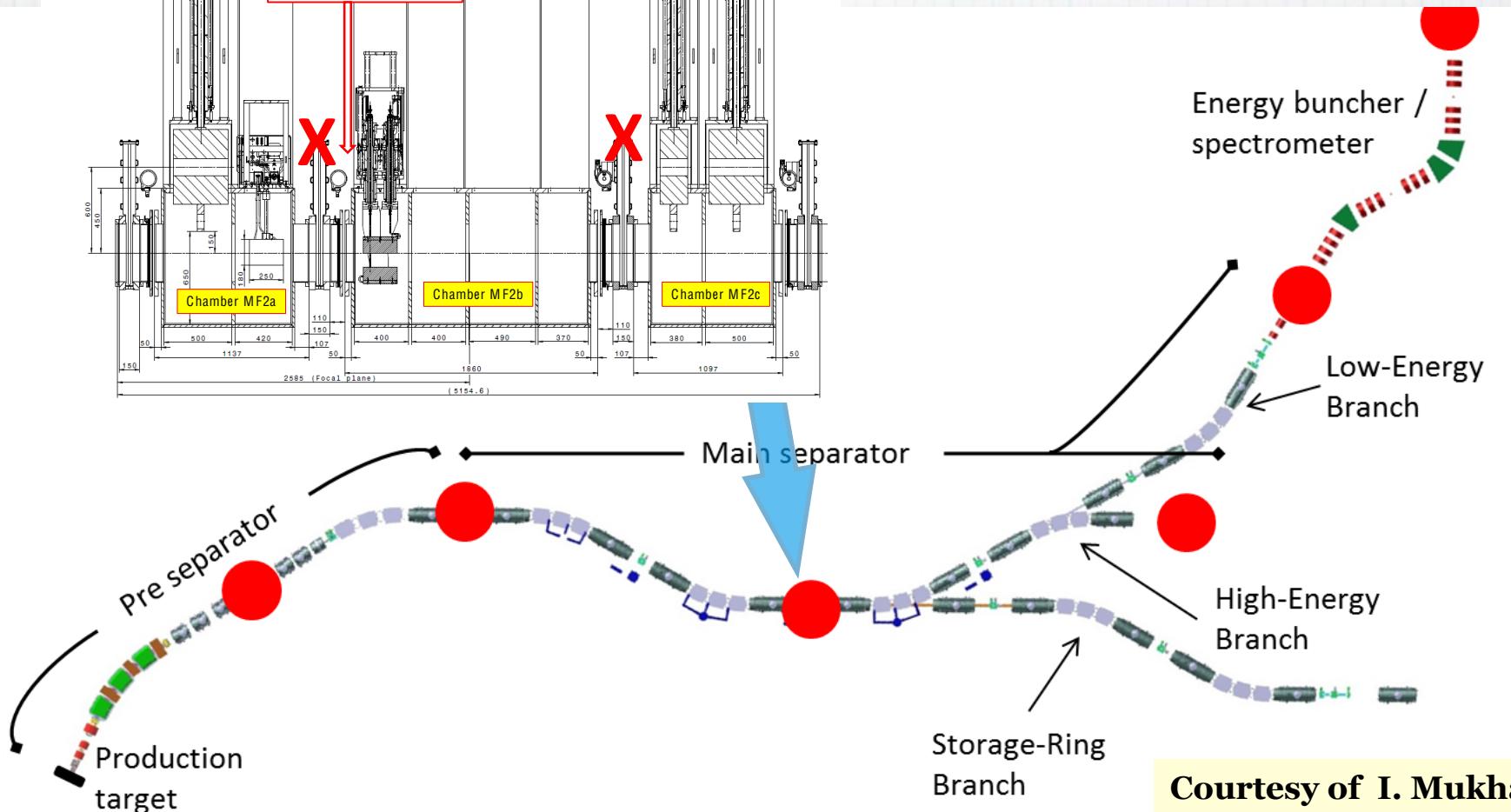
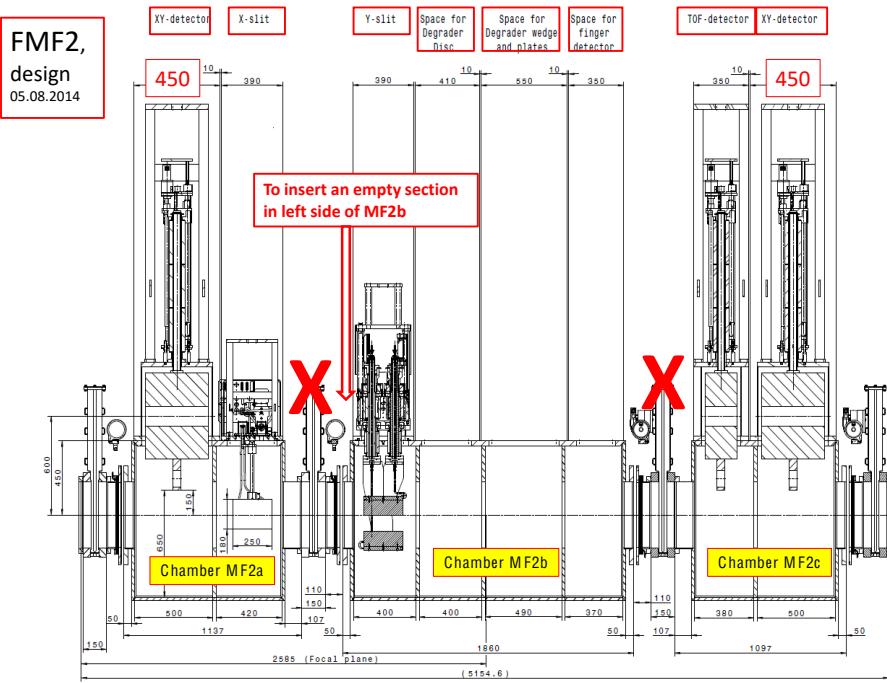
→ to separate excited states

High rate tracker [or good quality]

→ scintillation fiber array +



# Stage 2-2: (p,dN) experiment @ Super-FRS



# Summary

- We have observed large components of high-momentum neutrons in the  $^{16}\text{O}$  ground state via (p,d) reaction.
- The results indicate possible evidence on the effect of tensor interactions in  $^{16}\text{O}$ .
- Further  $^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\text{d})$  experiments at RCNP, GSI-(FAIR) using proton beams at 400-1200 MeV were performed to confirm the results, and to provide more experimental information.
- $^{12}\text{C}/^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\text{dN})$  experiment was (successfully) performed at RCNP using newly constructed WSF (GRAF).
- Further experiments to study the effect of tensor interactions in  $^6\text{He}/^6\text{Li}$ , and  $^{12}\text{C}/^{16}\text{O}(\text{p},\text{dN})$  at GSI-FAIR are planned/proposed.

**Thank you very much for your attention!**