

High Resolution Spectroscopy in Nuclear Astrophysics

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University of Notre Dame & JINA



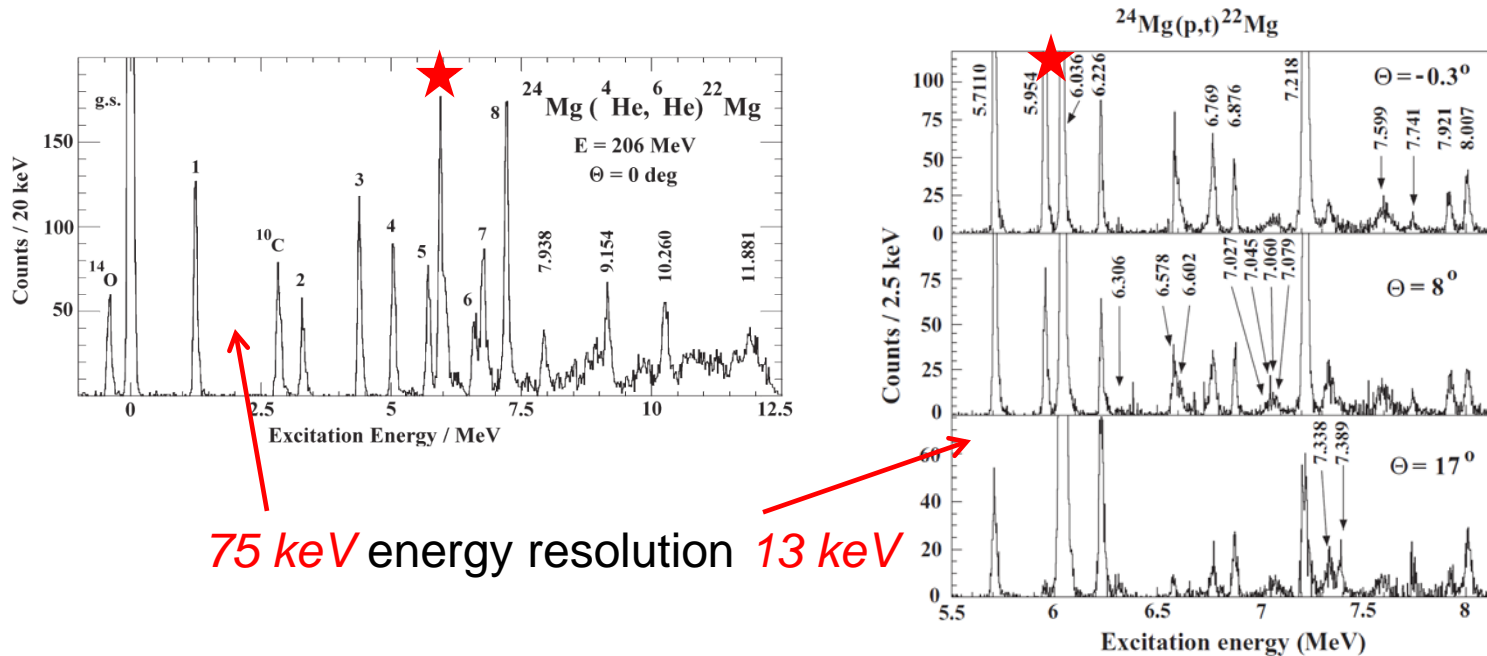
Nuclear Astrophysics Studies at RCNP

Osaka – Notre Dame – Groningen

Started in 2002 (Georg @ RCNP) with a series of (p,t) reactions

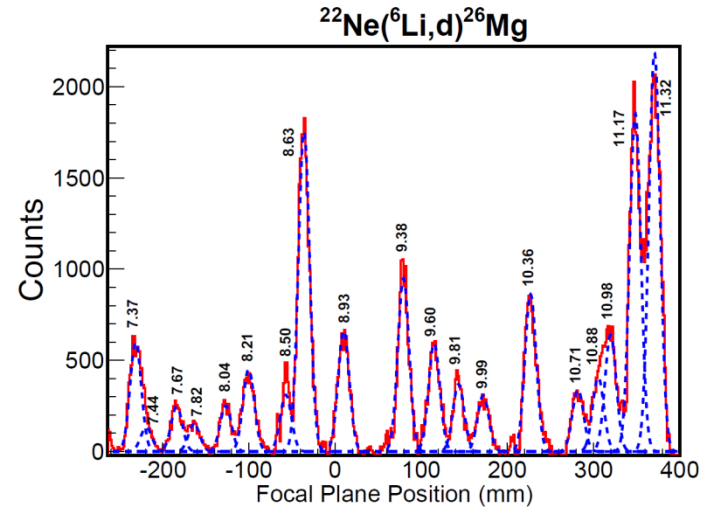
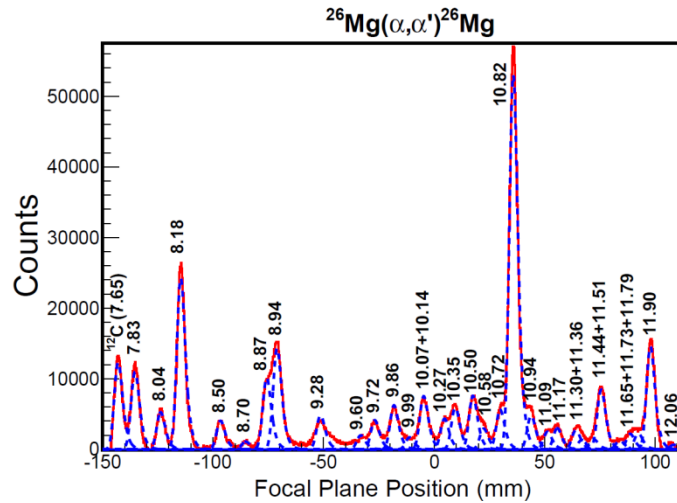
explosive H burning in X-ray bursts in the α p-process

indirect study of (α ,p) reactions on the “waiting points” ^{18}Ne , ^{22}Mg , and ^{26}Si



Since 2009:

focus on the ^{22}Ne neutron source for the s-process
indirect study of $^{22}\text{Ne}(\alpha, n)$ (s-process): (α, α') , $(^6\text{Li}, d)$ and $^{25}\text{Mg}(d, p)$



Program very successful

2 Master Theses (RCNP)
so far 3 PhD Theses!
2 more coming up

Collaborators

Osaka	H. Fujita	Groningen
Y. Fujita	T. Adachi	A. Matic
K. Hatanaka	Y. Shimbara	A. van der Berg
A. Tamii	K. Miki	M.N. Harakeh

A. Matic (IBA Particle Therapy) S. O'Brien (US Federal Gov.) R. Talwi (ANL)

Neutron sources for ~~the~~ s-process

Main Component $A > 100$

low mass AGB stars

$T = 0.1$ GK

$N_n \sim 10^7 / \text{cm}^{-3}$

s-process at $kT = 8$ keV

Time scale:

a few 10,000 years

$^{13}\text{C}(\alpha, n)$ & $^{22}\text{Ne}(\alpha, n)$

Weak Component $A < 100$

core He burning in massive stars

$T = 0.3$ GK

$N_n \sim 10^6 / \text{cm}^{-3}$

s-process at $kT = 25$ KeV

Time scale:

