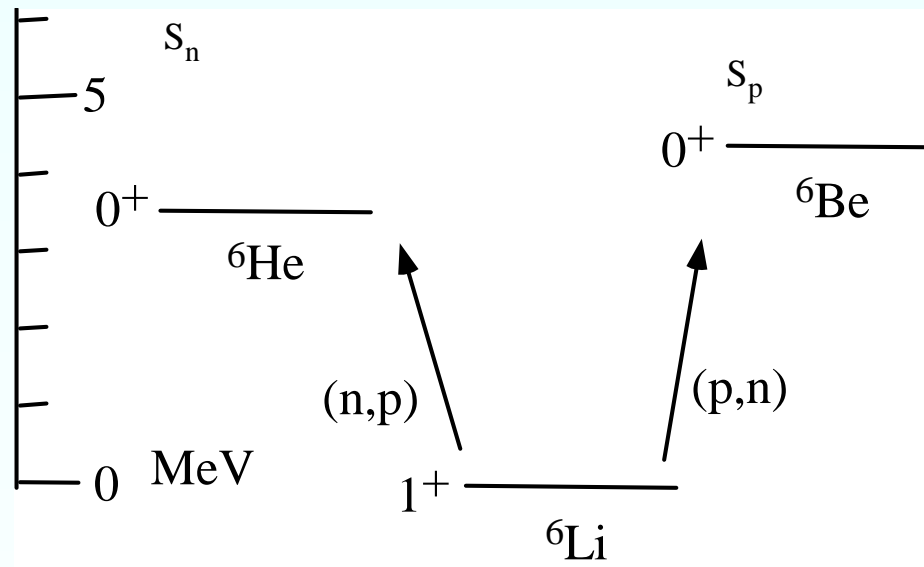
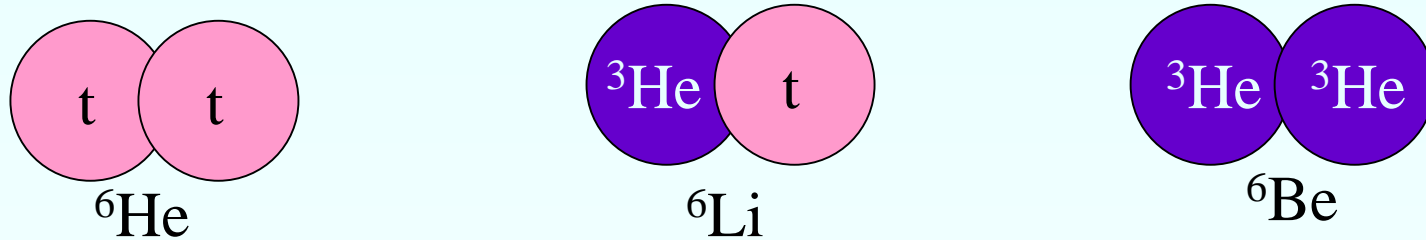


# Tri-nucleon cluster structure in $A=6$ nuclei

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K. Yamasaki		K. Hara	RCNP Osaka
		M. Tanaka	Kobe Tokiwa
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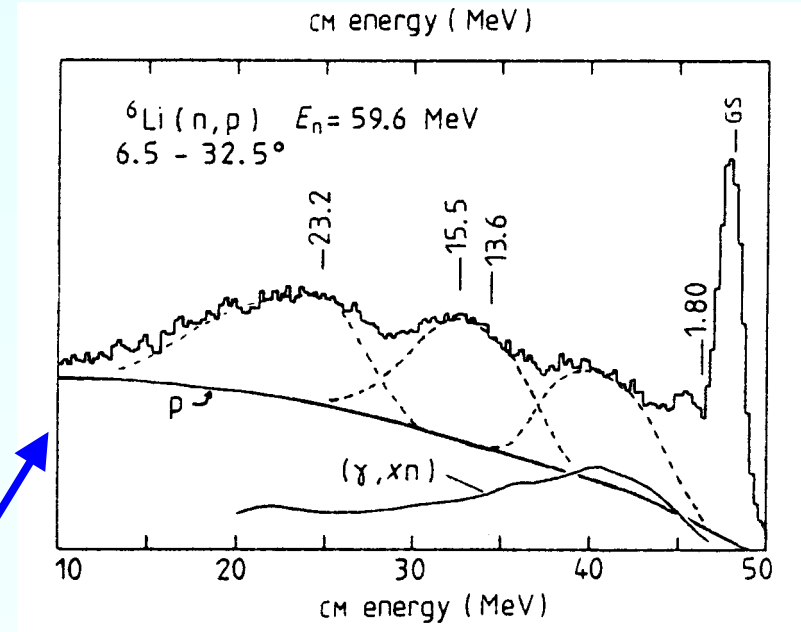
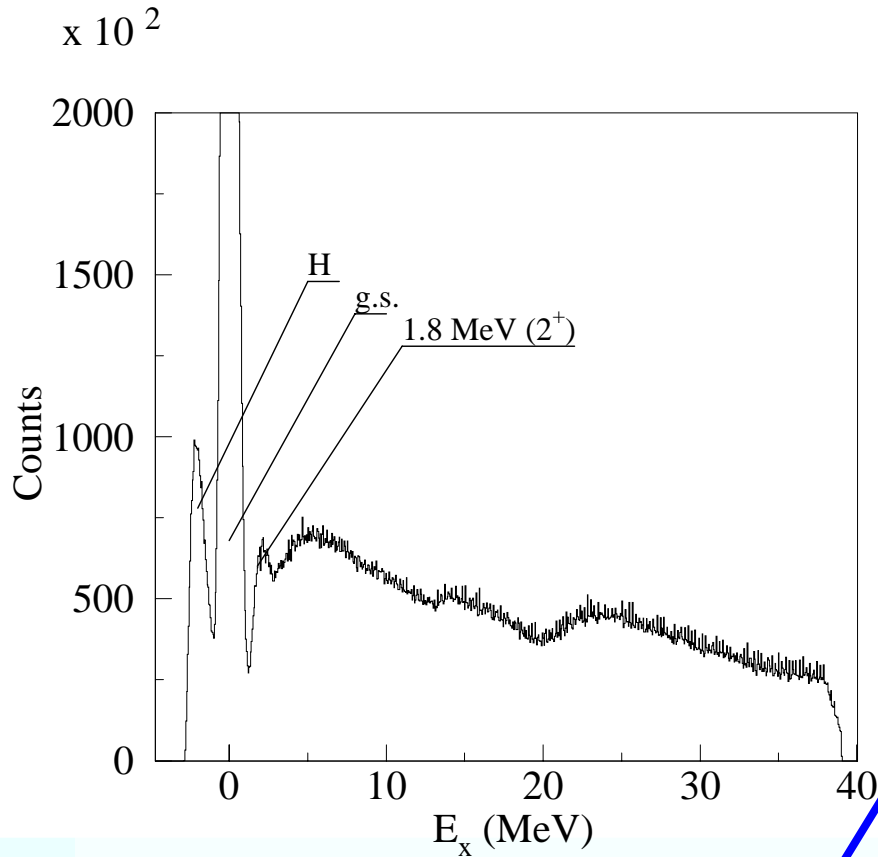
# Introduction

- Question: Are there tri-nucleon clusters in  $A=6$  nuclei?



