

Photonuclear Reactions and Astronuclear Physics

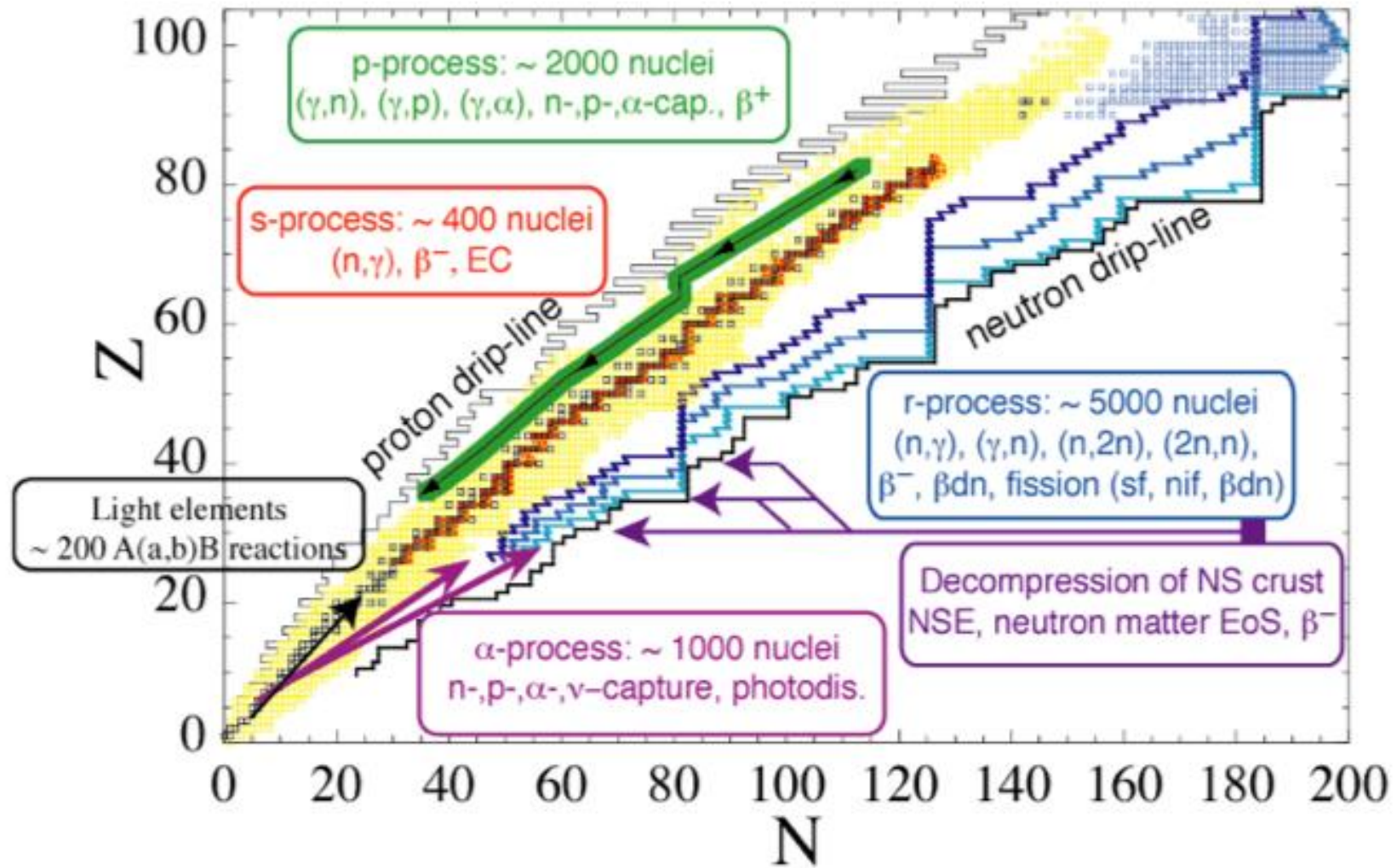
Hiroaki Utsunomiya (Konan University)

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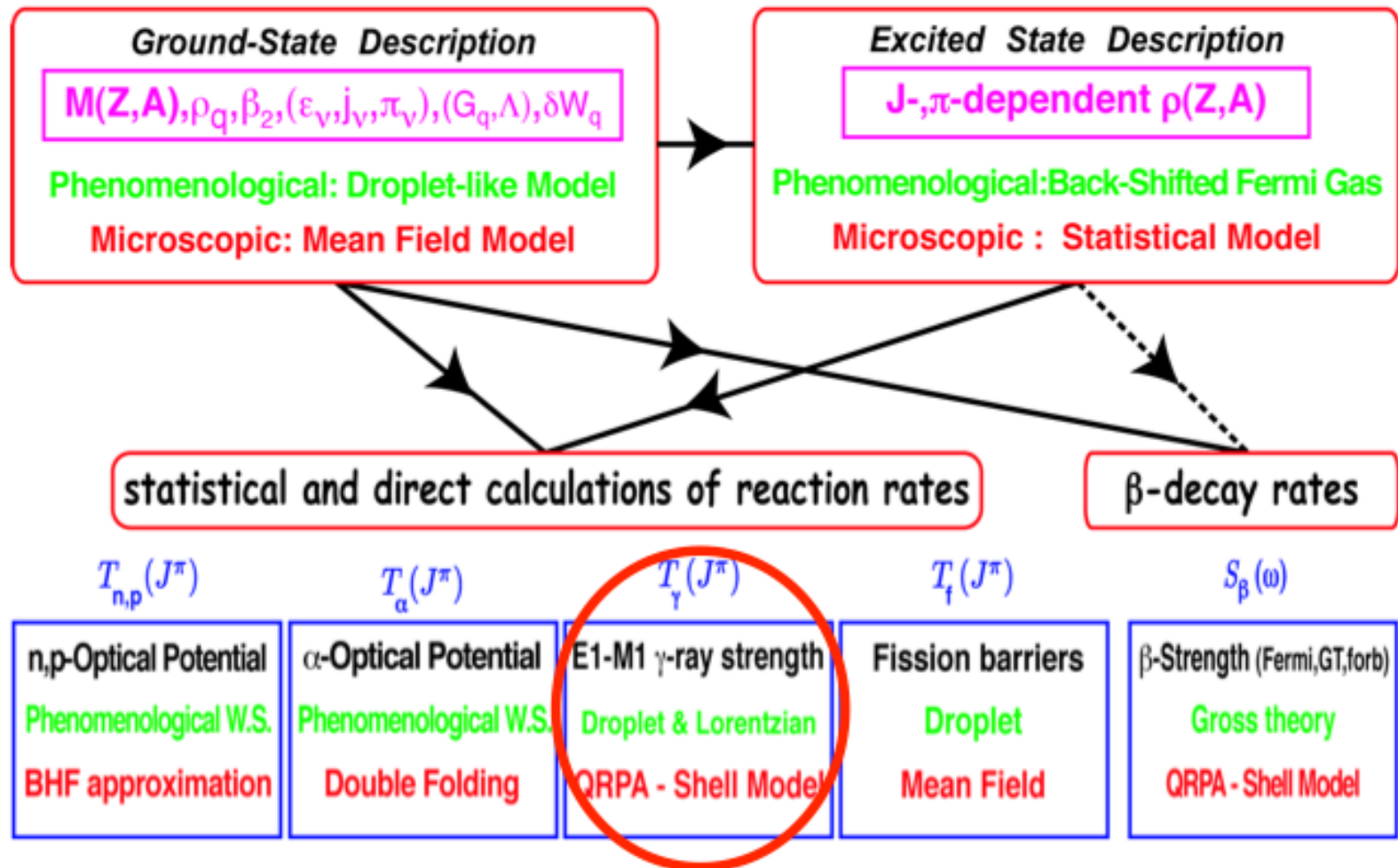
1. ${}^9\text{Be}(\gamma, n){}^8\text{Be}$
2. (γ, n) vs (n, γ) reactions
3. IAEA-CRP
4. ELI-NP



The nuclear physics needs for nucleosynthesis processes



Global Approaches to Strong, Weak and Electromagnetic Interactions



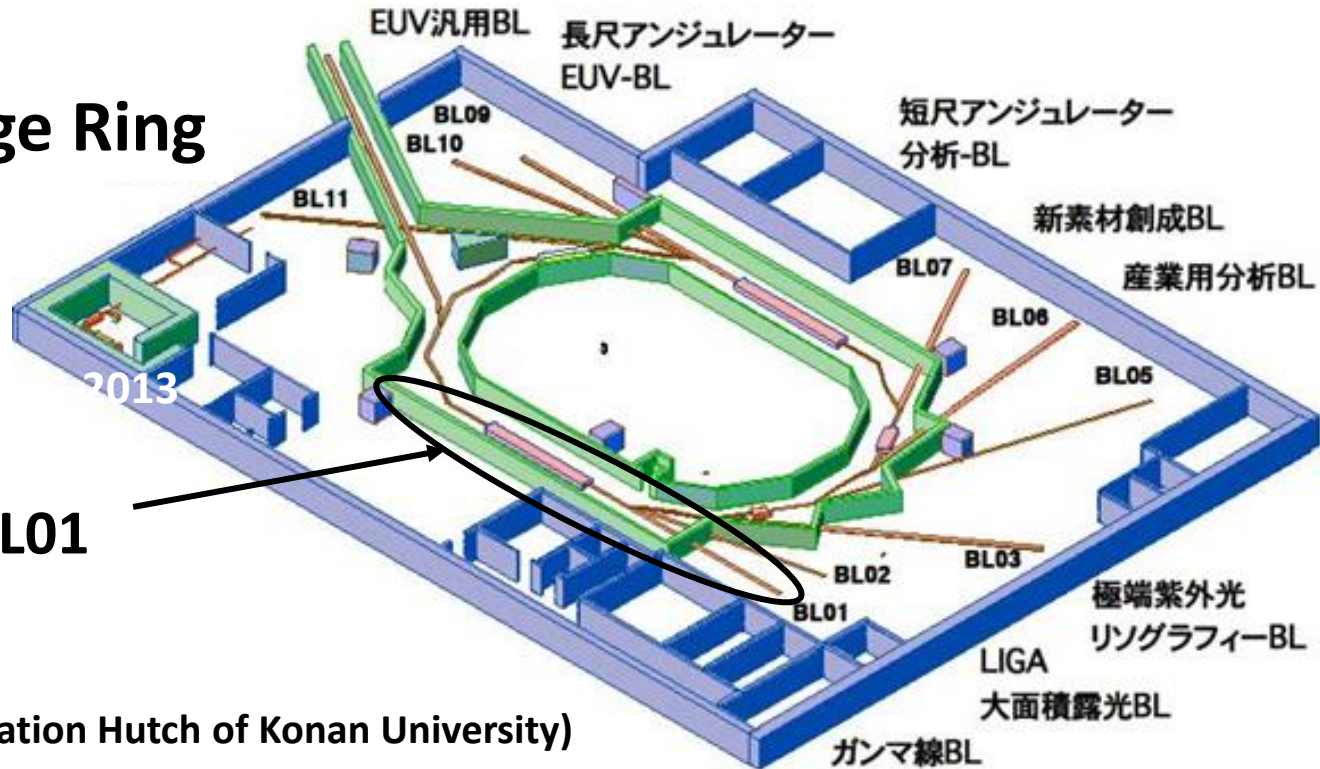
Need for a Universal Global and Microscopic description