Last few 10,000 years

$^{22}\text{Ne}(\alpha, n)$

Shell C burning in massive stars

$T = 1$ GK

$N_n \sim$ up to $10^{12} / \text{cm}^{-3}$

s-process at $kT = 90$ KeV

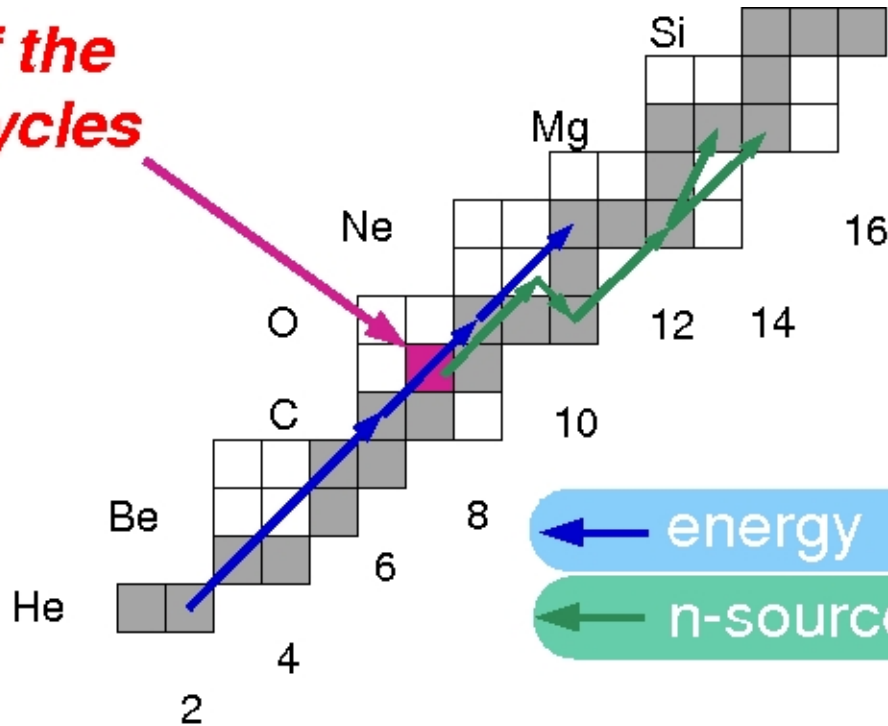
Time scale: 1 year

(*not the "typical" s-process*)

$^{22}\text{Ne}(\alpha, n)$

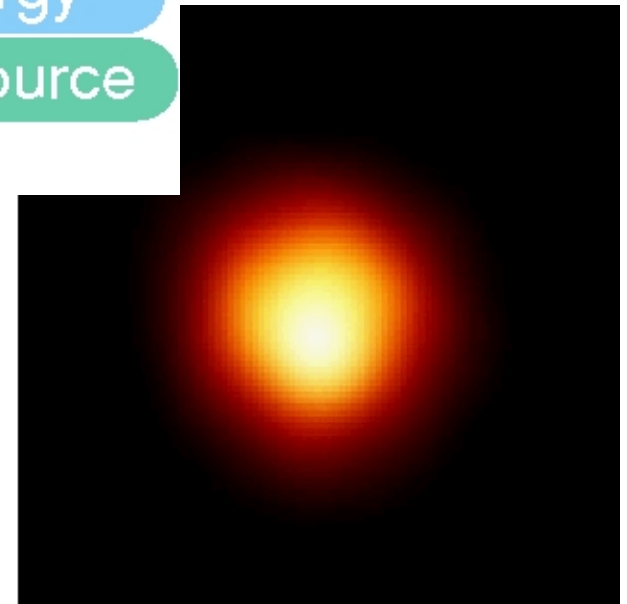
Core Helium Burning

Ash of the CNO-cycles

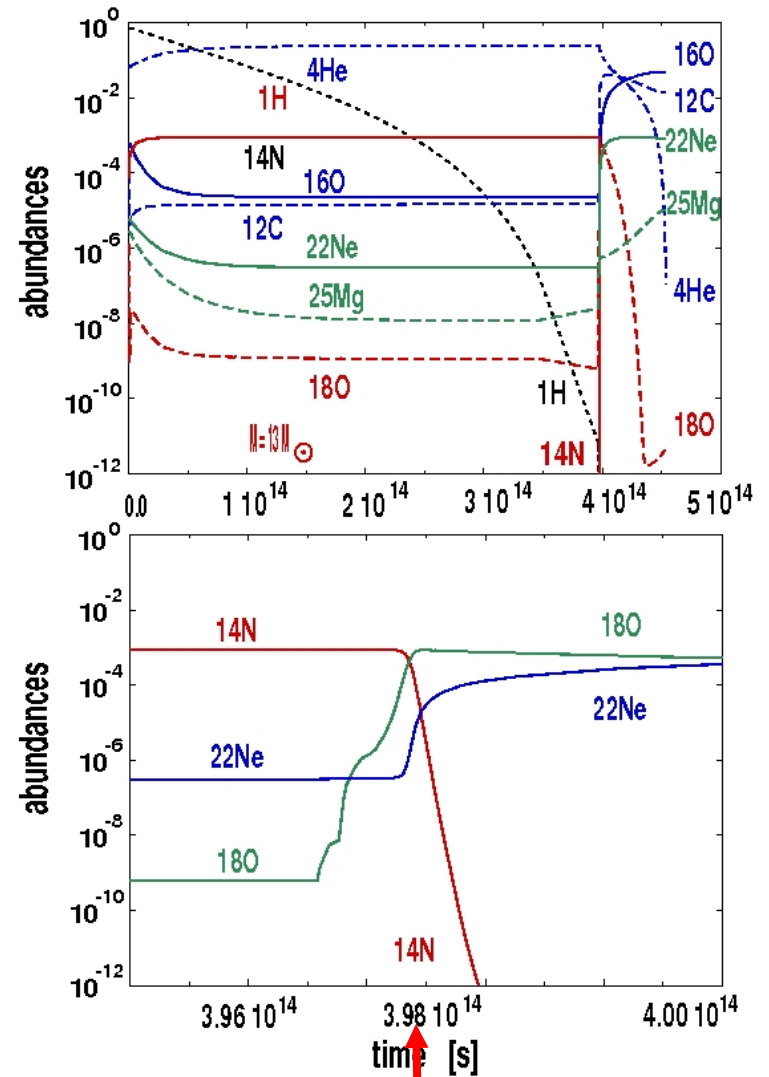
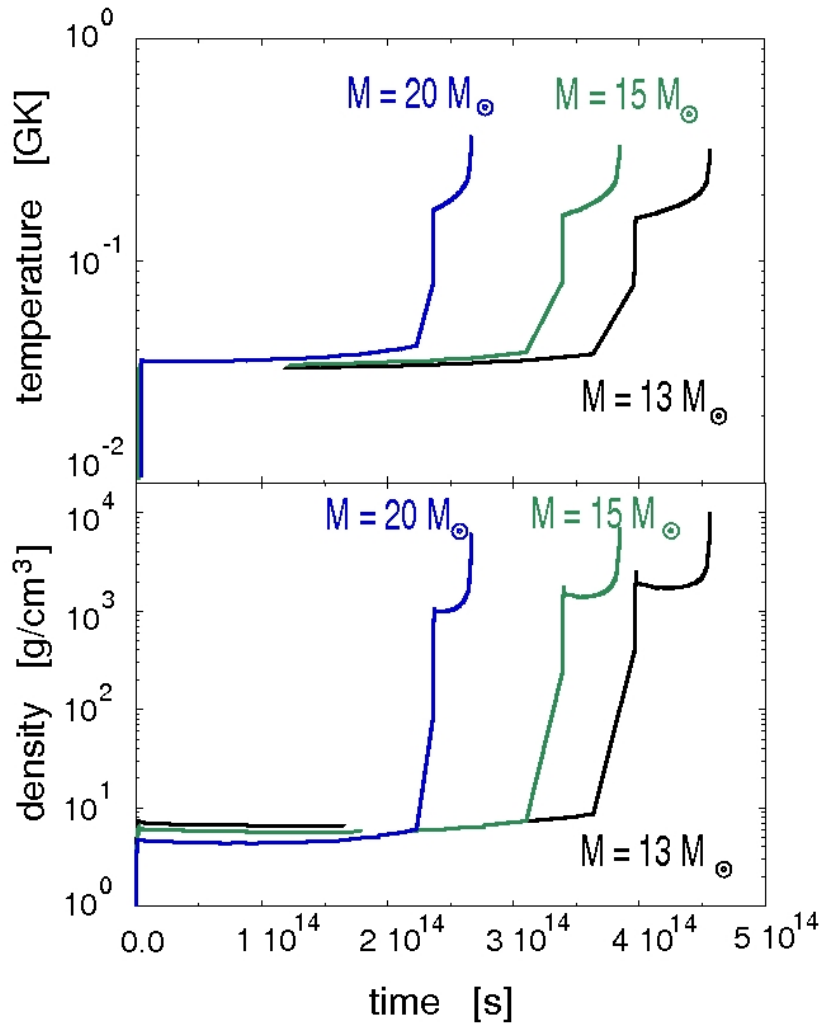