- ${}^6\text{He}$  is well known as neutron-halo nucleus ( $2n+$  System)

# ${}^6\text{Li}({}^7\text{Li}, {}^7\text{Be})$ Reaction and Other Reactions

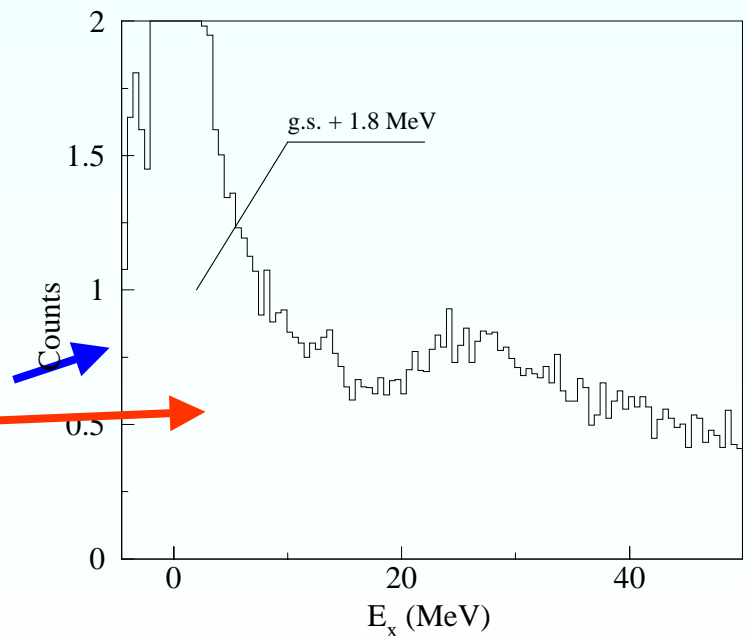


- ${}^6\text{Li}(n,p)$  at  $E_n = 60$  MeV

- ◆ F.P. Brady et al. (JP G10 (1984), 363)

- ${}^6\text{Li}(p,n)$  Reaction at  $E_p = 300$  MeV

- ◆ T. Wakasa et al. (private communication)

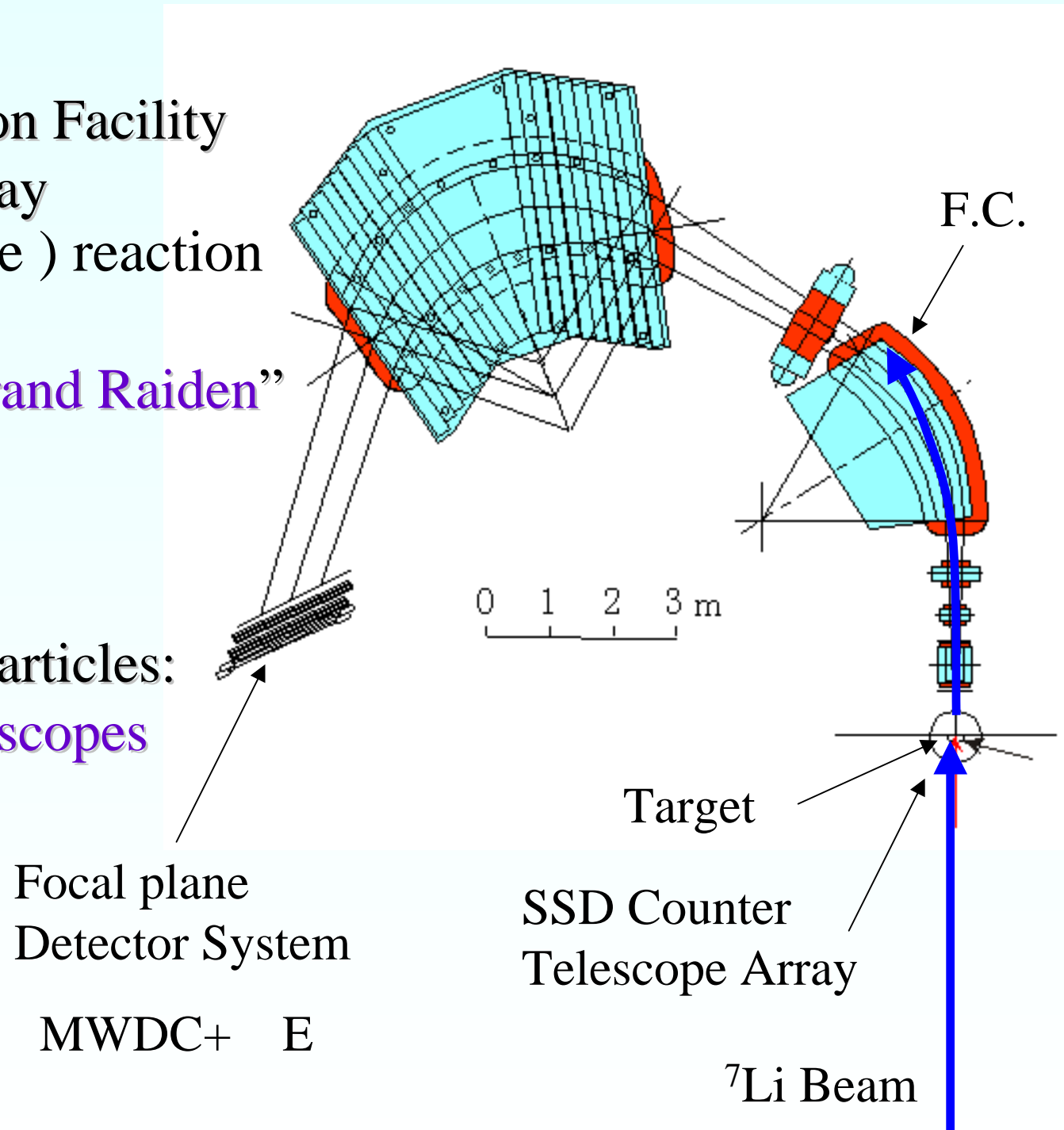


# ${}^6\text{Li}({}^7\text{Li}, {}^7\text{Be})$ Reaction at 65 MeV/A

- $({}^7\text{Li}, {}^7\text{Be})$  reaction
  - ◆ (n,p) type reaction
  - ◆ Excite both Spin-flip and Non-Spin-flip excitation
  - ◆ Single step excitation is dominant
- Bumps at high excitation region in  ${}^6\text{He}$ 
  - ◆ 4, 8, ~15, ~23 MeV
    - ◆ Tri-nucleon cluster feature
      - ${}^6\text{Li}$ :  ${}^6\text{Li}(\alpha, t)$
      - RGM predicts  ${}^3\text{P}$  states in  ${}^6\text{He}$ ,  ${}^6\text{Li}$  and  ${}^6\text{Be}$
    - ◆ cluster feature
      - Neutron Halo structure in  ${}^6\text{He}$
      - ${}^6\text{He}$ : 4 MeV                      Soft Dipole Resonance
      - ${}^6\text{He}$ : 23 MeV    Dipole excitation of        in  ${}^6\text{Li}$
    - ◆ 8 MeV:                      Analog of GDR and SDR in  ${}^6\text{Li}$
- 15 MeV?
- Detection of decay particles
  - ◆ Direct information on cluster structure