NewSUBARU Facility



NewSUBARU facility

Electron Storage Ring

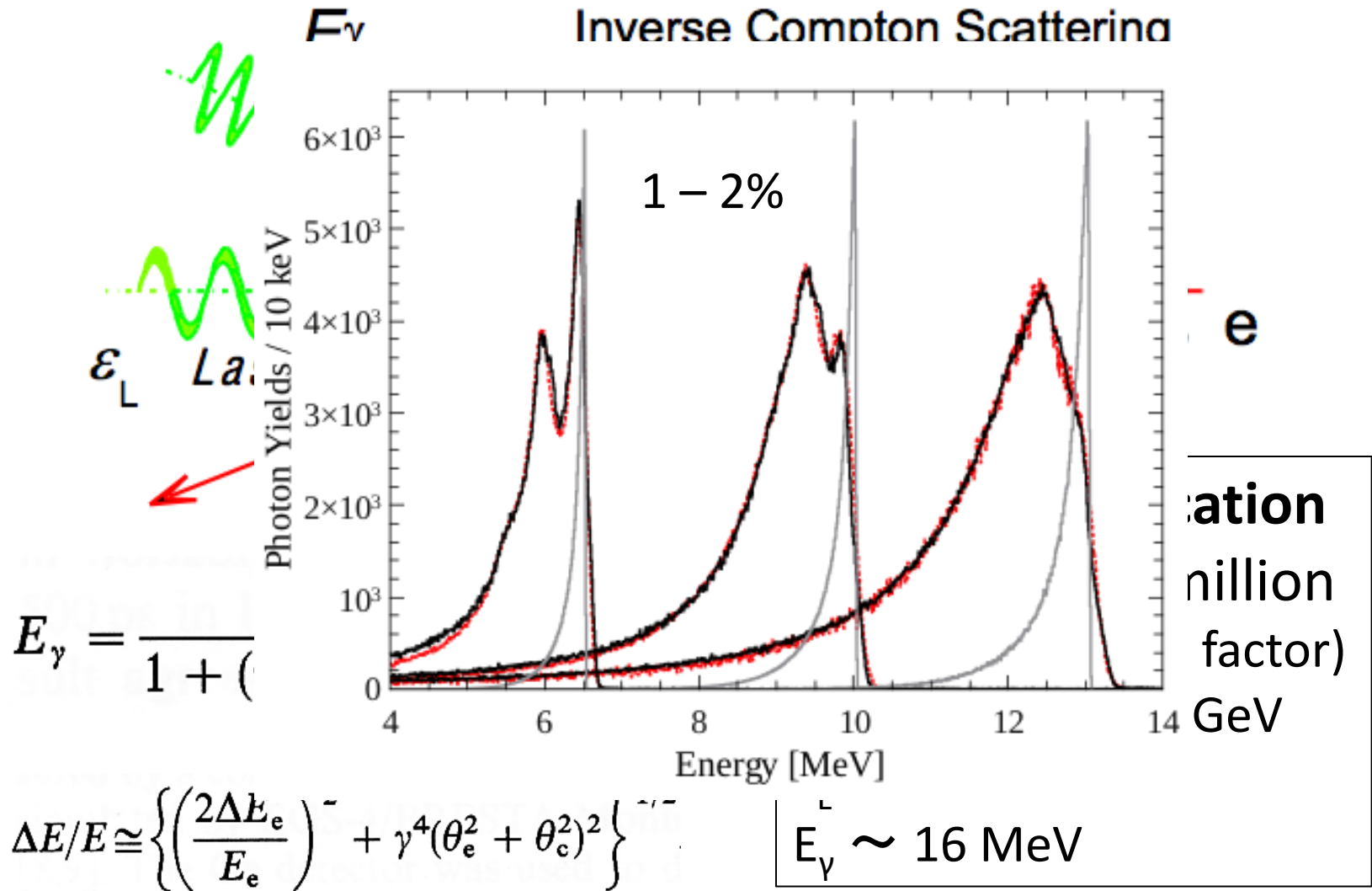


γ-ray beam line BL01

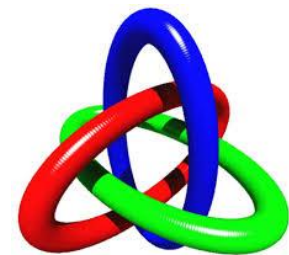
GACKO (Gamma Collaboration Hutch of Konan University)
(Moonlight)



F_ν Inverse Compton Scattering



Revisiting photodisintegration of ${}^9\text{Be}$



$$\alpha\alpha \rightleftharpoons {}^8\text{Be}(n,\gamma){}^9\text{Be} \text{ vs } {}^9\text{Be}(\gamma,n){}^8\text{Be}$$

Reciprocity Theorem

H. Utsunomiya et al., PRC 63 (2001)

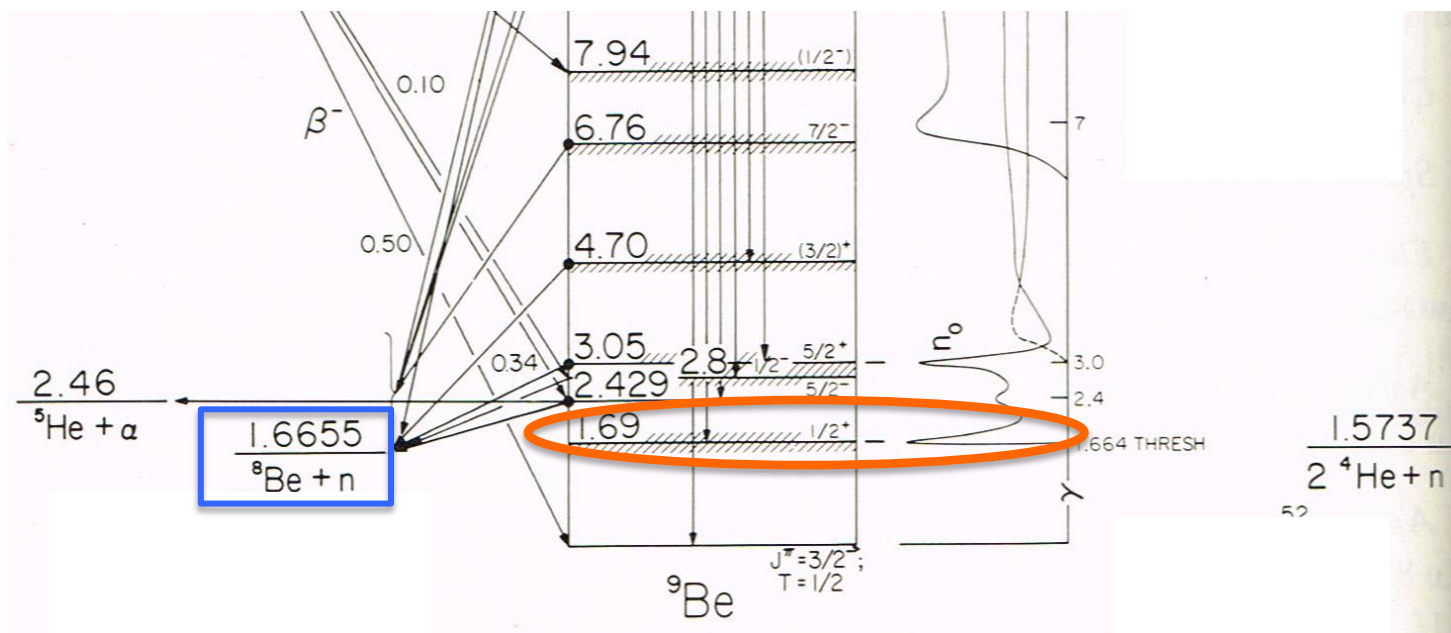
C.W. Arnold et al., PRC 85 (2012)

Significance of **the $1/2^+$ state** just above $S_n=1.665$ MeV

1. Explosive nucleosynthesis

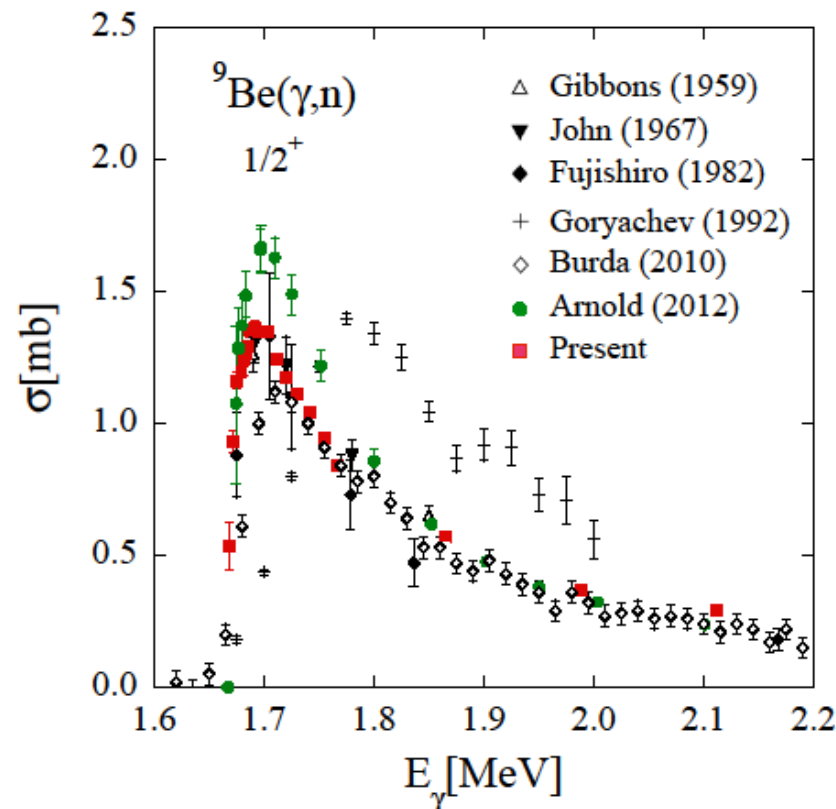
Type-II supernovae, neutron star mergers