weak component
of s-Process
 $A < 100$

Hubble Space Telescope
Betelgeuse



Simple “1-Zone” Model



Courtesy Alessandro Chieffi

12.6 million years

Shell Carbon Burning

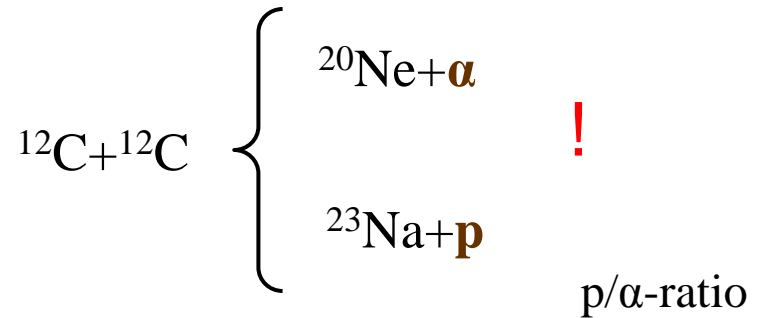
burns on the ashes of He-Burning
 ^{12}C , ^{16}O , $^{20,22}\text{Ne}$ and $^{25,26}\text{Mg}$

main energy source: $^{12}\text{C}+^{12}\text{C}$

main neutron source: $^{22}\text{Ne}(\alpha,n)$

possible neutron source at end
of burning: $^{25,26}\text{Mg}(\alpha,n)$

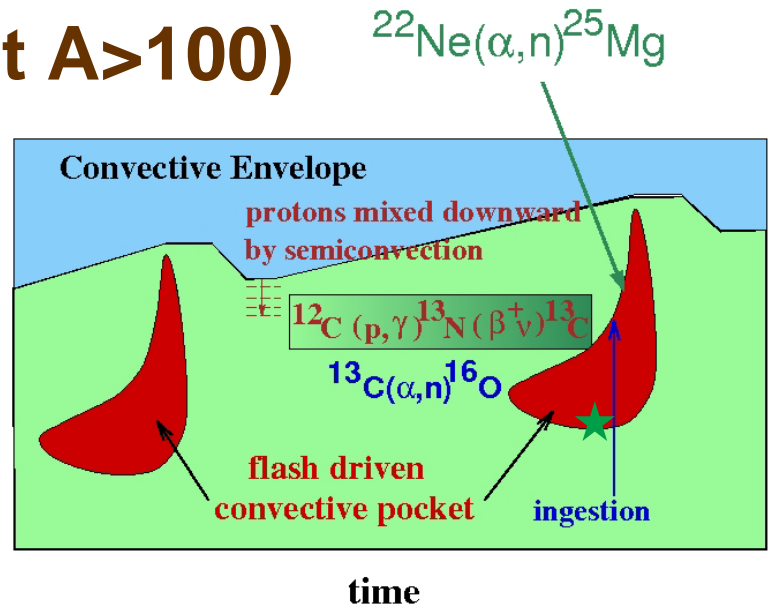
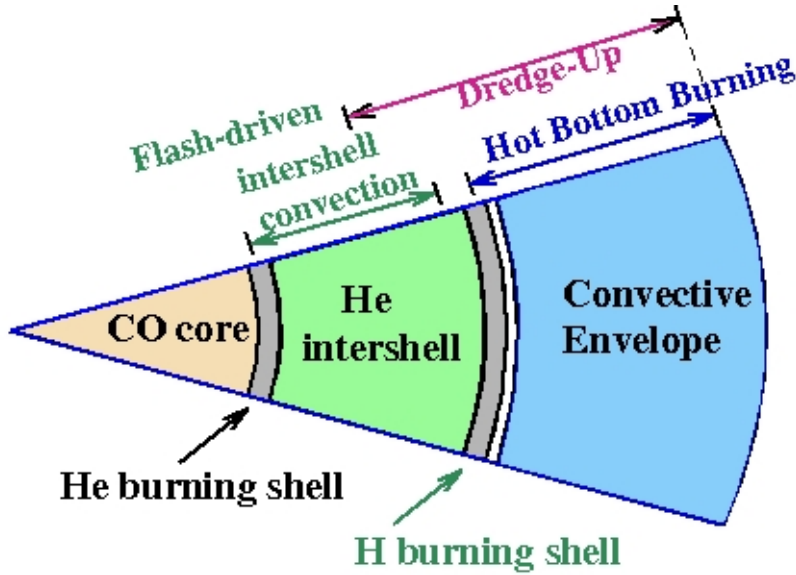
Most abundant isotopes at end of burning:
 ^{16}O , ^{20}Ne , ^{23}Na and ^{24}Mg



well known at 1GK
residual from He burning
→how much is left at end of He burning?
Small production branch:
 $^{20}\text{Ne}(\text{p},\gamma)^{21}\text{Na}(\beta^+)^{21}\text{Ne}(\text{p},\gamma)^{22}\text{Na}(\beta^+)$
 ^{22}Ne poison: $^{22}\text{Ne}(\text{p},\gamma)$

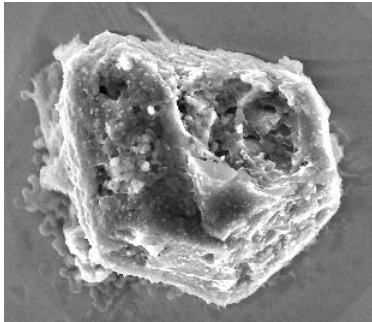
s-Process (Main Component A>100)