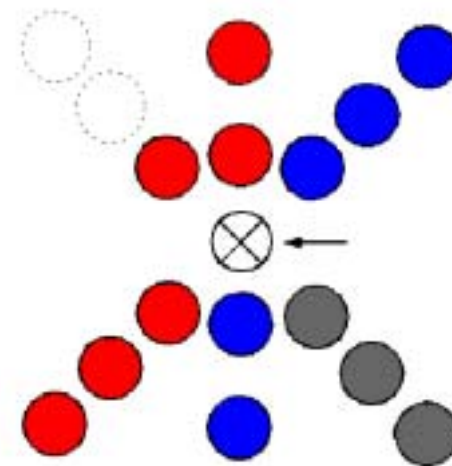
# Experiment

- RCNP Ring Cyclotron Facility
- Charged particle decay following  ${}^6\text{Li}({}^7\text{Li}, {}^7\text{Be})$  reaction
- $({}^7\text{Li}, {}^7\text{Be})$  reaction:
  - ◆ Spectrograph “Grand Raiden”
  - ◆  $E_{{}^7\text{Li}} = 455 \text{ MeV}$ 
    - ◆  $65 \text{ MeV/A}$
    - ◆  $\theta_{\text{lab}} = 0^\circ$
- Detection of decay particles:
  - ◆ SSD Counter telescopes
    - ◆ 4% of 4



# SSD Counter Telescope Array (SSD Ball)

- For charged particle detection (p, d, t, ...)
- Solid angle: 4% of 4
- Backward angles
  - ◆  $\theta_{\text{lab}} = 113^\circ, 135^\circ, 158^\circ$
  - ◆ Reduce contributions from direct reactions
    - ◆ such as breakup, Q.F.
- E+E Counter Telescope for PI
  - ◆  $100 \mu + 5 \text{ mm} \times 6 \text{ sets}$
  - ◆  $50 \mu + 5 \text{ mm} \times 3 \text{ sets}$
  - ◆  $20 \mu + 5 \text{ mm} \times 5 \text{ sets}$
- Cooling System
  - ◆ Noise reduction
  - ◆ Improve resolution