2. Stau-catalyzed big bang nucleosynthesis



Photodisintegration of ^9Be through the $1/2^+$ state and cluster dipole resonance

H. Utsunomiya,^{1,2} S. Katayama,¹ I. Gheorghe,^{3,4} S. Imai,¹ H. Yamaguchi,² D. Kahl,² Y. Sakaguchi,²
T. Shima,⁵ K. Takahisa,⁵ and S. Miyamoto⁶

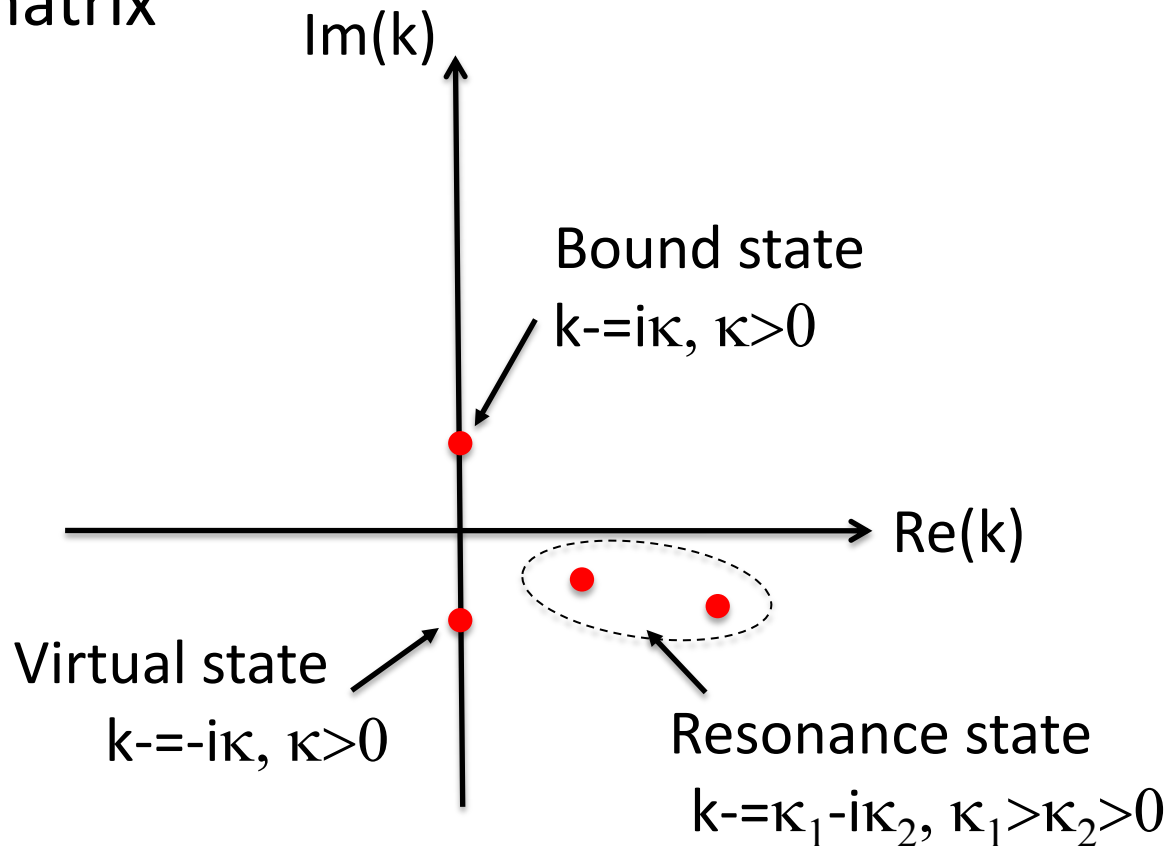


Comparisons

$\frac{1}{2}^+$ state	Present	Arnold (2012)	Utsunomiya (2001) Sumiyoshi (2002)
Peak cross section [mb]	1.35	1.65	1.3
E_R [MeV]	1.728 ± 0.001	1.731 ± 0.002	1.748 ± 0.01 1.735 ± 0.003
$B(E1) \downarrow$ [e ² fm ²]	0.111 ± 0.004	0.136 ± 0.002	0.107 ± 0.007 0.104 ± 0.002
Γ_γ (eV)	0.595 ± 0.002	0.738 ± 0.002	0.598 ± 0.004 0.568 ± 0.001
Γ_n (keV)	214 ± 7	213 ± 6	283 ± 42 225 ± 12

S-matrix for n-⁸Be scattering

Poles of S-matrix



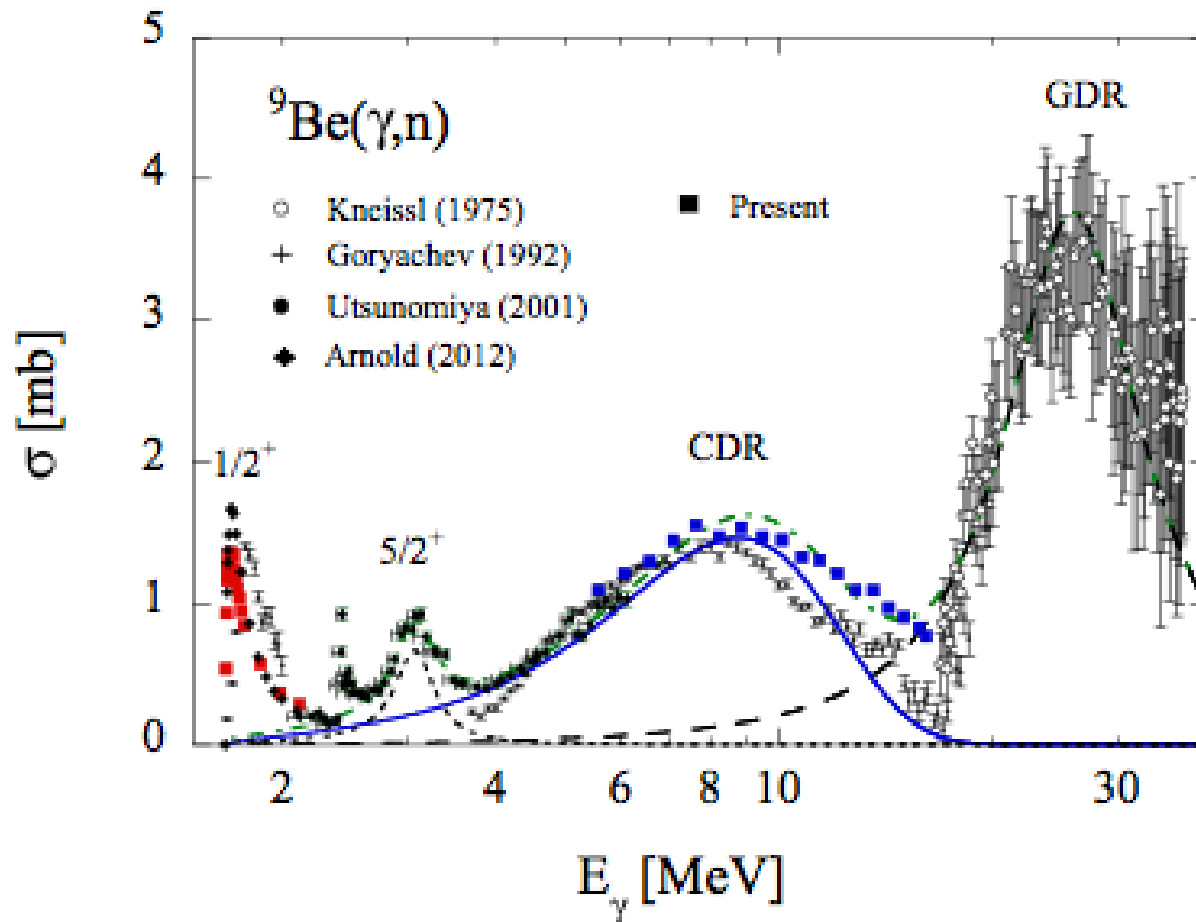
CDR Data

$$\int \sigma_{CDR}(E) dE = 11.3 \text{ MeV} \cdot \text{mb}$$

GDR: Lorentzian function

CDR: Gaussian function

$5/2^+$ state: Breit-Wigner

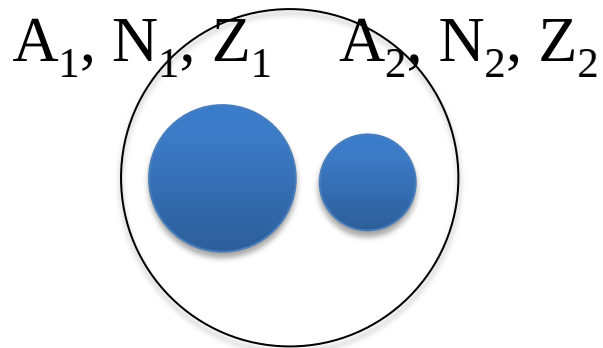


Cluster dipole sum rule

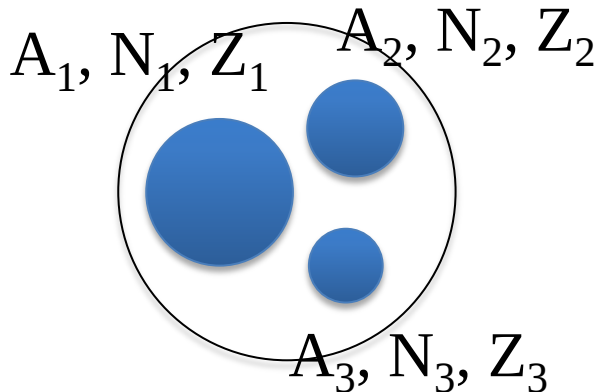
Y. Alhassid, M. Gai, G.F. Bertsch, Phys. Rev. Lett. 49, 1482 (1982)

H. Sagawa, M. Homma, Phys. Lett. B 251, 17 (1990)

R. De Diego, E. Garrido, A.S. Jensen, D.V. Fedorov, Phys. Rev. C 77, 024001 (2008)



A, N, Z



TRK

$$\int \sigma_{E1}(E) dE = 60 \left(\frac{NZ}{A} - \sum_{i=1} \frac{N_i Z_i}{A_i} \right) \text{MeV} \cdot \text{mb}$$

