PROPOSAL FOR EXPERIMENT AT RCNP

22 July 2003

TITLE: Study of spallation He-II source of UCN

SPOKESPERSON:

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RUNNING TIME:

Installation time without beam 24 days UCN production by proton beam 17 days

BEAM LINE:

Ring: ES course

BEAM REQUIREMENTS:

Type of particle: p

Beam energy 400 MeV

Beam intensity: as high as possible

BUDGET:

see IV experimental cost (page 9)

TITLE: Study of Ultra Cold Neutron production

SPOKESPERSONS: Ekaterina Korobkina

SUMMARY OF THE PROPOSAL

At present the production of UCN in superfluid He-4 with a cold neutron beam is being in routine use at NIST (magnetic trapping of ultra cold neutrons [1]). The integral UCN production rate versus energy of incident cold neutrons has been recently studied at ILL [2]. This measurement shows a good agreement with the theoretical prediction [3]. The out-coming UCN density versus UCN energy $(\Delta N/\Delta E)$ has not been tested yet, while this distribution is a most important characteristic of the UCN source for routine experiments. At RCNP a joint collaboration is developing a first in the world spallation UCN source in super fluid helium (He-II). Unlike NIST = s and ILL = s He-II projects, RCNP = s source is designed to be used for several applications as external UCN source. For most of applications the amount of the low energy neutrons is crucial for achieving a desirable accuracy of the measurement. The integral UCN flux produced at different LHe temperatures from 1.2 down to 0.5 K is planed to be studied in 2003. At the constant temperature the $\Delta N/\Delta E_i$ density in the experimental chamber depends on both, the geometry and Fermi-potentials of the production bottle and neutron guides. In the present experiment, we will measure the UCN density versus UCN energy $\Delta N/\Delta E_i$ for 10 energy intervals at LHe temperature 0.5 K. The measurement will be done by 2 different UCN detectors simultaneously. He-3 detector has well known efficiency $\varepsilon(E_{UCN})$ and is used as a standard detector at ILL. Therefore, we will be able to make a direct comparison of the UCN count rates at RCNP and ILL. We will also study $\Delta N/\Delta E_i$ for different operation conditions of RCNP spallation source (proton pulse width and repetition rate).

The contents of the present proposal are

I UCN energy spectrum for applications of UCN

- 1. Fundamental particle physics
- 2. Condense matter physics

II UCN production in LHe and expected distribution of density versus energy

III UCN energy spectrometer

IV UCN detectors

V Summary of experimental plans and cost

VI References