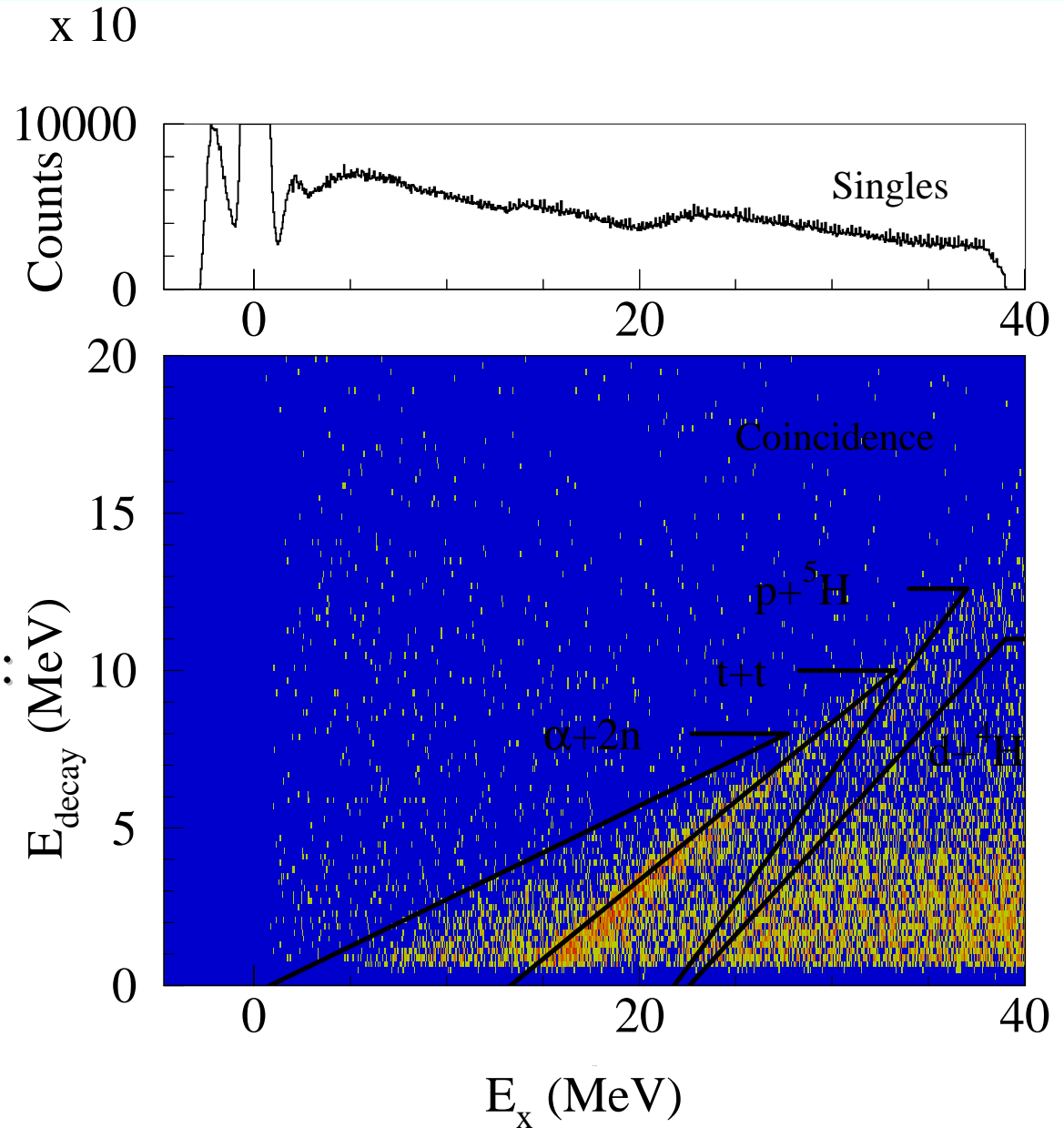
● 100 μ + 5 mm

● 50 μ + 5 mm

● 20 μ + 5 mm

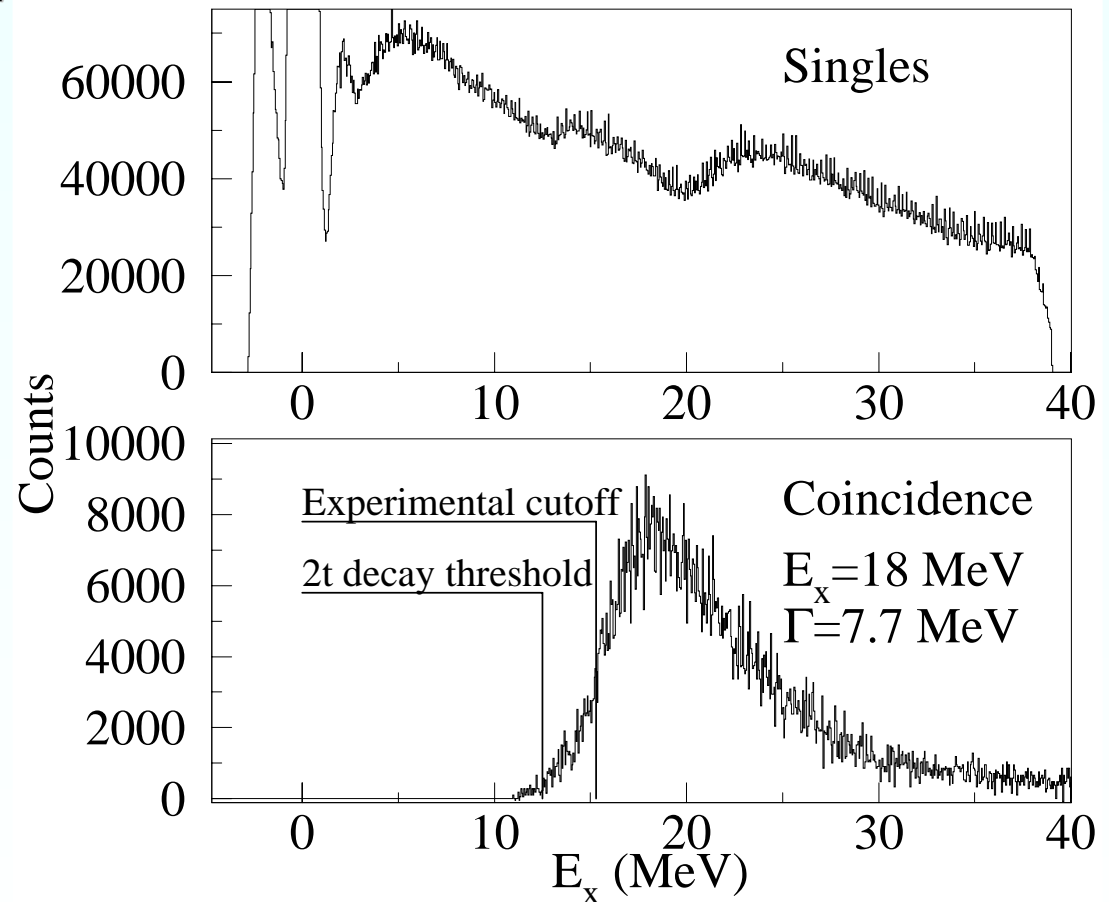
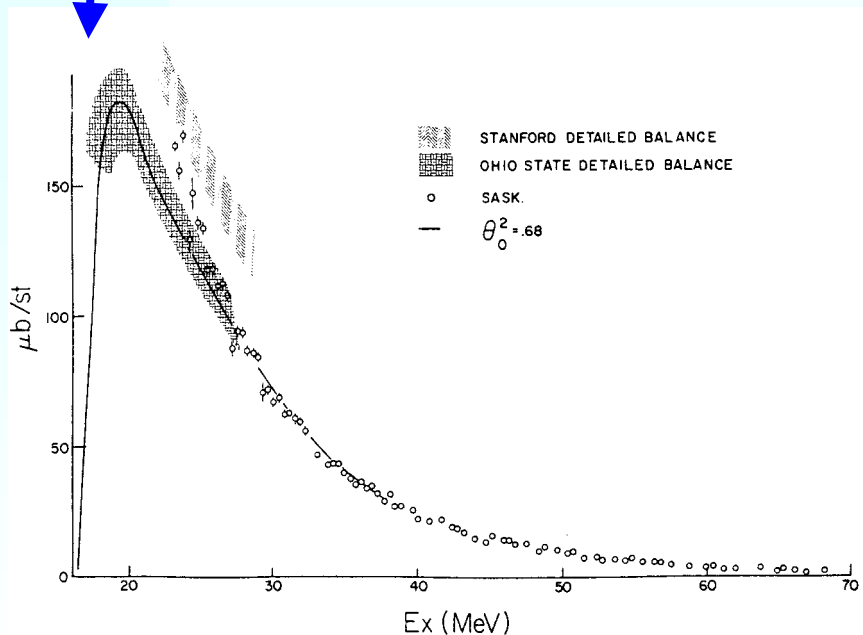
# Experimental Results

- ${}^6\text{Li}({}^7\text{Li}, {}^7\text{Be}) {}^6\text{He} \rightarrow$  charged particles
- $E_x$  in  ${}^6\text{He}$  V.S.  $E$  of all charged particles (p,d,t, ...)
- Above 2t decay threshold:
  - ◆ 2t decay mode is dominant
  - ◆ +2n mode is suppressed
  - ◆  ${}^6\text{He} \rightarrow 2t$  is two body decay: locus