TRK 133.3 MeV mb

$${}^9\text{Be} = {}^8\text{Be} + n \rightarrow 60 \times \frac{2}{9} = 13.3 \text{MeV} \cdot \text{mb}$$

$${}^9\text{Be} = \alpha + \alpha + n \rightarrow 60 \times \frac{2}{9} = 13.3 \text{MeV} \cdot \text{mb}$$

Comparisons

Experimental result ^9Be

$$\int \sigma_{CDR}(E) dE = 11.3 \text{ MeV} \cdot \text{mb}$$

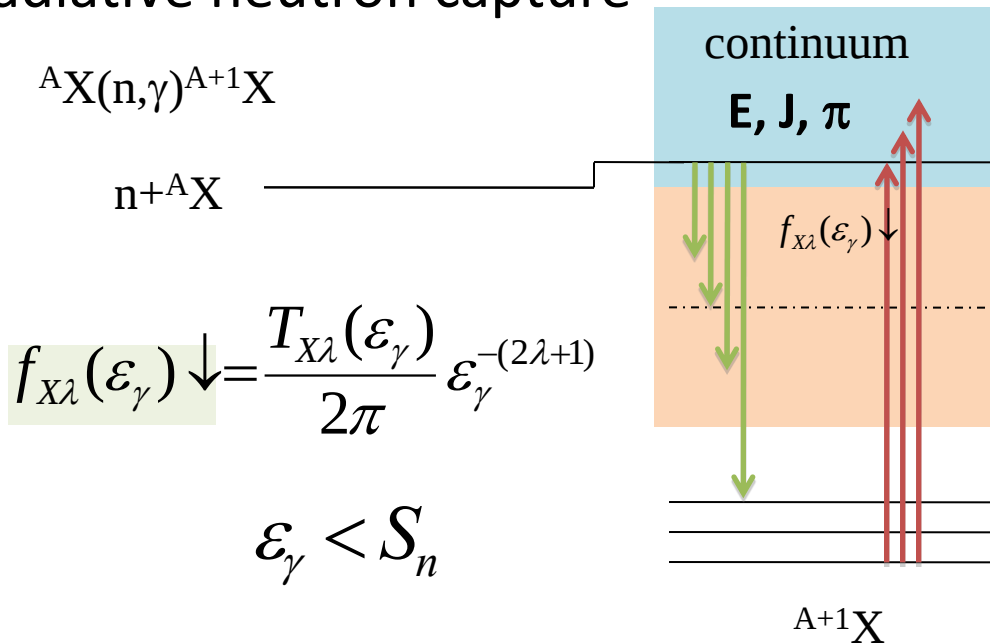
TRK 133.3 MeV mb

Cluster dipole sum rule

$^8\text{Be} + n$	13.3 MeV mb
$\alpha + \alpha + n$	13.3 MeV mb

(n,γ) and (γ,n) reactions are interconnected through the γ -ray strength function in the statistical model calculation.

Radiative neutron capture

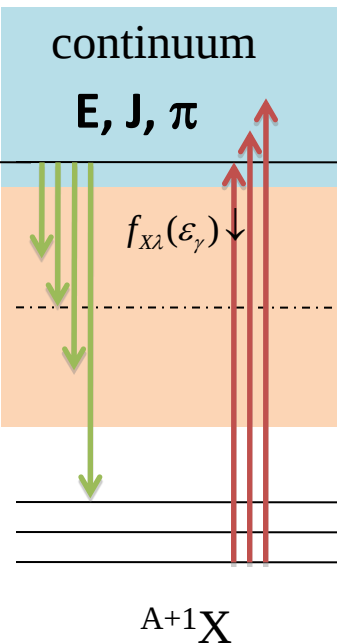


Photoneutron emission

${}^{A+1}\text{X}(\gamma,n){}^A\text{X}$

$f_{X\lambda}(\varepsilon_\gamma) \uparrow = \frac{\varepsilon_\gamma^{-2\lambda+1}}{(\pi\hbar c)^2} \frac{\langle \sigma_{X\lambda}^{abs}(\varepsilon_\gamma) \rangle}{2\lambda+1}$

$\varepsilon_\gamma > S_n$



The diagram illustrates the process of photoneutron emission. A gamma ray (γ) from the continuum enters a nucleus (${}^{A+1}\text{X}$) and transitions to a bound state in the nucleus (${}^A\text{X}$), emitting a neutron (n). The energy level diagram shows the continuum above the bound states of the nucleus. The gamma-ray strength function $f_{X\lambda}(\varepsilon_\gamma)$ is shown as an upward arrow from the bound states to the continuum. The energy ε_γ is greater than the neutron separation energy S_n .

Brink Hypothesis $f_{X\lambda}(\varepsilon_\gamma) \downarrow \approx f_{X\lambda}(\varepsilon_\gamma) \uparrow$

A unified understanding of (γ, n) and (n, γ) cross sections

γ -ray strength function method

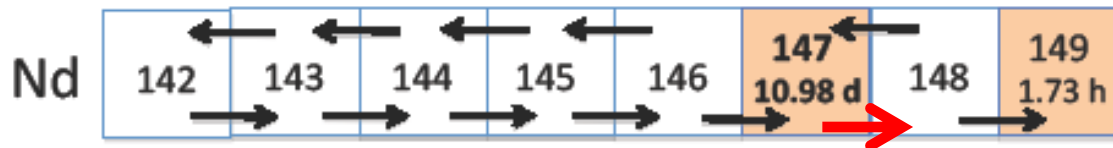
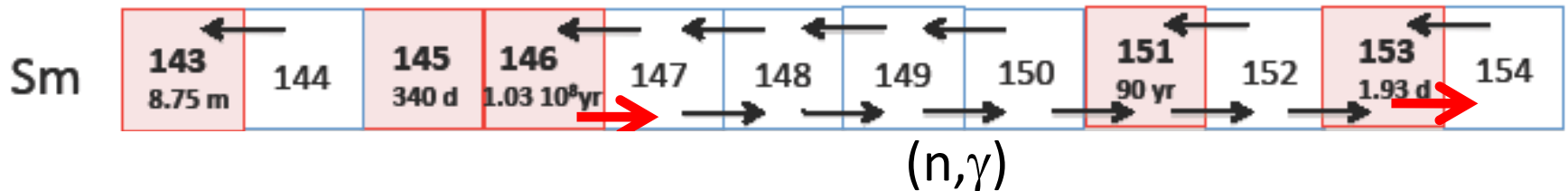
H. Utsunomiya et al., PRC 82, 064610 (2009).

Radiative neutron capture cross section are sensitive to the E1 strength function below the neutron threshold

Filipescu et al.,

PHYSICAL REVIEW C **90**, 064616 (2014)

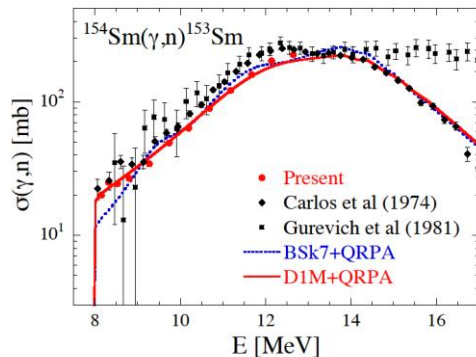
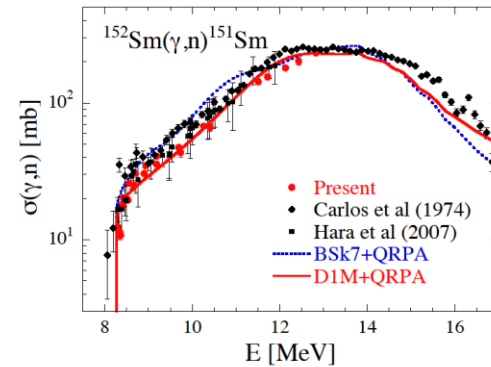
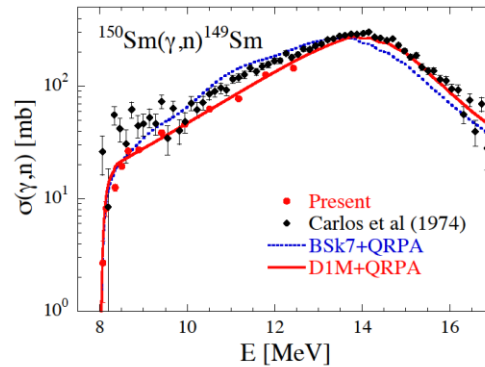
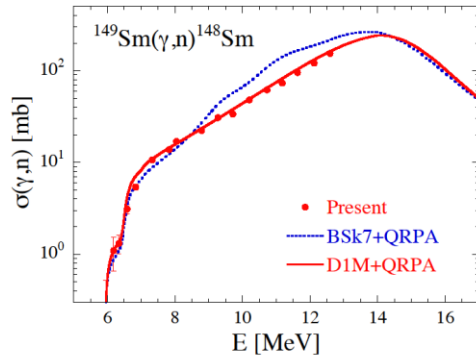
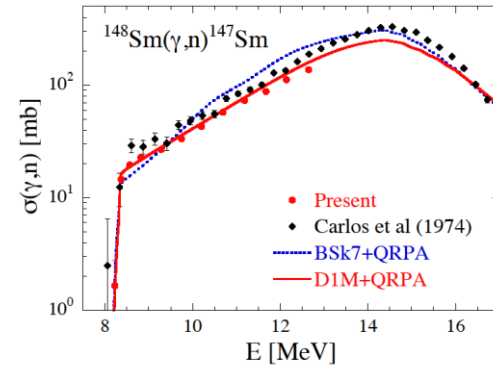
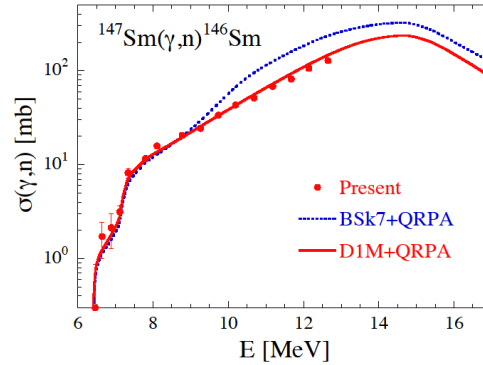
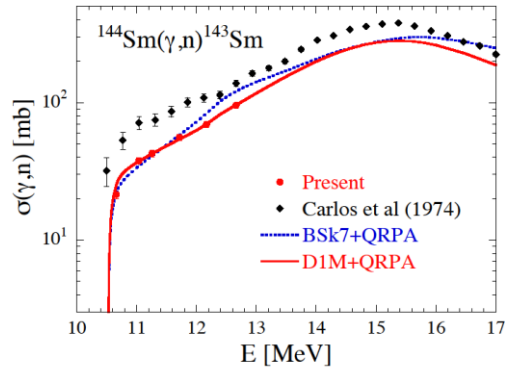
(γ, n)