TP-AGB Stars

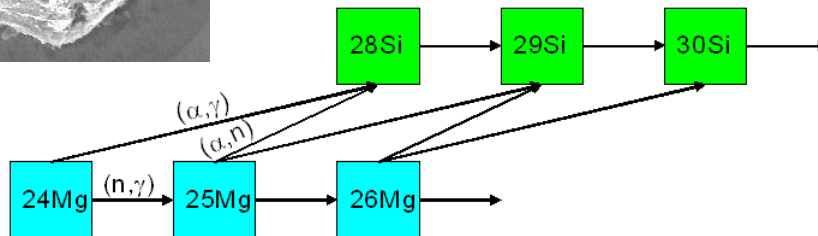


Large Mass Loss \rightarrow Chemical Evolution

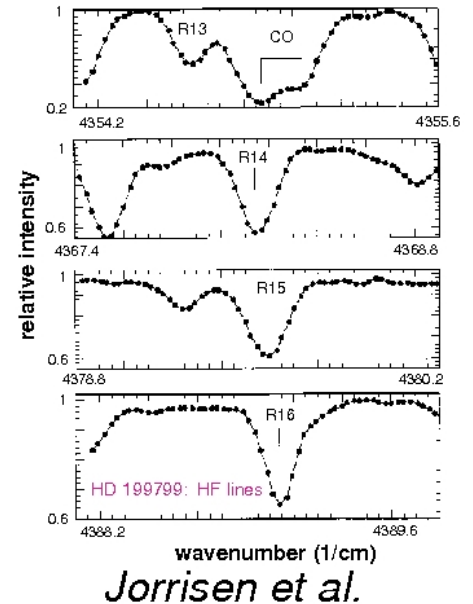
meteorite inclusions



$^{29,30}\text{Si}$ isotope ratios



Fluorine Lines Observed On Surface of AGB Star



Reaction Rates

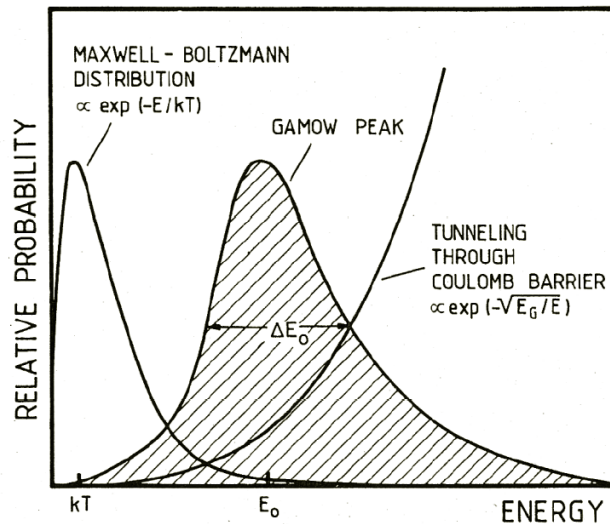
$$\langle \sigma v \rangle = \left(\frac{8}{\pi \mu} \right)^{1/2} \frac{1}{(kT)^{3/2}} \int_0^\infty S(E) \exp \left[-\frac{E}{kT} - \frac{b}{E^{1/2}} \right] dE$$

non-resonant reaction

$$S(E) \approx \text{constant}$$

resonant reaction

$$S(E) \approx \text{Breit-Wigner}$$



Gamow Peak

Resonance Strength:

$$\omega\gamma = \omega \frac{\Gamma_a \Gamma_b}{\Gamma}$$

$$\langle \sigma v \rangle = \left(\frac{2\pi}{\mu kT} \right)^{3/2} \hbar^2 (\omega\gamma)_R \exp \left(-\frac{E_R}{kT} \right)$$

$$\Gamma_p(E \ll E_C) \sim \exp(-k \cdot E_R^{-1/2}) \quad !$$

Indirect approach

$$\omega\gamma = \omega \frac{\Gamma_\alpha \cdot \Gamma_n}{\Gamma_\alpha + \Gamma_\gamma + \Gamma_n} \approx \omega \Gamma_\alpha = \omega S_\alpha \Gamma_\alpha^{\text{sp}}$$

assuming $\Gamma_\alpha, \Gamma_{\gamma/n} \ll \Gamma_{n/\gamma}$

need to know:

Spin and parity (natural J^π ? ω)

excitation energy (see above)

Γ_α or S_α from transfer reaction

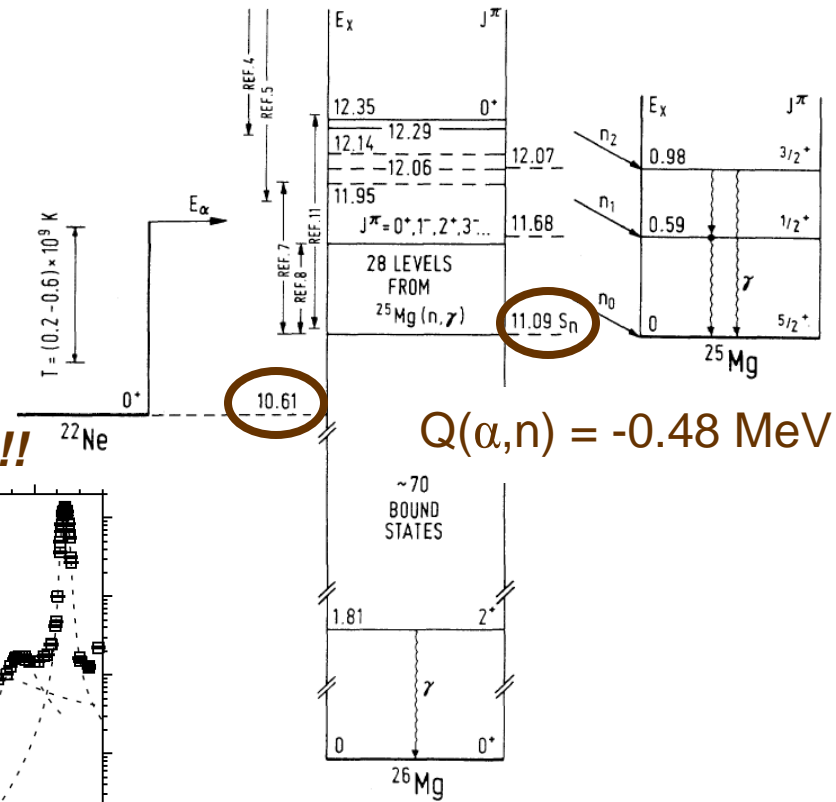
Γ_n/Γ_γ if both channels are open

S_α and $\Gamma_\alpha^{\text{sp}}$ are model dependent

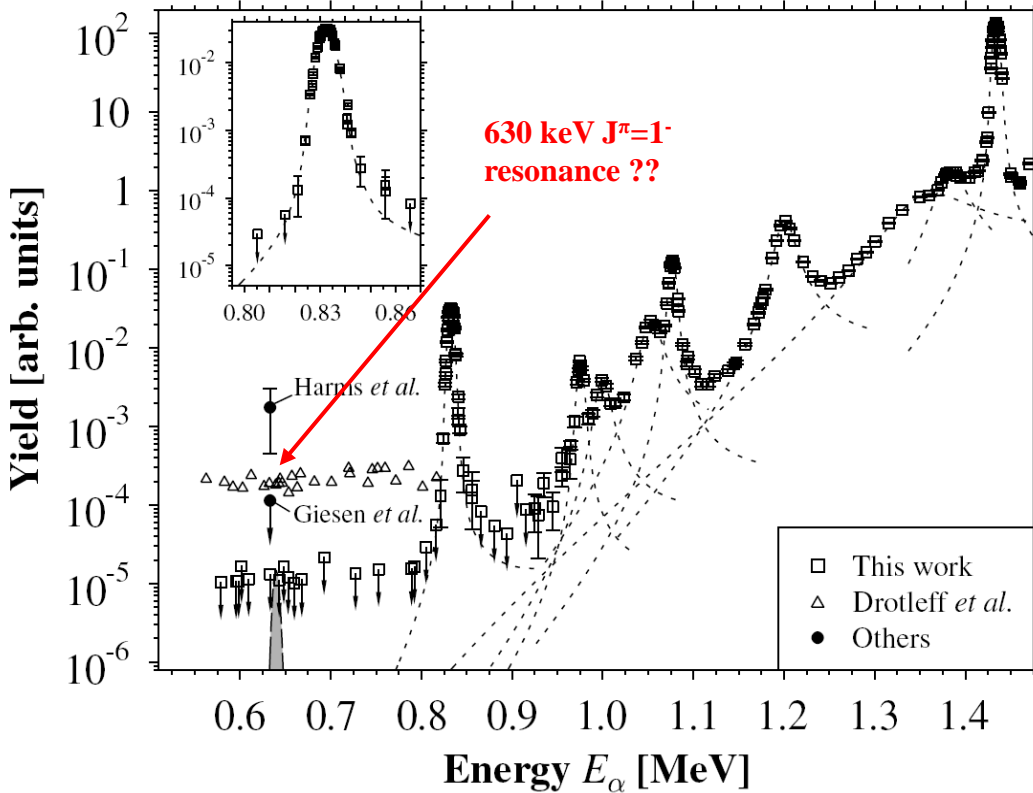
if Γ_α is known, only relative value are needed! (see example later on)

$^{22}\text{Ne}(\alpha, n)$ neutron source

competition between (α, n) & (α, γ) reaction channels

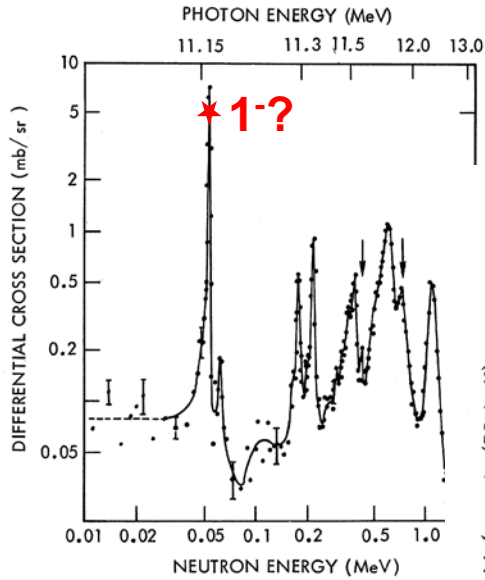


NO (α, γ) below 832 keV resonance !!