# Singles and Coincidence Spectra

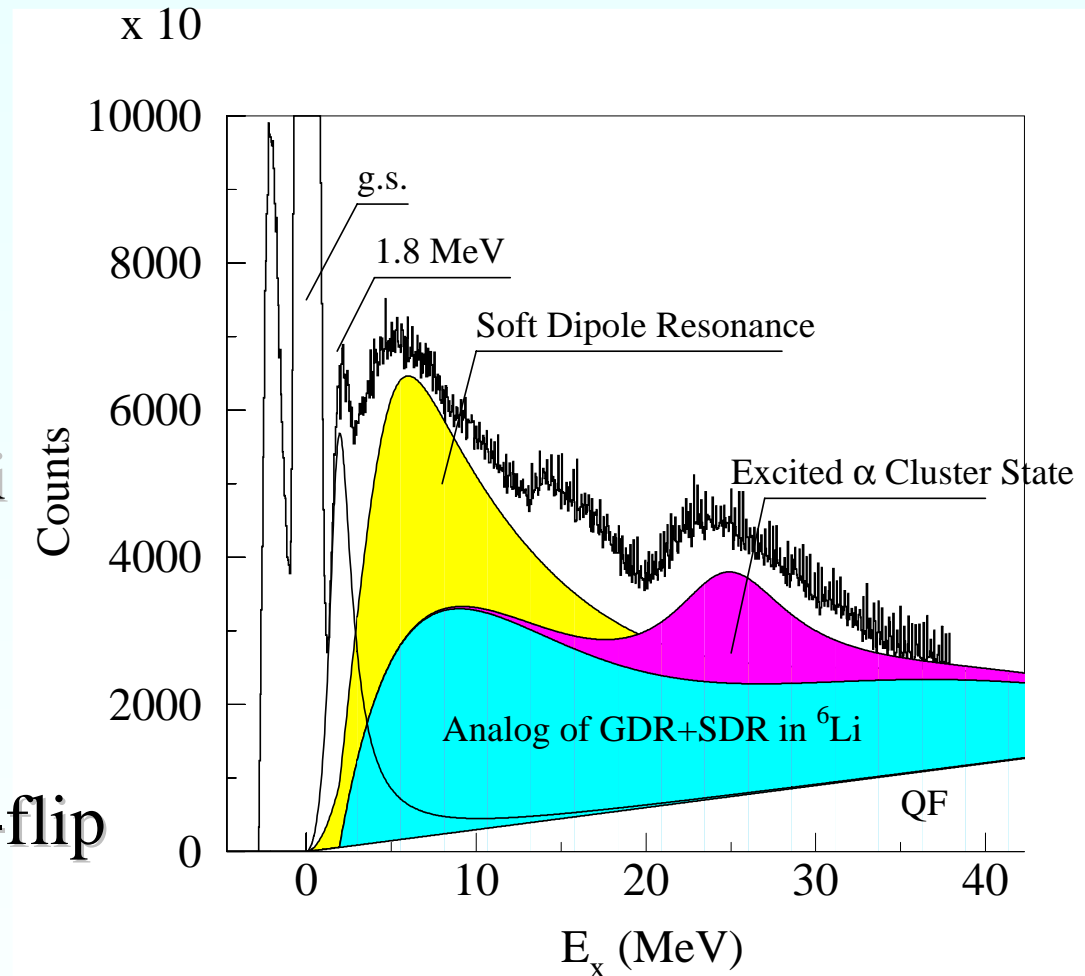
- ${}^6\text{He}$  excitation spectrum gating on  $2t$  decay
- Prominent peak at  $E_x=18$  MeV
  - ◆ Dose not appear in singles spectrum
  - ◆ Similar to  ${}^6\text{Li}(\alpha, t)$  spectrum
    - ◆ Y.M. Shin et al. PLB 55B (1975), 297
  - ◆ Common to  $A=6$  System





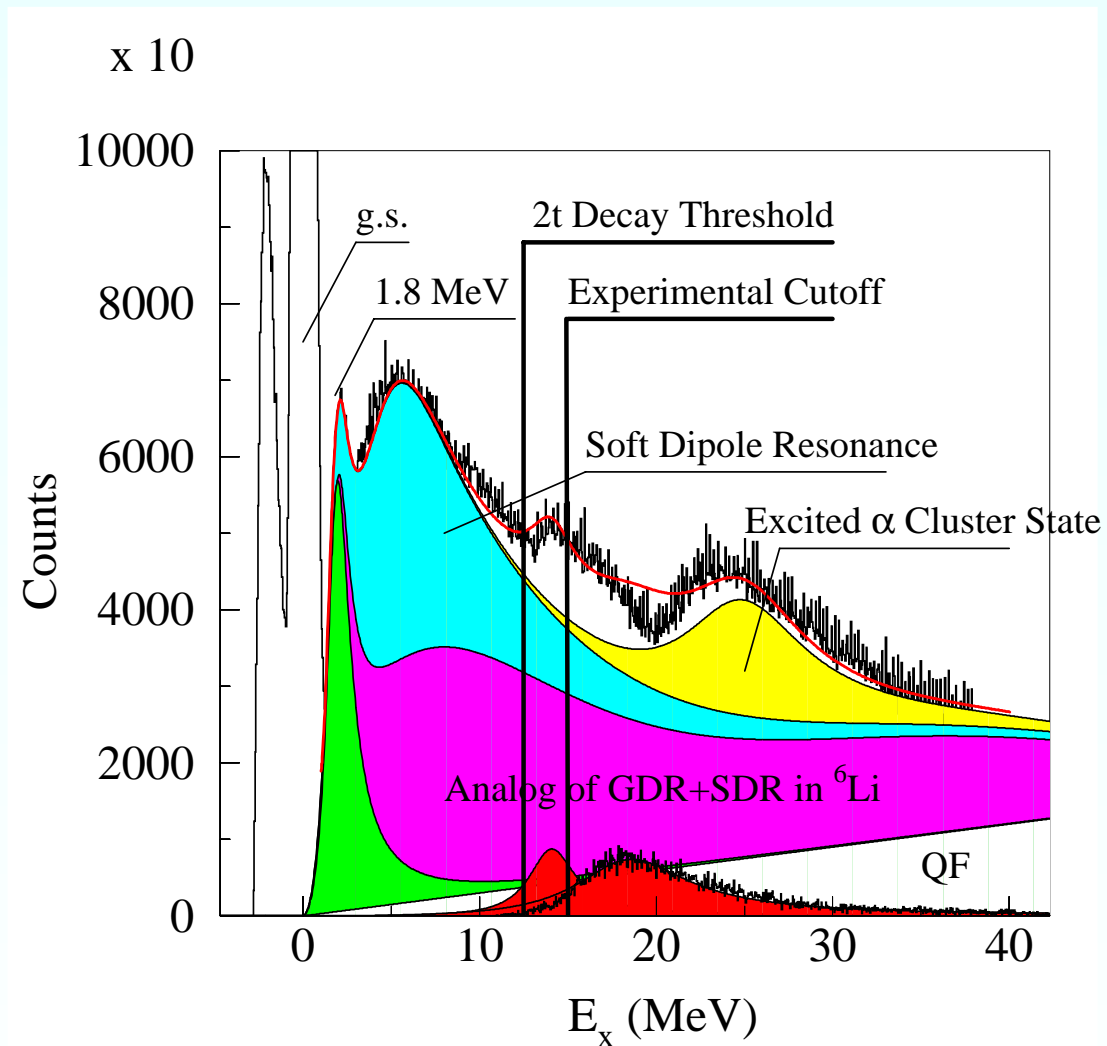
# Peak Fitting Procedure for ${}^6\text{He}$ Singles Spectrum

- 1.8 MeV  $2^+$
- $E_x \sim 4$  MeV 
  - ◆ Soft Dipole Resonance
    - ◆ S. Nakayama et al. PRL 85 (2000), 262
- $E_x \sim 8$  MeV 
  - ◆ Analog of GDR+SDR in  ${}^6\text{Li}$ 
    - ◆  ${}^6\text{Li}(\gamma, n)$  reaction
- $E_x \sim 15$  MeV
  - ◆ ??
  - ◆ Assigned to be  $1^-$  or  $2^-$  Spin-flip resonance state
    - ◆ J. Janeke et al. PRC 54 (1996), 1070
- $E_x \sim 23$  MeV 
  - ◆ Excited  $\alpha$  Cluster Resonance
    - ◆ S. Nakayama et al. PRL 87 (2001), 122502