H.-T. Nyhus

PHYSICAL REVIEW C **91**, 015808 (2015)

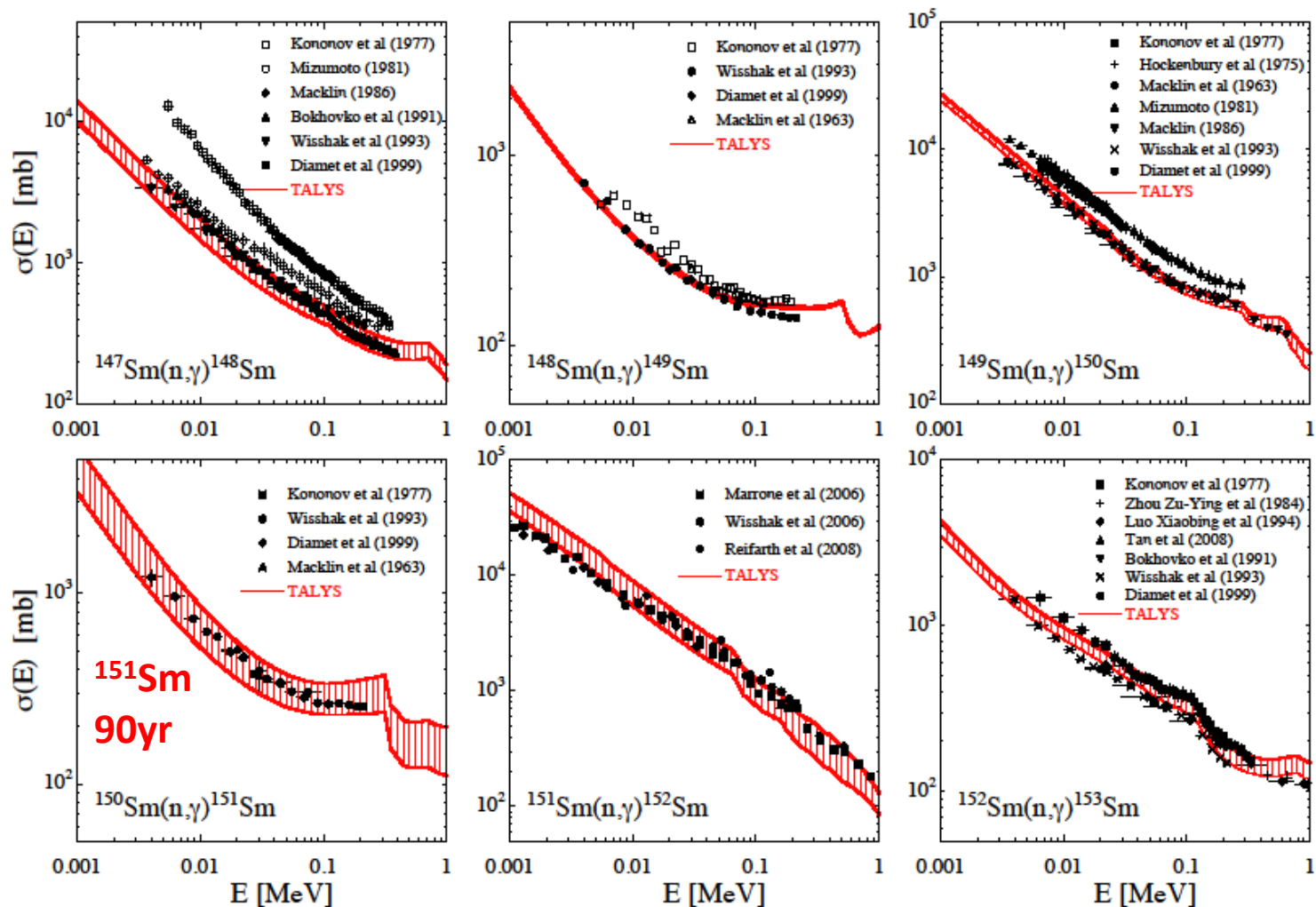
(γ, n) cross sections for Sm isotopes



γSF **S. Goriely**

Gogny-HFB D1M+QRPA
Skyrme-HFB BSk7+QRPA

(n,γ) cross sections for Sm isotopes

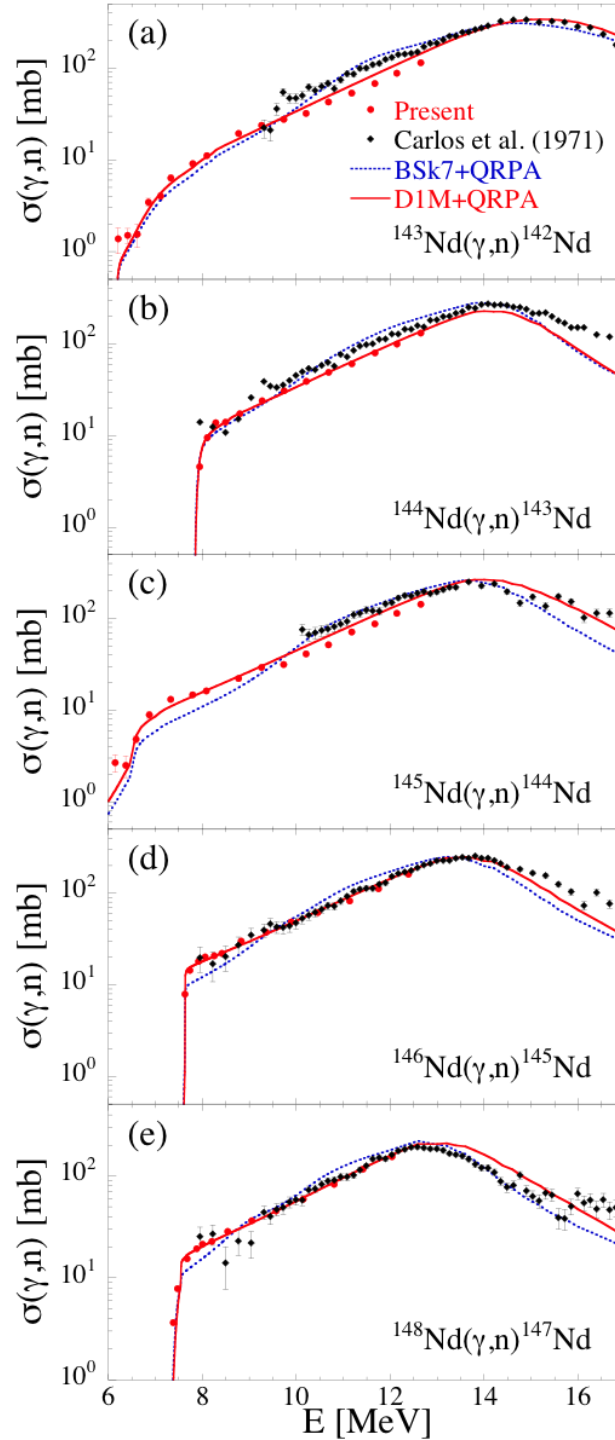


(γ, n) cross sections for Nd isotopes

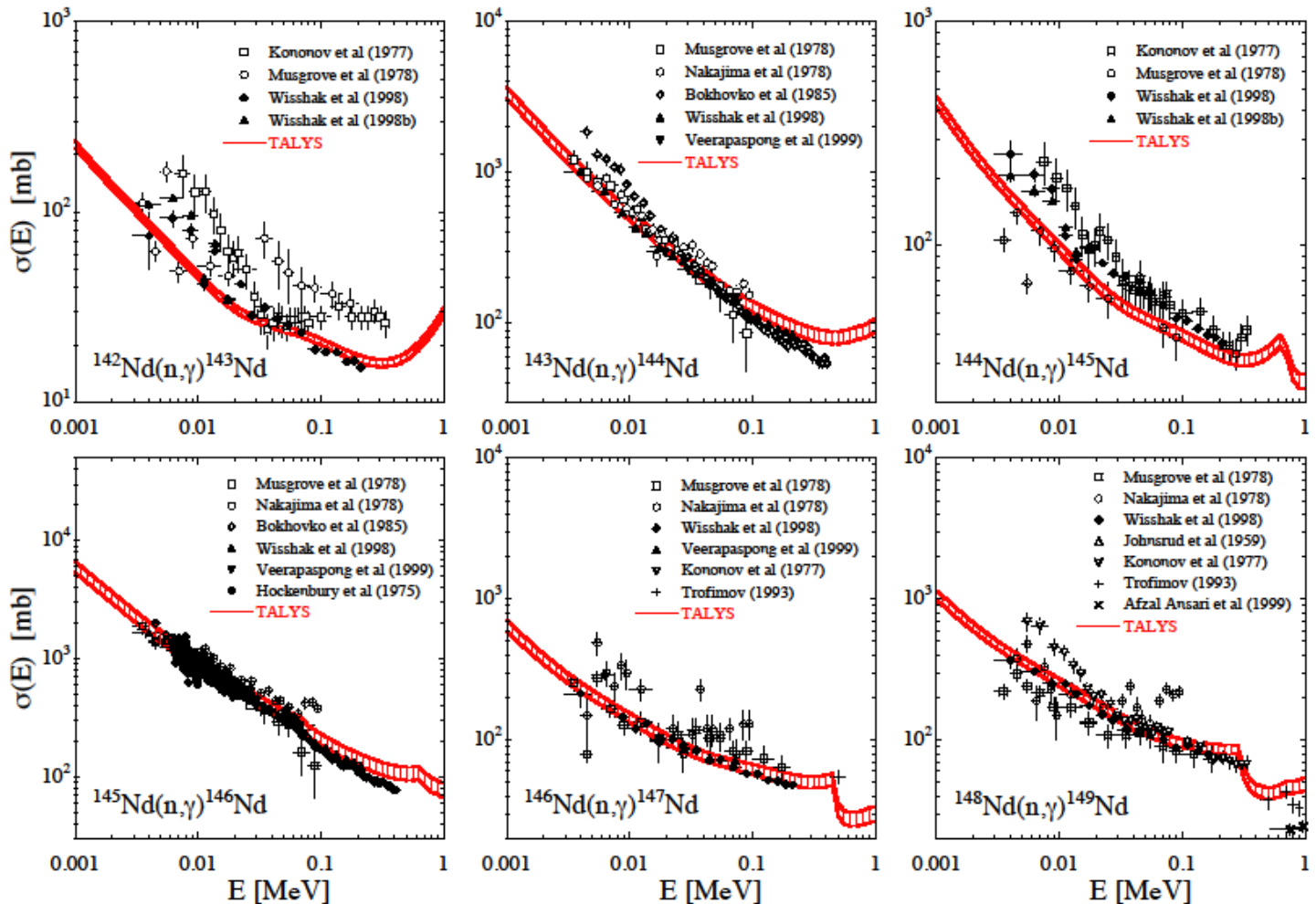
γ SF **S. Goriely**

Gogny-HFB D1M+QRPA

Skyrme-HFB BSk7+QRPA

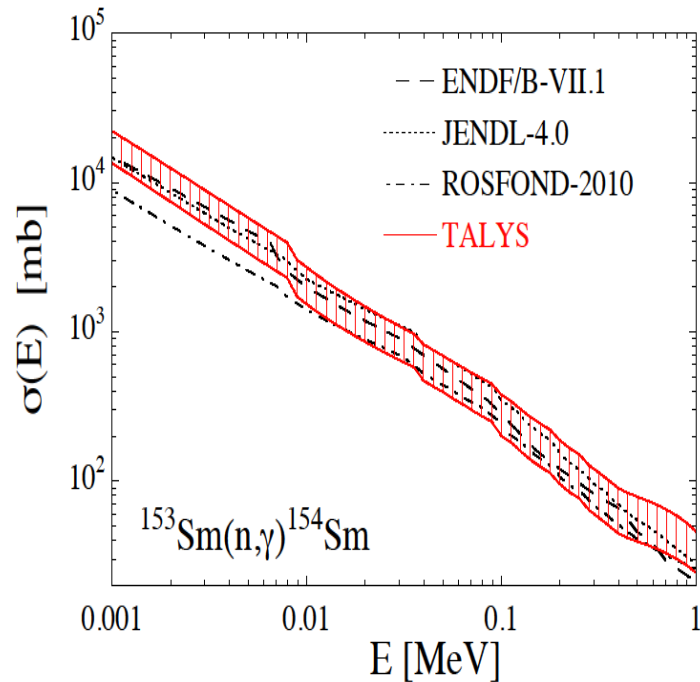


(n,γ) cross sections for Nd isotopes

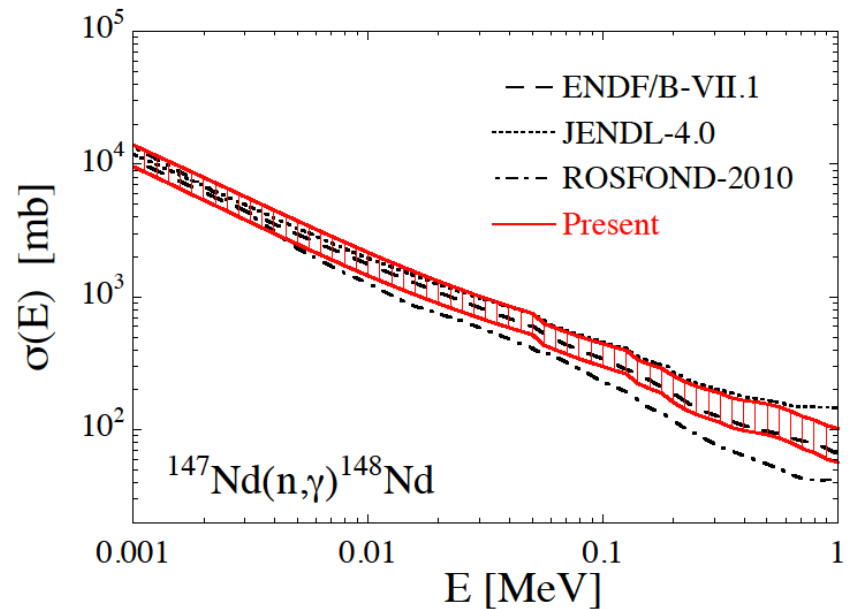


(n, γ) cross sections for unstable nuclei

^{153}Sm
1.93d



^{147}Nd
10.98d

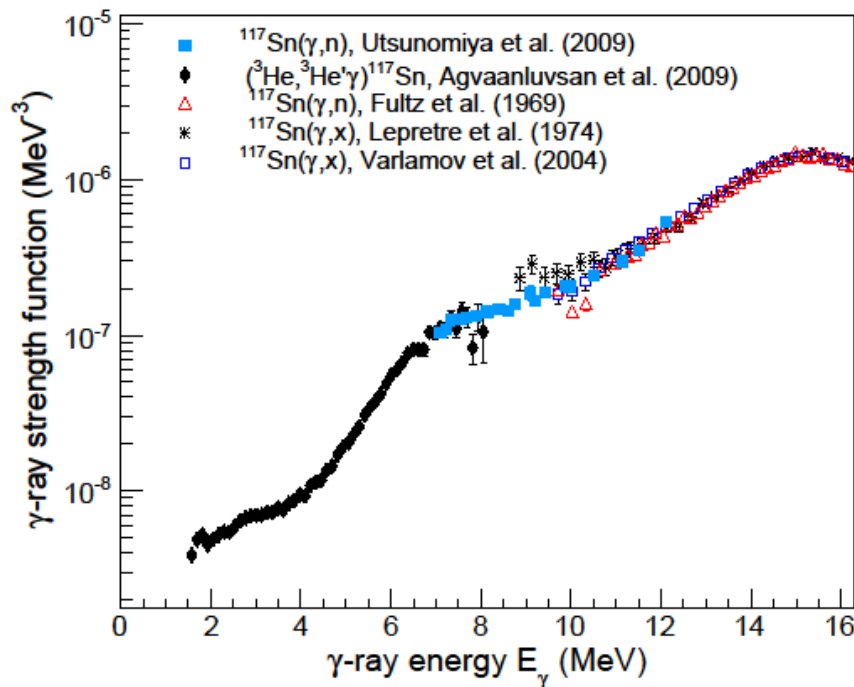


Experimental γ SF

Data of (γ, n) , (γ, γ') and particle-gamma coin. (Oslo Method)

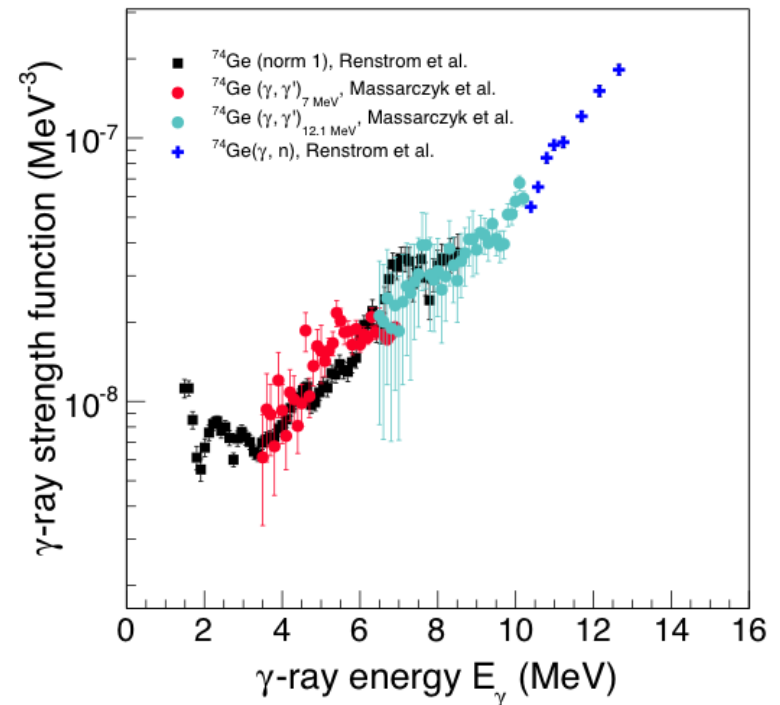
^{117}Sn

U. Agvaanluvsan *et al.*, PRL 102 (2009)



^{74}Ge

T. Renström et al., PRC 93 (2016)





International Atomic Energy Agency

Nuclear Data Services

Provided by the Nuclear Data Section

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Coordinated Research Project on Photonuclear Data and Photon Strength Functions

Approved in July 2015; Code F41032;
Duration 2016-2020

**1st Research Coordination Meeting of
the CRP on Updating the Photonuclear
Data Library and generating a
Reference Database for Photon
Strength Functions, 4-8 April 2016,
IAEA, Vienna**