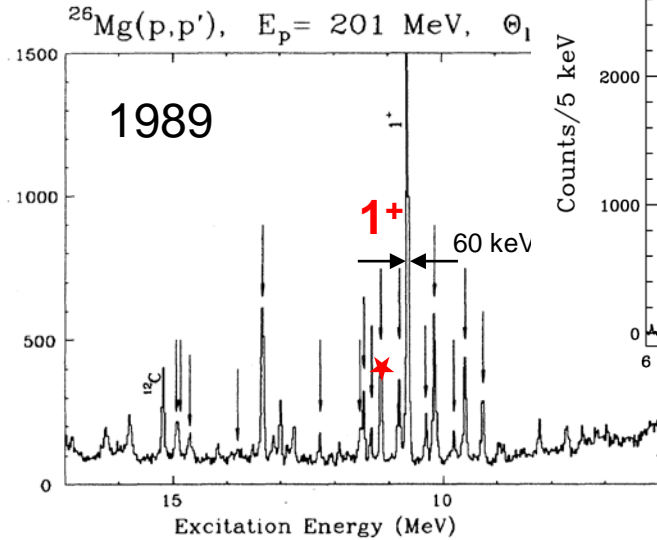
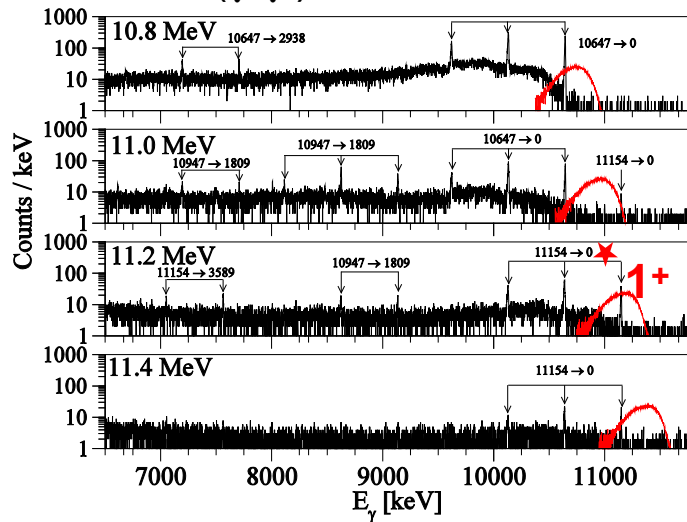
present upper limit: **< 60 neV**

Jaeger et al., PRL 87, 202501 (2001)

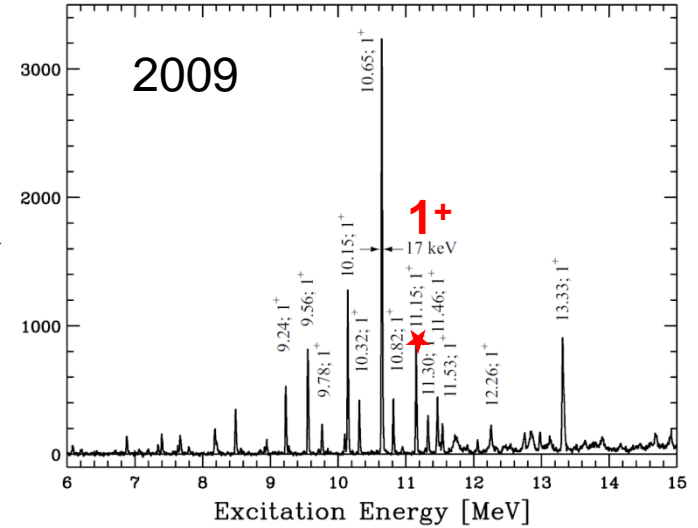


$^{26}\text{Mg}(\gamma, n)$ 1969

(γ, γ') 2009



$^{26}\text{Mg}(p, p')$ at $E_p = 295$ MeV



Shown by Yoshi at a seminar on the occasion of his visit to Notre Dame !!

Surprisingly enough:

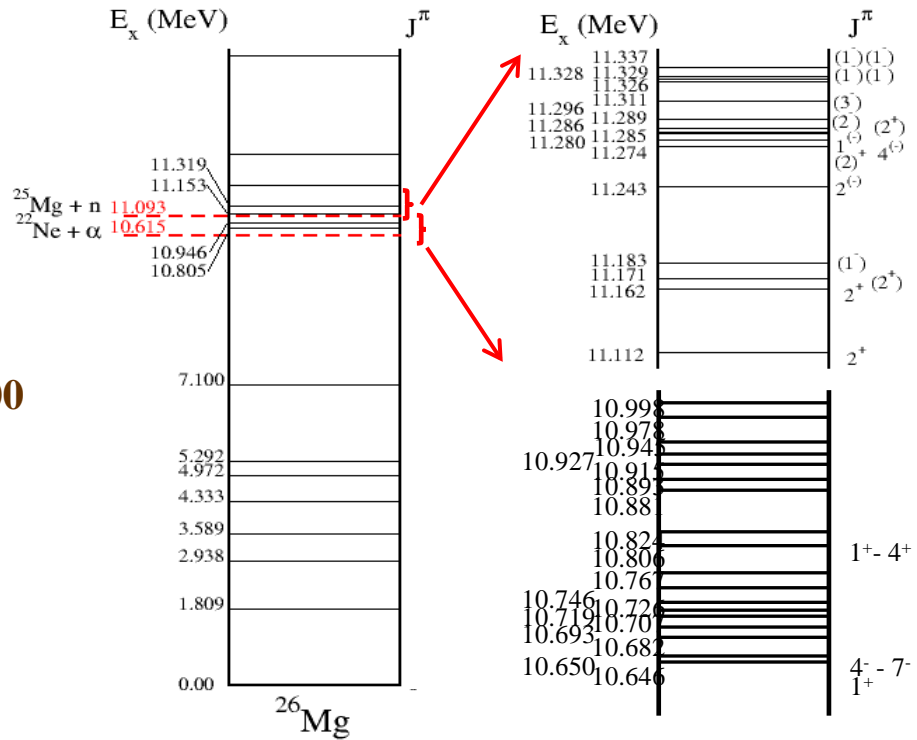
Latest compilation (NNDC 1998) still shows state without spin assignment