# Peak Fitting with Coincidence Spectrum

- Branching ratio for  $2t$  decay is  $\sim 100\%$
- $E_x = 18 \text{ MeV}$ 
  - ◆ Higher than the bump at  $15 \text{ MeV}$  in singles spectrum

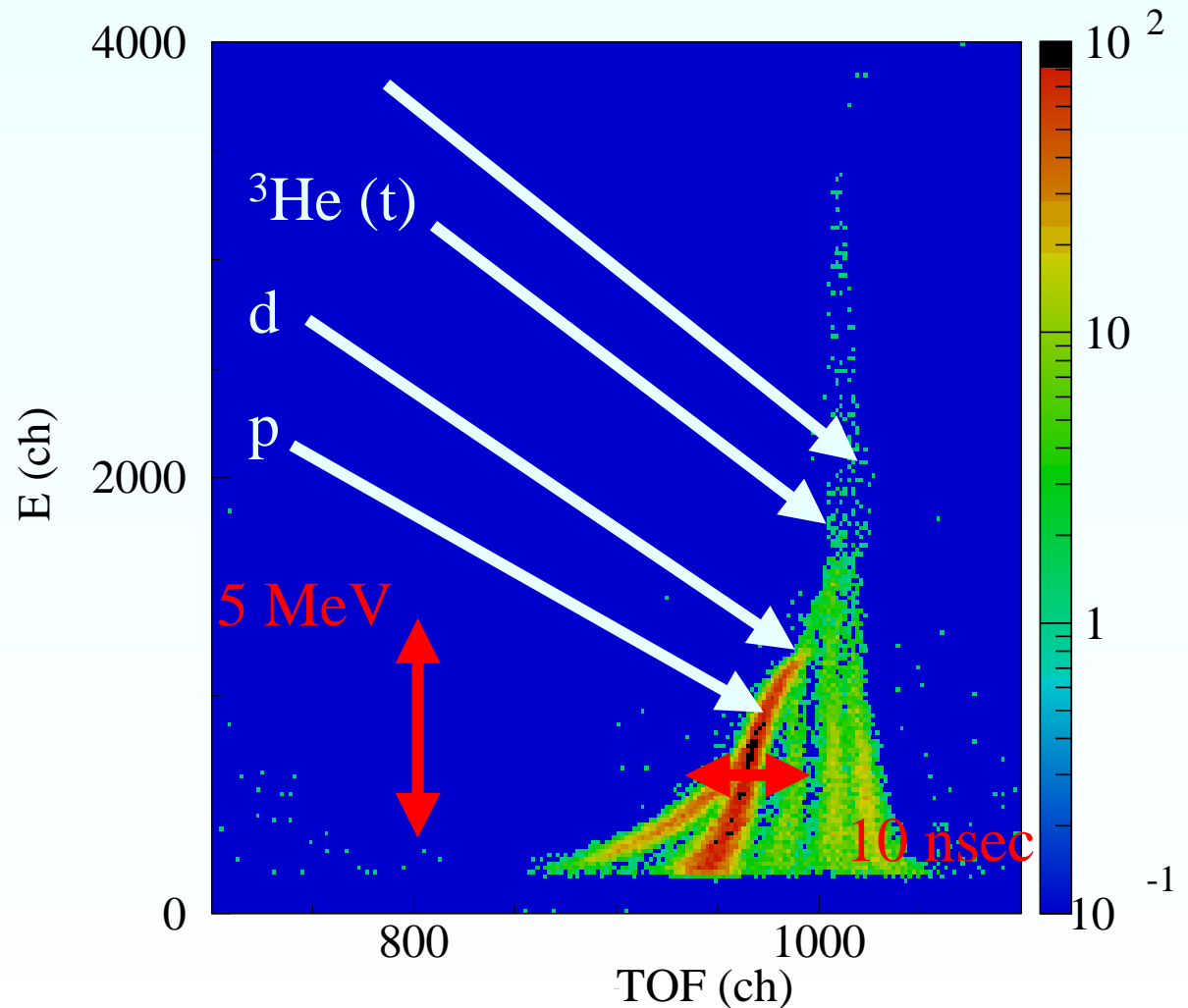


# ${}^6\text{Li}({}^3\text{He}, t+X)$ Reaction at 150 MeV/A

- Search for  ${}^3\text{He}+{}^3\text{He}$  molecular structure in  ${}^6\text{Be}$
- Similar setup with  ${}^6\text{Li}({}^7\text{Li}, {}^7\text{Be})$  experiment
- ${}^6\text{Be}$  is proton rich nucleus:
  - ◆ Many charged particle decay modes:
    - ◆ (p, d, t,  ${}^3\text{He}$ , ...)
    - ◆ -> Particle Identification is needed