The 1st Research Coordination Meeting of the CRP was held from **4-8 April 2016**, at the IAEA, Vienna. The meeting discussed the work plans of the CRP participants, and agreed on additional joint actions and assignments that are needed in order to achieve the goals of the CRP.

IAEA-CRP F41032 4 year-project (2016-2020)

H. Utsunomiya (Konan University, Japan)

V.V. Varlamov (Moscow State University, Russian Federation)

N. Iwamoto (IAEA, Japan)

Y-S. Cho (KAERI, S. Korea)

D. Filipescu (IFIN-HH/ELI-NP, Romania)

R. Xu (CIAE, China)

R. Schwengner (HZDR, Germany)

T. Kawano (LANL, USA)

R. Firestone (University of California, Berkely, USA)

T. Belgya (CER / Hungarian Academy of Sciences, Hungary)

S. Goriely (Université Libre de Bruxelles, Belgium)

V. Plujko (Taras Shevchenko National University, Ukraine)

M. Wiedeking (iThemba LABS, S. Africa)

S. Siem (University of Oslo, Norway)

M. Krticka (Charles University in Prague, Czech Rep.)

Photonuclear Data Library

IAEA-TECDOC-1178 (2000)

<https://www-nds.iaea.org/publications/tecdocs/iaea-tecdoc-1178/>

Two major data providers:

Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (USA)

Centre d'Etudes Nucleaires de Saclay (France)

In general,

$$\sigma_{1n}^{Saclay} > \sigma_{1n}^{LLNL}$$

$$\sigma_{2n}^{Saclay} < \sigma_{2n}^{LLNL}$$

There are long-standing discrepancies between the Livermore and Saclay data of (γ, xn) cross sections, that cannot be resolved in any systematic way.