²⁵Mg+n: new n-tof data

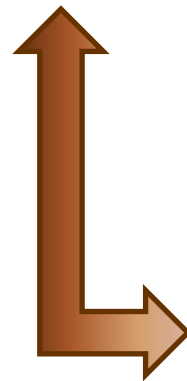
E_n (keV)	J^π	Γ_n (eV)	Γ_n (eV)
-154.25	2+	6.5	30000
19.86 ± 0.05	2+	1.7 ± 0.2	2310 ± 30
62.727 ± 0.003	1 ⁺ ^a	4.1 ± 0.7	28 ± 5
72.66 ± 0.03	2+	2.5 ± 0.4	5080 ± 80
79.29 ± 0.03	(3 ⁺)	3.3 ± 0.4	1560 ± 80
81.117 ± 0.001	(2 ⁺)	3 ± 2	0.8 ± 0.7
93.60 ± 0.02	(1 ⁻)	2.3 ± 2	0.6 ± 0.2
100.03 ± 0.02	3 ⁺	1.0 ± 0.1	5240 ± 40
[101.997 ± 0.009]	[2 ⁻]	[0.2 ± 0.1]	[4 ± 3]
[107.60 ± 0.02]	[3 ⁺]	[0.3 ± 0.1]	[2 ± 1]
156.34 ± 0.02	(2 ⁻)	6.1 ± 0.4	5520 ± 20
188.347 ± 0.009	(2 ⁺)	1.7 ± 0.2	590 ± 20
194.482 ± 0.009	4 ⁽⁻⁾	0.2 ± 0.1	1730 ± 20
200.20 ± 0.03	1 ⁻	0.3 ± 0.3	1410 ± 60
200.944 ± 0.006	(2 ⁺)	3.0 ± 0.3	0.7 ± 0.7
203.878 ± 0.001	(2 ⁻)	0.8 ± 0.3	2 ± 1
[208.27 ± 0.01]	[1 ⁻]	[1.2 ± 0.5]	[230 ± 20]
211.14 ± 0.05	(2 ⁻) ^d	3.1 ± 0.7	12400 ± 100
226.255 ± 0.001	(1 ⁻)	4 ± 3	0.4 ± 0.2
242.47 ± 0.02	(1 ⁻)	6 ± 4	0.3 ± 0.2
244.60 ± 0.03	1 ⁻	3.5 ± 0.6	50 ± 20
245.552 ± 0.002	(1 ⁻)	2.3 ± 2	0.5 ± 0.2
253.63 ± 0.01	(1 ⁻)	3.1 ± 2.7	0.1 ± 0.1
261.84 ± 0.03	4 ⁽⁻⁾	2.6 ± 0.4	3490 ± 60
279.6 ± 0.2	(2 ⁺)	1.9 ± 0.7	3290 ± 50
311.57 ± 0.01	(5 ⁺)	(0.84 ± 0.09)	(240 ± 10)
362.04 ± 0.02	4 ⁺ ^c	2.2 ± 0.2	2020 ± 40
387.57 ± 0.04	(5 ⁻) ^c	(1.7 ± 0.3)	(8910 ± 80)
423.43 ± 0.01	(1 ⁻) ^c	(20 ± 10)	(25 ± 10)
451.24 ± 0.06	(3 ⁻) ^c	(6.6 ± 0.8)	(3000 ± 100)
514.88 ± 0.03	(2 ⁻)	(8.6 ± 0.8)	(180 ± 100)
536.0 ± 0.02	(4 ⁻)	(2.7 ± 0.3)	(840 ± 40)

[208.27 ± 0.01]
 211.14 ± 0.05
 226.255 ± 0.001
 242.47 ± 0.02
 244.60 ± 0.03
 245.552 ± 0.002

20 keV average spacing of states



Γ_n/Γ_γ :
 from 1000
 to
 1/10

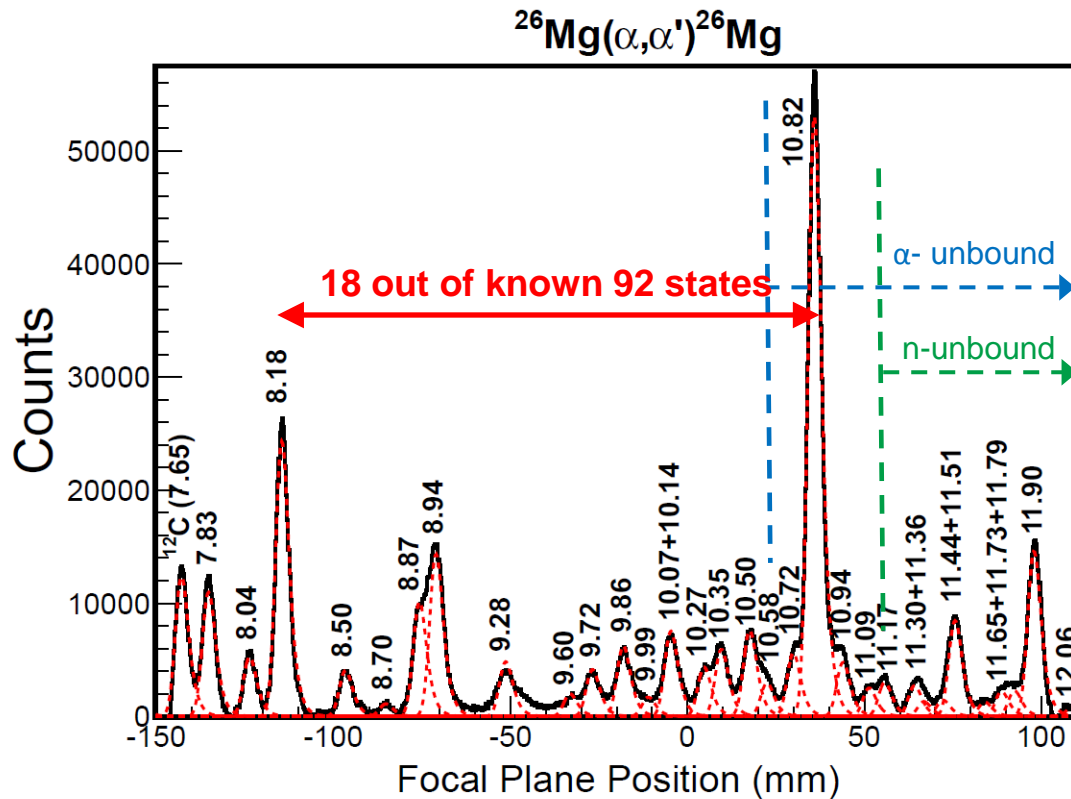


Below n-threshold:
*no widths and nearly
 no spins are known*

234±2 keV = last known resonance at 831 keV

First step: $^{26}\text{Mg}(\alpha,\alpha') @ 206 \text{ MeV}$

Going to 206 MeV to learn about 206 keV

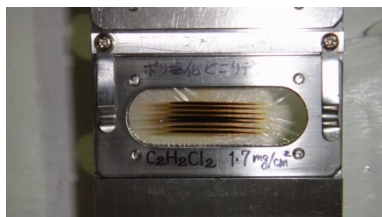


(α,α') populates preferentially natural parity states

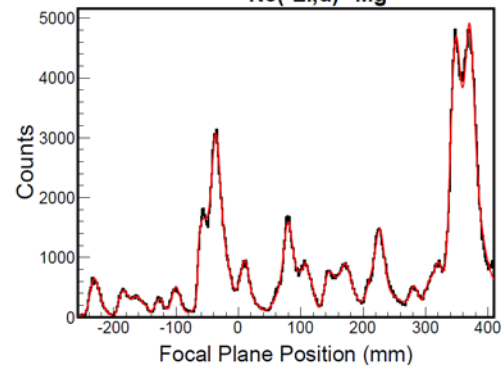


no unnatural parity state observed below α -threshold

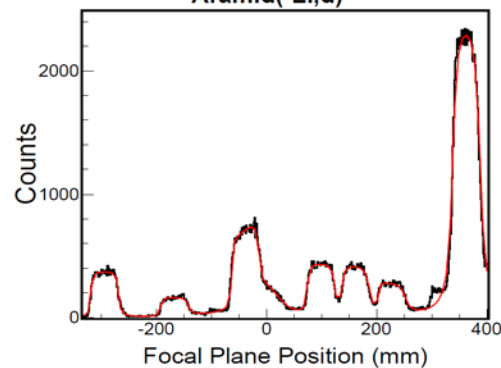
Second step: $^{22}\text{Ne}(^6\text{Li},d)$ @ 80 MeV