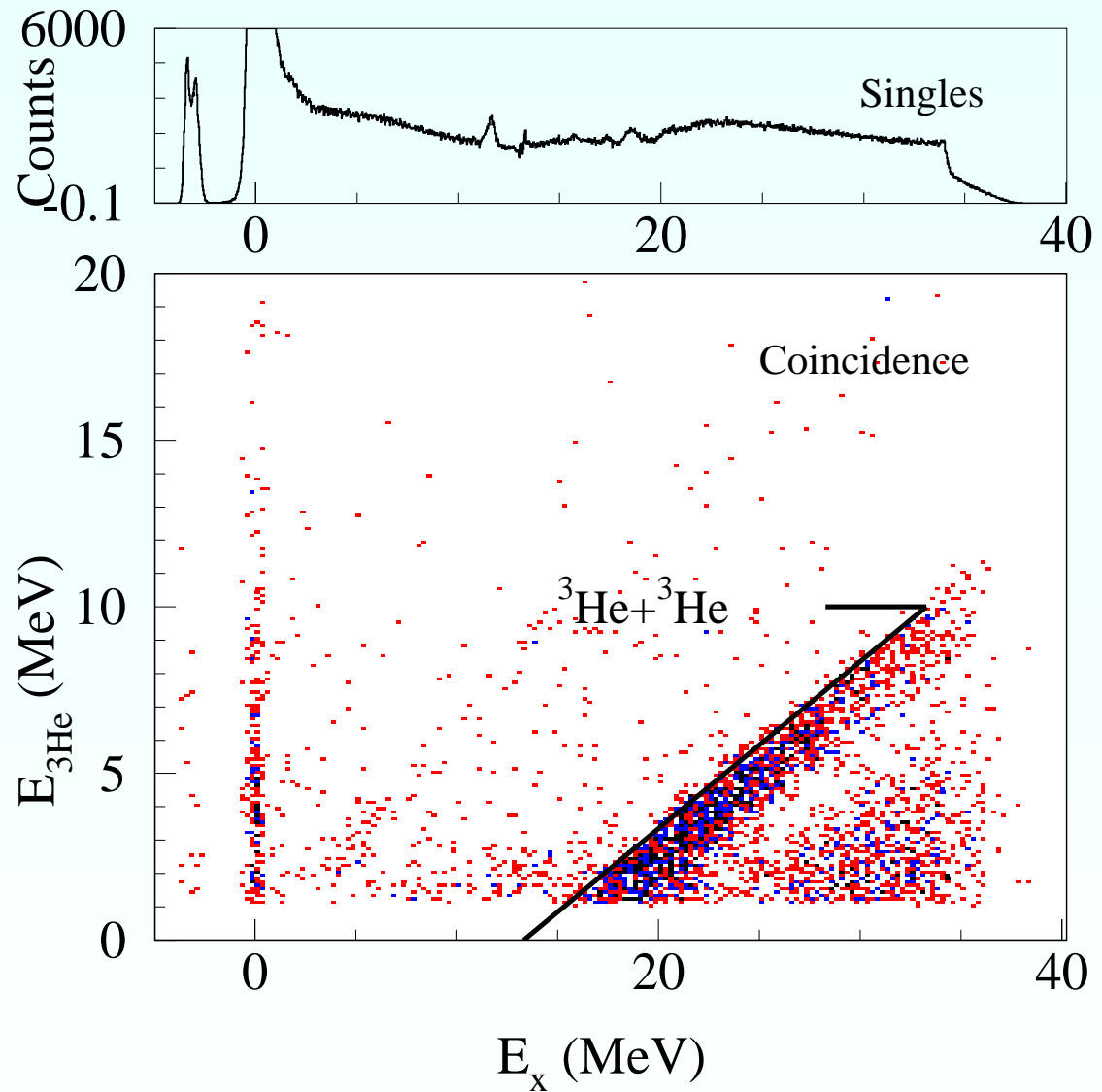
# Particle Identification for Decay Particles

- Energy and Time of Flight
  - ◆ Between RF signal and Trigger
- Thin ( 500  $\mu$  m) Surface barrier type SSD's
- Time resolution:
  - ◆ 1.5 nsec
  - ◆ Up to 20 MeV



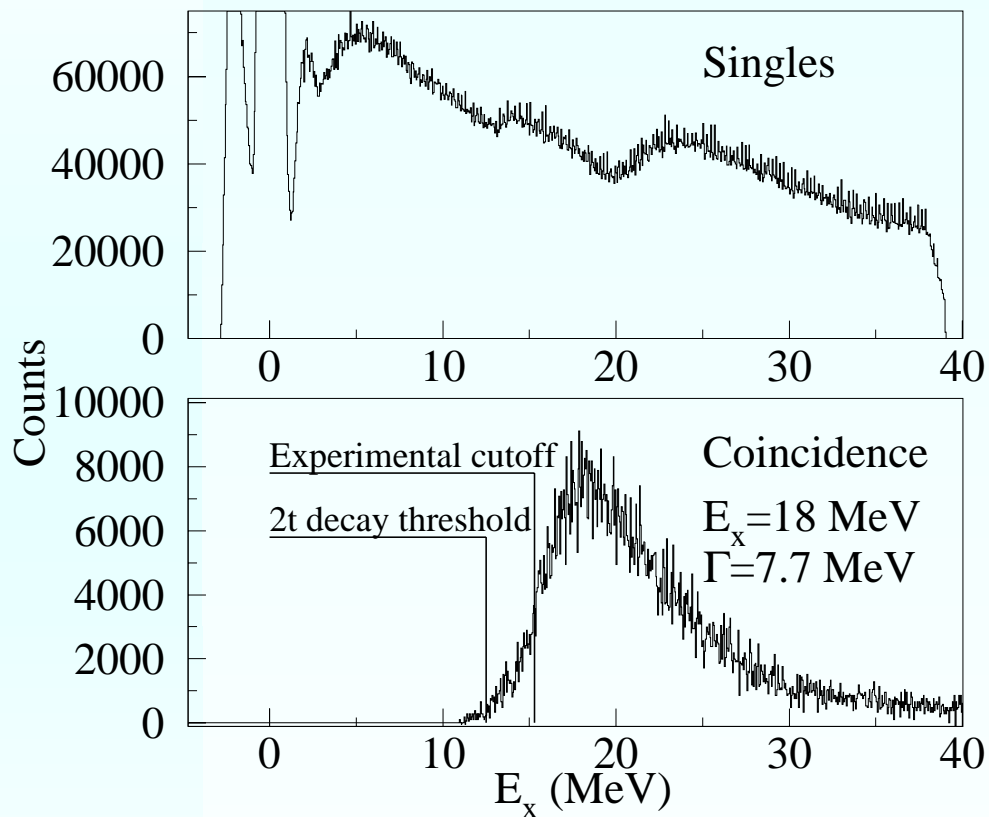
# Singles and Coincidence Spectra

- ${}^6\text{Li}({}^3\text{He},t){}^6\text{Be} \rightarrow$
- charged particles
- $E_x$  in  ${}^6\text{Be}$  V.S.  $E$  of  ${}^3\text{He}$
- Above  $2{}^3\text{He}$  decay threshold:
  - ◆  ${}^6\text{Be} \rightarrow 2{}^3\text{He}$  is two body decay: locus