PHOENIX* Collaboration for IAEA-CRP F41032

* Photoexcitation and neutron emission cross (x) sections

Official (IAEA) and Extra Assignments

- (γ, xn) data with $x=1-3$ for 11 nuclei for updating the photonuclear data library

The Konan team: ^{197}Au , ^{181}Ta , ^{139}La , ^9Be

The ELI-NP team: ^{209}Bi , ^{169}Tm , ^{165}Ho , ^{159}Tb

The MSU team: ^{103}Rh , ^{89}Y , ^{59}Co

- (γ, n) data for 18 (+4) nuclei for generating a reference database for photon strength functions

The Konan team: ^{160}Gd , ^{158}Gd , ^{157}Gd , ^{156}Gd , ^{64}Ni , ^{61}Ni , ^{60}Ni , ^{58}Ni , ^{13}C

The Oslo team: ^{205}Tl , ^{203}Tl , ^{192}Os , ^{185}Re , ^{184}W , ^{183}W , ^{182}W , ^{138}Ba , ^{137}Ba , ^{89}Y , ^{68}Zn , ^{66}Zn , ^{64}Zn

Nuclei underlined

Done

Time Schedule of PHOENIX Collaboration

2015

Nuclei underlined

(γ, xn) ($x=1-3$): 209Bi, 9Be

γSF (γ, n): 205Tl, 203Tl, 89Y

Done

2016

(γ, xn) ($x=1-3$): 197Au, 169Tm, 89Y

γSF : 192Os, 185Re, 138Ba, 137Ba, 64Ni, 61Ni, 60Ni, 58Ni, 13C

2017

(γ, xn) ($x=1-3$): 181Ta, 165Ho, 59Co

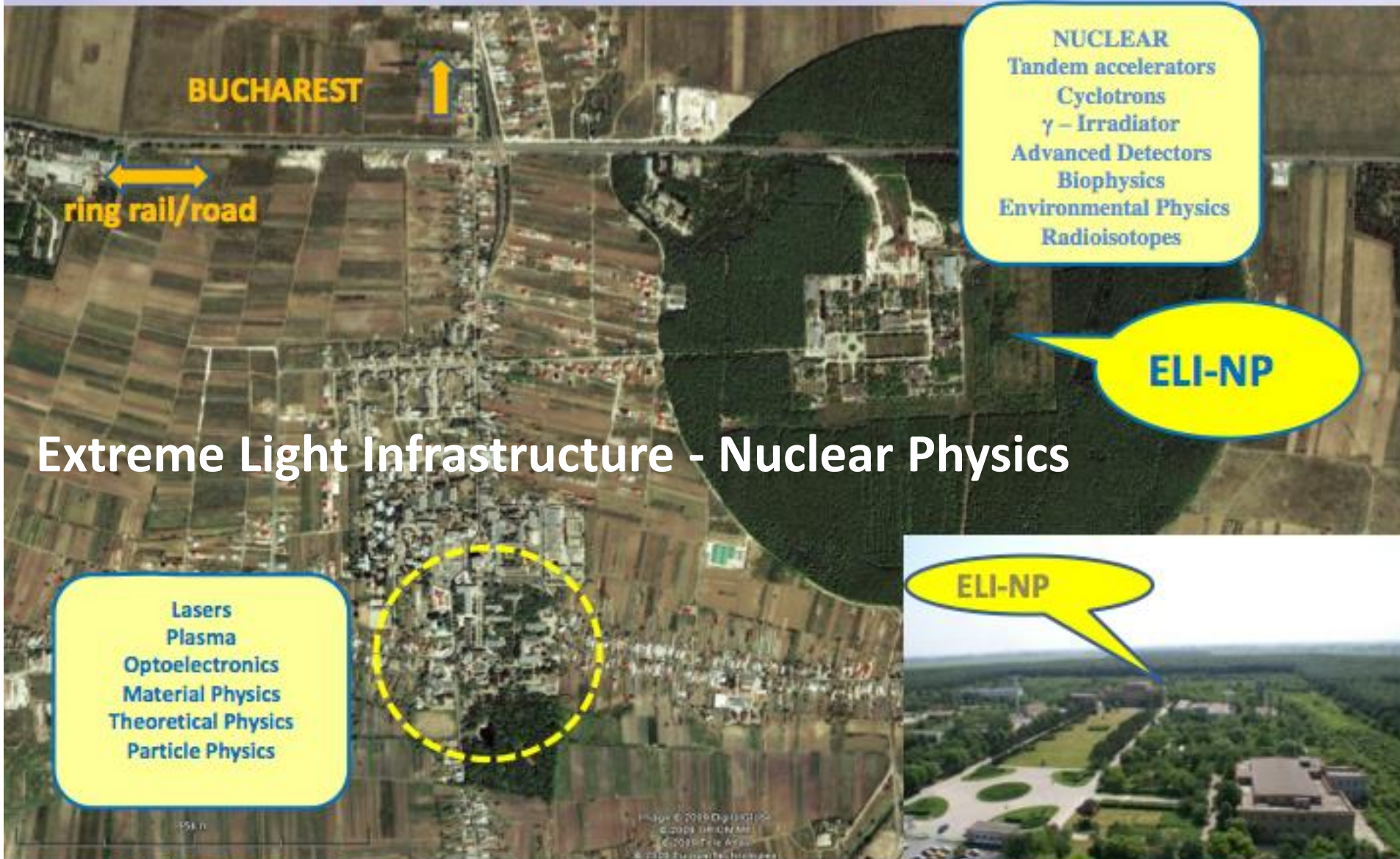
γSF : 184W, 183W, 182W, 68Zn, 66Zn

2018

(γ, xn) ($x=1-3$): 159Tb, 139La, 103Rh

γSF : 160Gd, 158Gd, 157Gd, 156Gd, 64Zn

Bucharest-Magurele National Physics Institutes



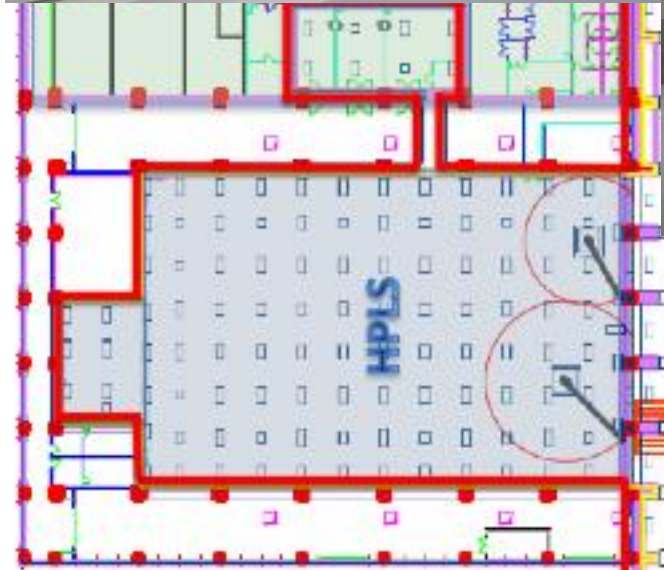
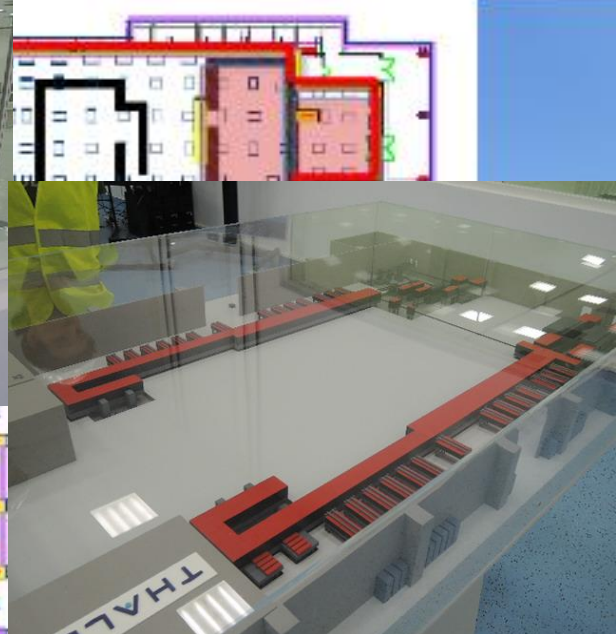
Extreme Light Infrastructure - Nuclear Physics