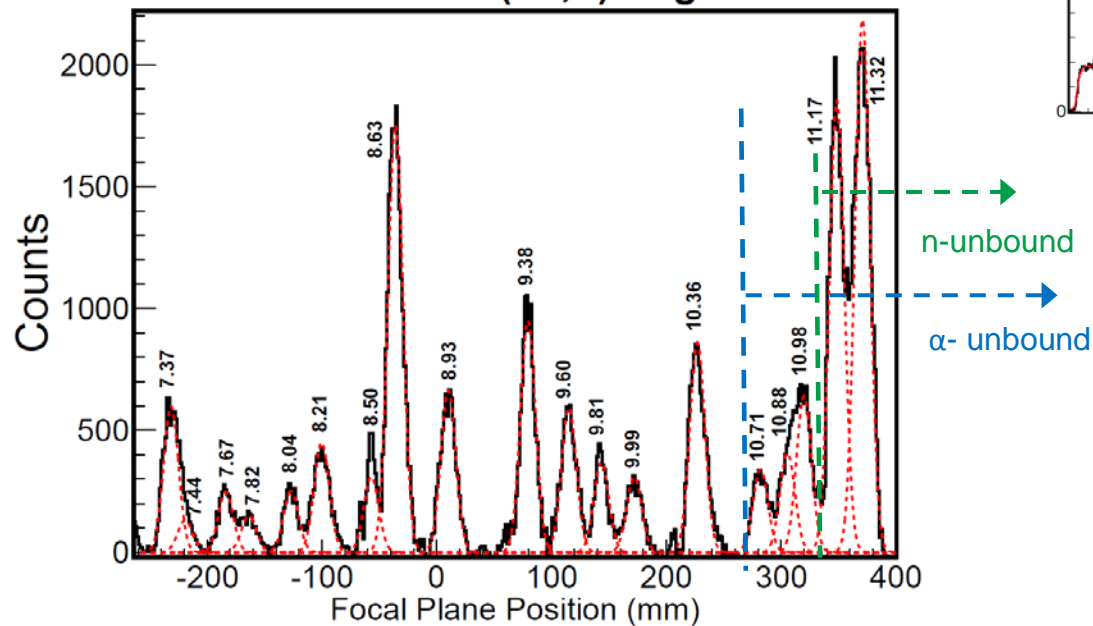
$^{22}\text{Ne}(^6\text{Li},d)^{26}\text{Mg}$



Aramid($^6\text{Li},d$)



$^{22}\text{Ne}(^6\text{Li},d)^{26}\text{Mg}$



Result:

E_x (keV)	$E_R^{c.m.}$ (keV)	J^π	S_α	Γ_{sp} (eV)	Γ_α (eV)	Γ_γ^a (eV)	Γ_n^a (eV)	$\omega\gamma_{(\alpha,\gamma)}$ (eV)	$\omega\gamma_{(\alpha,n)}$ (eV)
10717 (9)	102	1 ⁻	0.07	3.78×10^{-35}	$2.8 (2) \times 10^{-36}$			$8.5 (5) \times 10^{-36}$	
		2 ⁺	0.14	6.00×10^{-36}	$9 (2) \times 10^{-37}$			$4 (1) \times 10^{-36}$	
10822 ^b (10)	207	1 ⁻	≤ 0.07	$\leq 2.99 \times 10^{-20}$	$\leq 1.97 \times 10^{-21}$			$\leq 5.92 \times 10^{-21}$	
10951 (21)	336	1 ⁻	0.16	5.68×10^{-13}	$9 (3) \times 10^{-14}$			$2.8 (8) \times 10^{-13}$	
11085 ^b (8)	471	2 ⁺	≤ 0.07	$\leq 7.01 \times 10^{-11}$	$\leq 4.71 \times 10^{-12}$			$\leq 2.36 \times 10^{-11}$	
		3 ⁻	≤ 0.07	$\leq 9.77 \times 10^{-12}$	$\leq 7.06 \times 10^{-13}$			$\leq 4.95 \times 10^{-12}$	
n-threshold									
11167 (8)	553	1 ⁻	0.40	5.00×10^{-07}	$2.0 (1) \times 10^{-07}$	2 (2)	0.6 (0.2)	$5.5 (4) \times 10^{-07}$	$6 \times 10^{-08}{}^c$
11317 (18)	702	1 ⁻	0.48 ^f	1.05×10^{-04}	$5.0 (3) \times 10^{-05}{}^e$			$3.7 (4) \times 10^{-05}{}^d$	$1.2 (1) \times 10^{-04}{}^d$

lowest known
resonance

calculated
from Γ_α

calculated
from $\omega\gamma$

experimental
resonance strengths

Result:

from n-tof
experiment

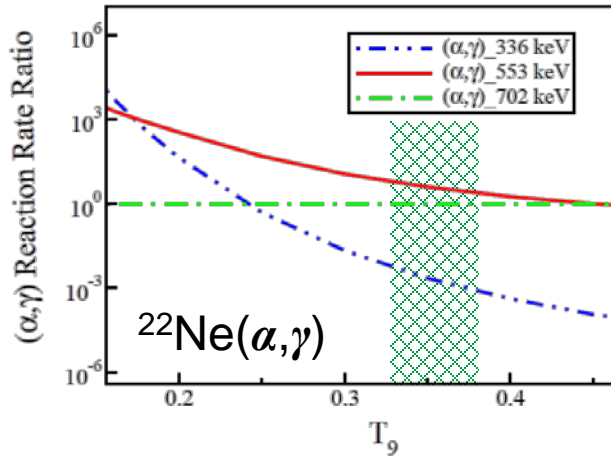
E_x (keV)	$E_R^{c.m.}$ (keV)	J^π	S_α	Γ_{sp} (eV)	Γ_α (eV)	Γ_γ^a (eV)	Γ_n^a (eV)	$\omega\gamma_{(\alpha,\gamma)}$ (eV)	$\omega\gamma_{(\alpha,n)}$ (eV)
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11167 (8)	553	1 ⁻	0.40	5.00×10^{-07}	$2.0 (1) \times 10^{-07}$	2 (2)	0.6 (0.2)	$5.5 (4) \times 10^{-07}$	$6 \times 10^{-08}^c$
11317 (18)	702	1 ⁻	0.48 ^f	1.05×10^{-04}	$5.0 (3) \times 10^{-05e}$			$3.7 (4) \times 10^{-05}^d$	$1.2 (1) \times 10^{-04}^d$

n-threshold

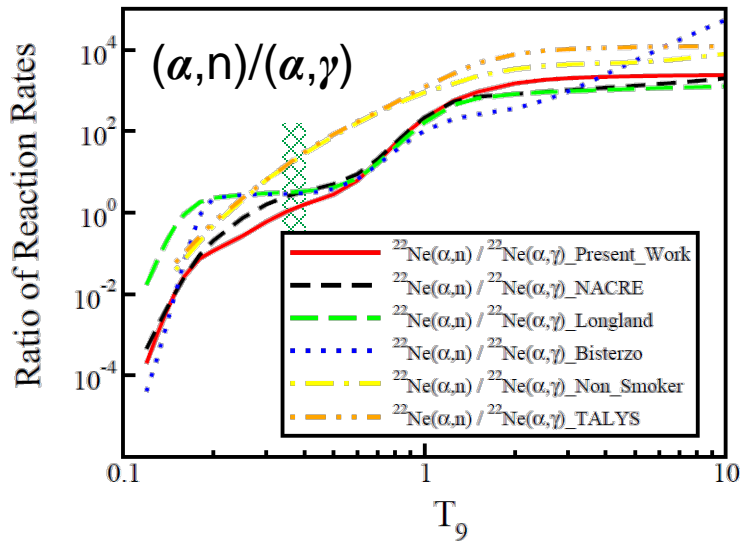
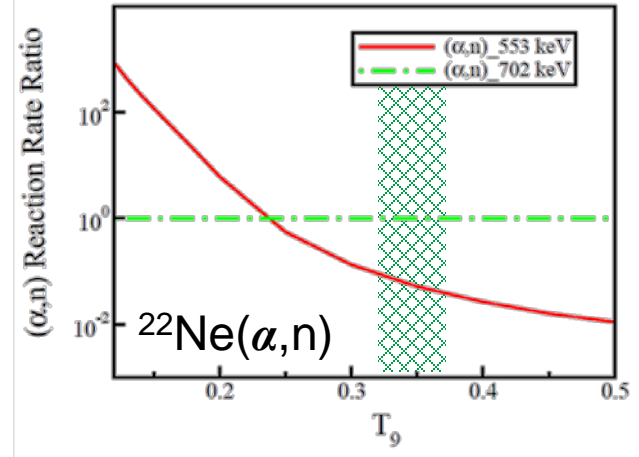
$\omega\gamma_{\alpha\gamma} = 0.5 \mu\text{eV}!$
within experimental reach

upper limit
from Jaeger

Reaction Rates:



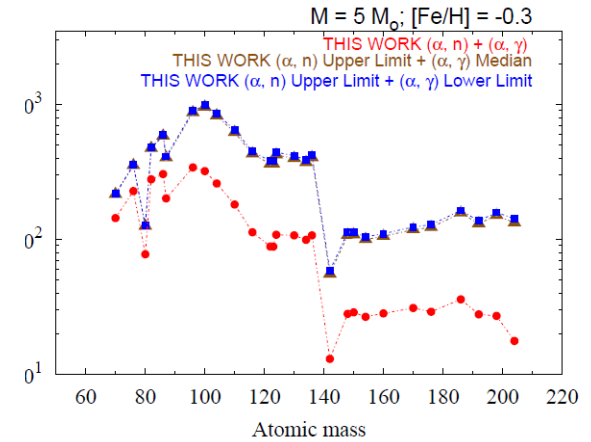
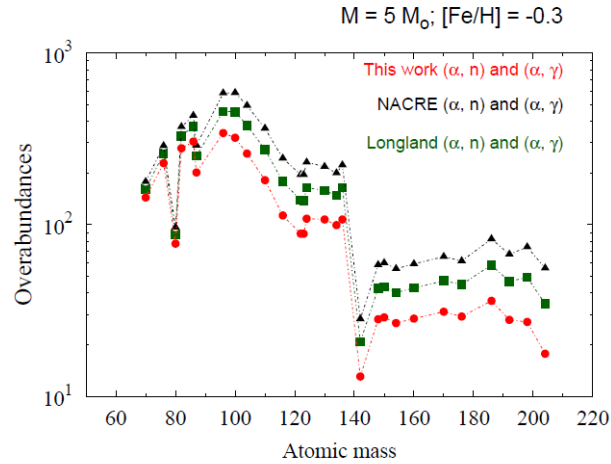
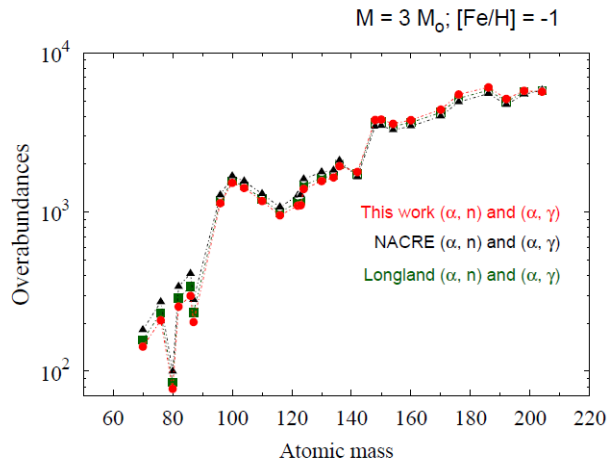
ABG
temperature



General Impact:

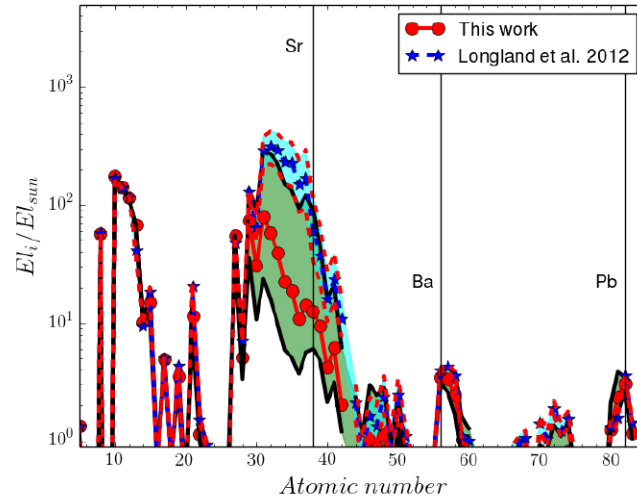
reduction of s-process synthesis
but
significant uncertainties remain

ABG Nucleosynthesis:



Massive Stars (25 solar mass)

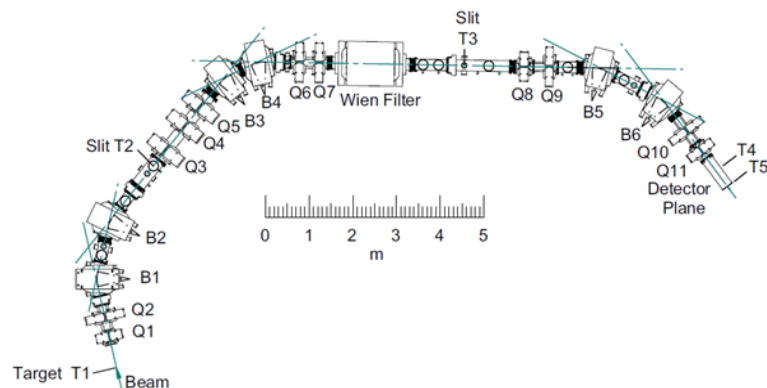
Thanks to:
S. Bisterzo
M. Pignatari



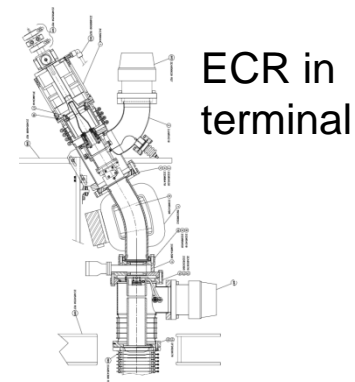
Low Energy Alpha Capture Experiments @ Notre Dame



St. George Recoil Separator



Design Parameters	Brho(min)	=	0.1 Tm	
	Brho(max)	=	0.45 Tm	
	Momentum accept	= +/-	3.7 %	
		= +/-	2.3 deg	40 mrad



ECR in terminal

experiments are time consuming



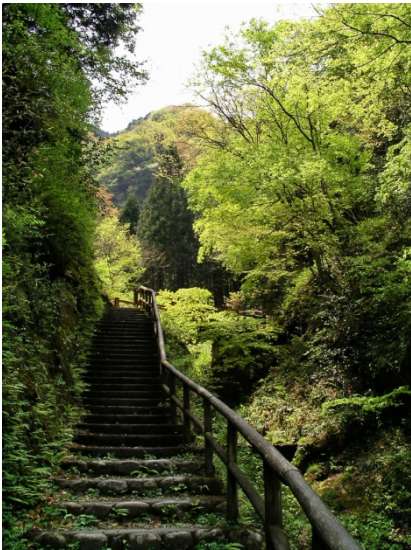
knowledge from indirect search are very helpful



single ended
5 MV vertical
accelerator

A Trip with Yoshi To Minoh Waterfall

Yoshi's
"small" walk



The "easy" way
from Minoh station