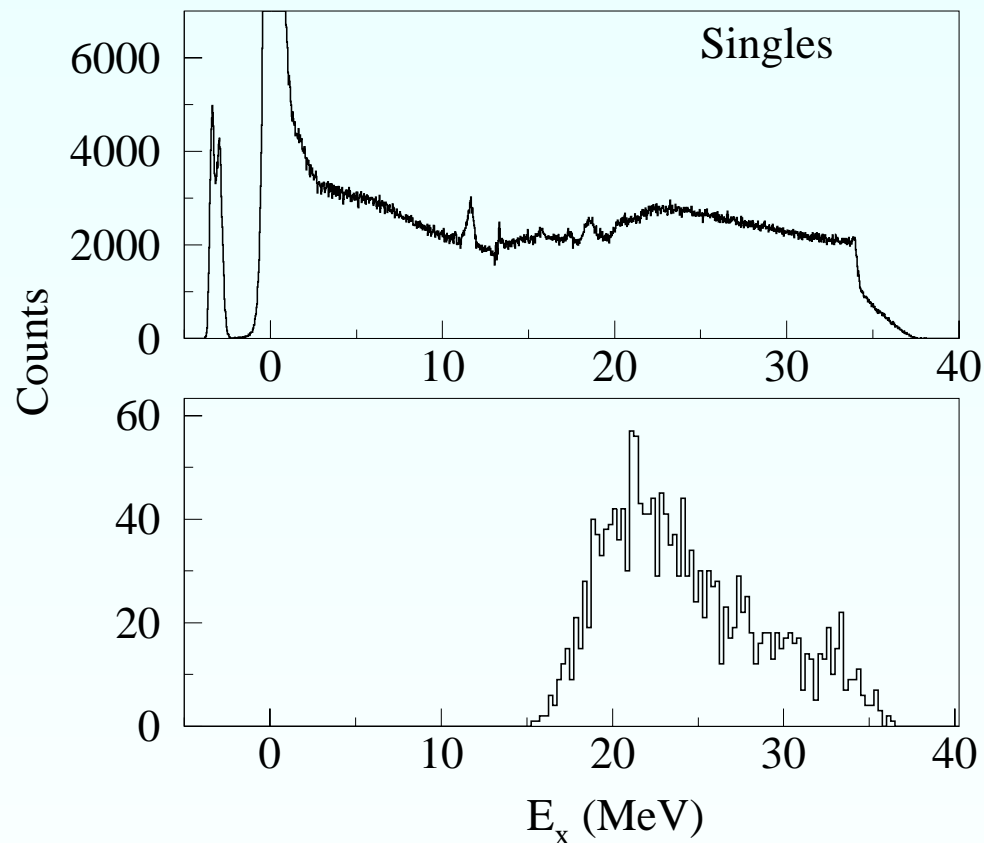
# Singles and Coincidence Spectra

- Similar to  ${}^6\text{Li}({}^7\text{Li}, {}^7\text{Be})$



${}^6\text{Li}({}^7\text{Li}, {}^7\text{Be})$  at 65 MeV/A

$2t$  decay

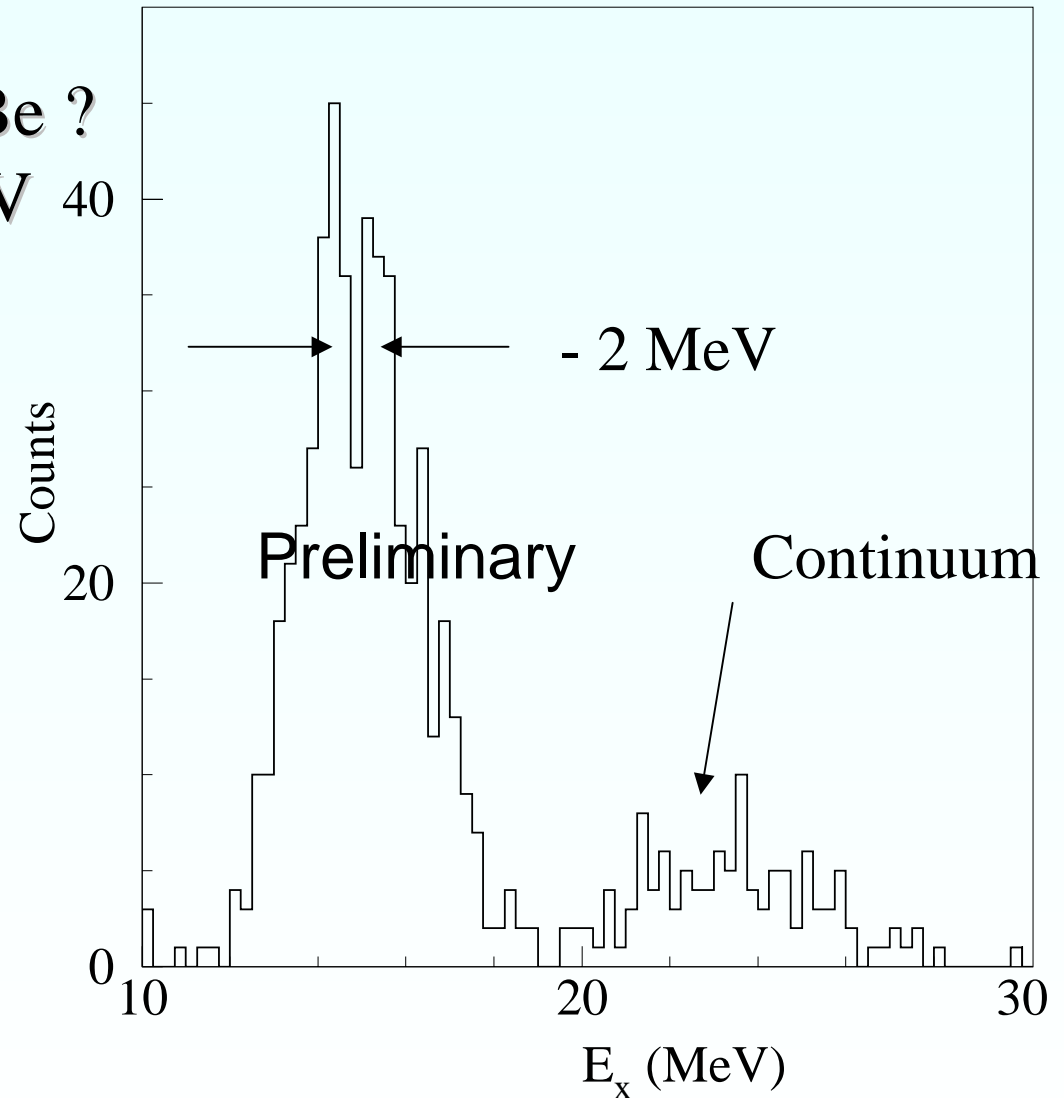


${}^6\text{Li}({}^3\text{He}, t)$  at 150 MeV/A

$2^3\text{He}$  decay

# Excitation energy in ${}^6\text{Be}$

- Projection to excitation energy in  ${}^6\text{Be}$
- $4 < E_{3\text{He}} < 6 \text{ MeV}$
- Rotational band in
  - ◆  $2^3\text{He}$  molecular state in  ${}^6\text{Be}$  ?
- Energy loss in target: 500 keV
- Recoil energy: 150 keV



# Summary

- We found 2t resonance state in  ${}^6\text{He}$  via  ${}^6\text{Li}({}^7\text{Li}, {}^7\text{Be})$  reaction at  $E_{7\text{Li}}=65 \text{ MeV/A}$
- 2t decay branching ratio is  $\sim 100\%$
- $E_x = 18 \text{ MeV} = 7.7 \text{ MeV}$
- Consistent with:
  - ◆ L=1 transition found in other (n,p) type experiments
  - ◆ RGM prediction t+t  ${}^3\text{P}$  resonance state
  - ◆ Tri-nucleon state suggested in  ${}^6\text{Li}$  via  ${}^6\text{Li}(\text{ ,t})$  reaction
- Charged particle decay following (p,n) type excitation
  - ◆  ${}^6\text{Li}({}^3\text{He}, \text{t X})$  at RCNP