September 2016

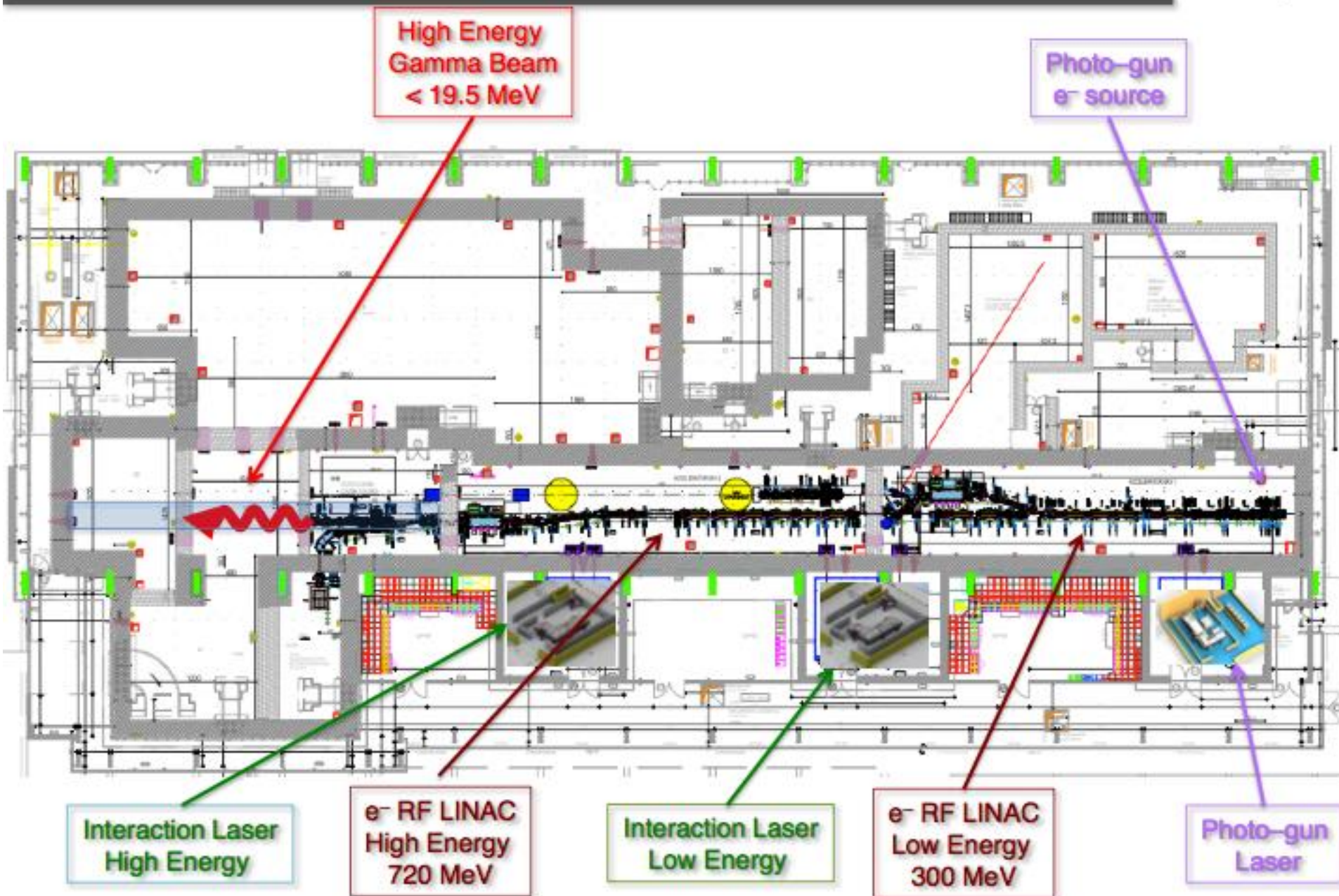


ELI-NP – Experimental Building Layout



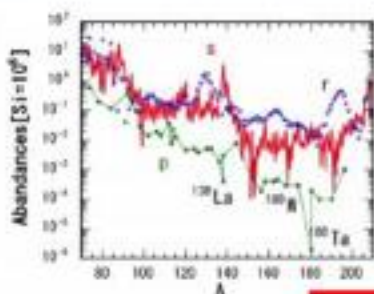
Platform supported on casters

Gamma Beam System Layout



ELI-GANT – Physics program

(Gamma Above Neutron Threshold)



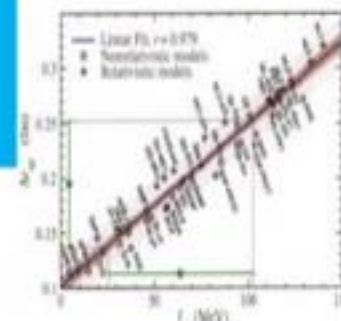
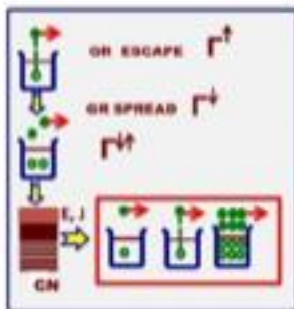
Four Physics Cases

**P-process
Nucleosynthesis**

**New Compilation
of (γ, xn) CS**

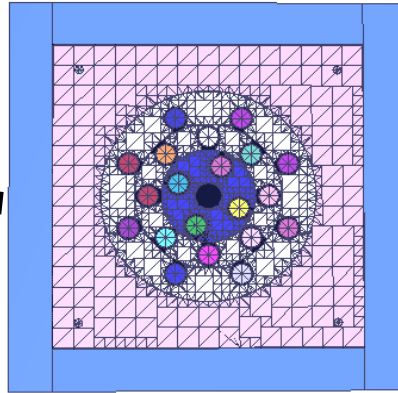
**Nuclear Structure
of GDR**

**Nuclear Structure
of PDR and MDR**

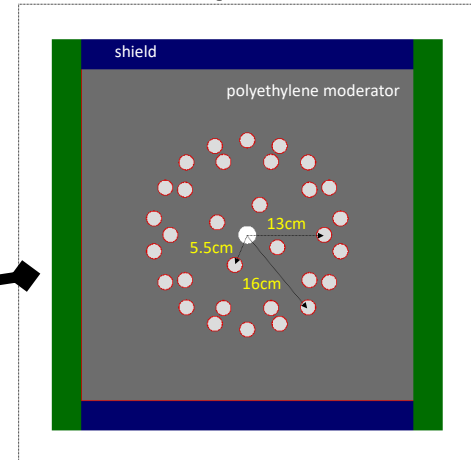


Instrumentation

High-efficiency 4π neutron detector (ELIGANT-TNH)



Flat-efficiency 4π neutron detector (ELIGANT-TNF)



Physics cases

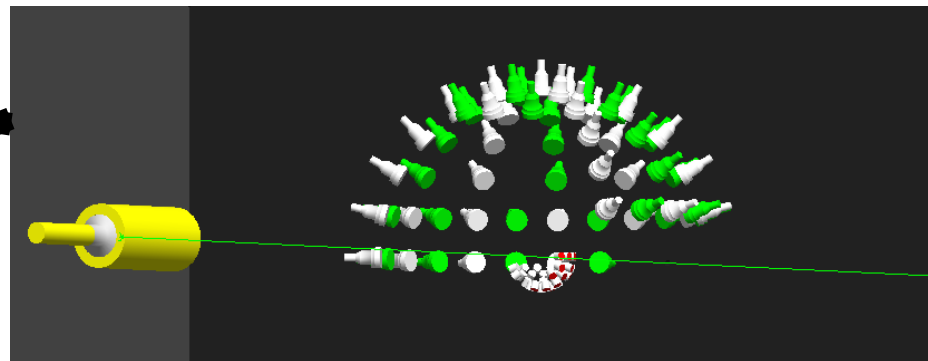
P-process

New Compilation

GDR

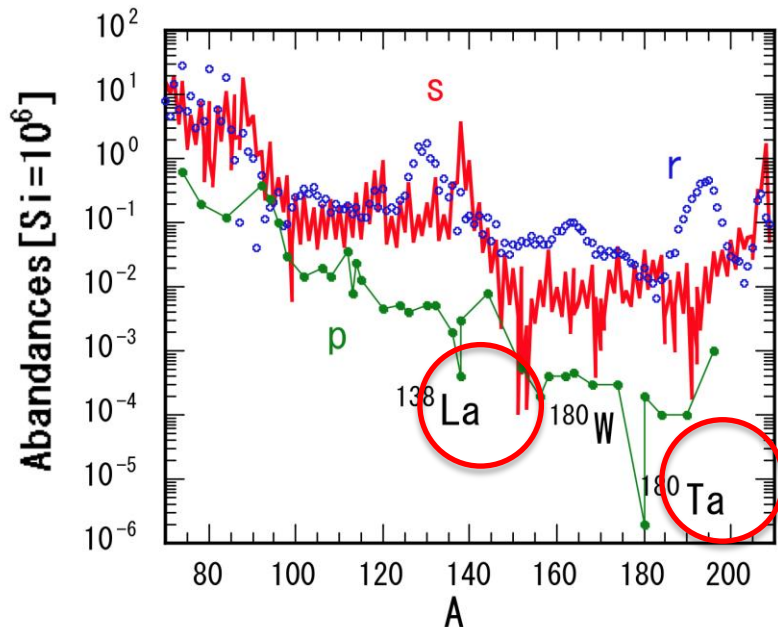
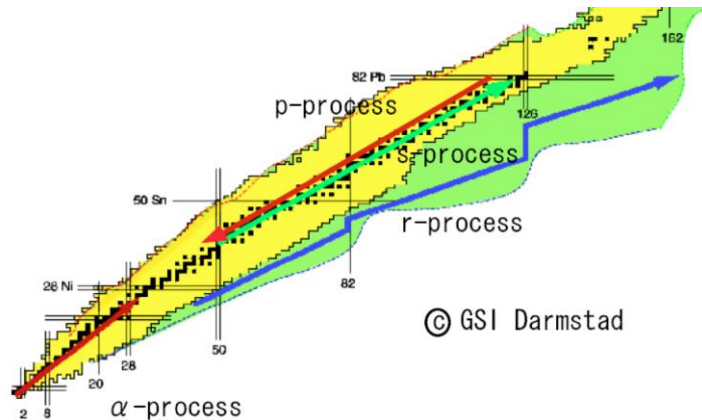
PDR and MDR

Array of $\text{LaBr}_3\text{:Ce}$, CeBr_3 , Liquid, and Li glass scintillation detectors (ELIGANT-GN)



P-process nucleosynthesis

Photonuclear reactions play
a major role.



35 neutron-
deficient
rare isotopes

Day 1 experiments



1mg targets

Nucleus	Natural abundance (%)	Abundance (10 ⁶ Si) Anders&Grevesse
¹⁸⁰Ta	0.012	2.48E-06
¹⁹⁰ Pt	0.014	0.00017
¹⁸⁴ Os	0.02	0.000122
¹⁵⁶ Dy	0.06	0.000221
¹²⁰ Te	0.09	0.0043
¹²⁴ Xe	0.09	0.00571
¹²⁶ Xe	0.09	0.00509
¹³⁸La	0.09	0.000409
¹⁵⁸ Dy	0.1	0.000378
¹³² Ba	0.101	0.00453
¹³⁰ Ba	0.106	0.00476
¹⁸⁰ W	0.12	0.000173
¹⁶⁸ Yb	0.13	0.000322
¹⁶² Er	0.14	0.000351
¹⁹⁶ Hg	0.15	0.00048
¹⁷⁴ Hf	0.16	0.000249
¹³⁶ Ce	0.185	0.00216
¹⁵² Gd	0.2	0.00066
¹³⁸ Ce	0.251	0.00284
¹¹⁵ Sn	0.34	0.0129
⁷⁸ Kr	0.35	0.153
⁸⁴ Sr	0.56	0.132
¹¹⁴ Sn	0.66	0.0252
⁷⁴ Se	0.89	0.55
¹⁰⁸ Cd	0.89	0.0143
¹¹² Sn	0.97	0.0372
¹⁰² Pd	1.02	0.0142
¹⁰⁶ Cd	1.25	0.0201
¹⁶⁴ Er	1.61	0.00404
⁹⁸ Ru	1.87	0.035
¹⁴⁴ Sm	3.07	0.0008
¹¹³ In	4.29	0.0079
⁹⁶ Ru	5.54	0.103
⁹⁴ Mo	9.25	0.236
⁹² Mo	14.84	0.378

Summary

1. IAEA-CRP F41032 Nuclear Data project
 - Updating the photonuclear data library
 - Generating a reference database for photon strength functions
2. Applications of the reciprocity theorem in (γ, n) (γ, p) (γ, α) reactions on light nuclei
3. The ELI-NP will open up a new horizon of photonuclear reaction studies for rare isotopes, including the p-process nucleosynthesis.

Collaborators

ULB, Belgium

S. Goriely and his research network

ELI-NP, Romania

D. Filipescu and I. Gheorghe

Lomonosov Moscow State U.

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T. Renstrøm, G. Tveten, A.-C. Larsen, S. Siem

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H. Ohgaki

JAEA, Japan

F. Kitatani

Texas A&M, USA

Y.-W. Lui

Thank you for your attention!