From Cuoricino to CUORE: Neutrinoless Double Beta Decay Measurements with TeO<sub>2</sub> Bolometers

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Two important open questions in  $\nu$  physics

- What is absolute scale of the v mass? •
- Are they Majorana or Dirac particles?

Since 1998 SuperKamiokande, SNO, and KamLAND have shown:

**Context: Recent Developments in Neutrino Physics** 

- Neutrinos undergo flavor-changing oscillations
- Neutrinos have finite masses

 $\beta\beta0\nu$  can address these









$$(A,Z) \rightarrow (A,Z+2) + 2e^- + 2\overline{v}_e$$

allowed by the Standard Model  $\tau \ge 10^{18}$  y Measured in real systems (NEMO, geochemical, etc.)

open discussion on its observation  $\tau \ge 10^{25} \text{ y}$ 

# **Observation of** ββ0ν **implies Physics beyond the Standard Model**

• Rate of decay sets v mass scale

 $(A,Z) \rightarrow (A,Z+2) + 2e^{-1}$ 

- Process only occurs if neutrinos are Majorana particles
- Violation of lepton number

"Trivia" NASA's WMAP mission (2003) sets the age of the universe at 13.7 ± 0.2 x 10<sup>9</sup> years





 $[2039 \text{ keV} (^{76}\text{Ge}) \Leftrightarrow 4271 \text{ keV} (^{48}\text{Ca})]$ 

#### Strategies and Tactics

![](_page_4_Picture_1.jpeg)

# ββ0ν

![](_page_4_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_4_Picture_4.jpeg)

- $\beta\beta0\nu$  is one of the two top priorities in neutrino physics
- Near term: 200 kg active mass
  - KKDC result must be addressed
    - Different isotopes
    - Different methods
  - If necessary
    - Completely explore the degenerate hierarchy
    - Start digging into inverse hierarchy
- Prepare for the one-ton generation
  - Fully explore inverse hierarchy
- Prepare for the über-challenge: the normal hierarchy

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The massive tellurium cryogenic bolometers Cuoricino and CUORE are prepared to play their role this grand neutrino adventure

![](_page_4_Picture_19.jpeg)

![](_page_5_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_5_Figure_2.jpeg)

- Cost effective: Enrichment <u>not</u> required
  - Natural abundance 33.87%
- Reasonable Q = 2528.8 keV
  - Large phase space
  - Low gamma background: Q sits between the Compton edge (2360 keV) and full <sup>208</sup>Tl energy (2615 keV)
- $\beta\beta2\nu$  observed with geochemical techniques
- Extensive existing R&D with TeO<sub>2</sub> bolometers

Discovered : by Baron Franz Muller von Reichenstein in 1783 Isolated in Sibiu, Romania Origin : The name is derived from the Latin 'tellus', meaning Earth.

![](_page_5_Picture_11.jpeg)

"Its compounds are to be avoided because not only are they poisonous but contact with even the tiniest amounts leads to unpleasant body odors!"

TeO<sub>2</sub> crystals used today in very high end opto-acoustic laser printers for lithography

http://www.chemsoc.org/viselements/

# Why Bolometry?

#### • <u>Il Buono</u>

- Proven, tested, and true calorimetric technique
  - Measurement of temperature changes through heat exchange
- Source=Detector method measures <u>all</u> energy deposited: very high efficiency
- Wide isotope and absorber material choice: <sup>48</sup>Ca, <sup>76</sup>Ge, <sup>100</sup>Mo, <sup>116</sup>Cd, <sup>130</sup>Te
- Best measured energy resolution is 4 keV @ 2615keV (0.15%)
- Very large masses are possible
- <u>Il Cattivo</u>
  - Sensitive to surface radioactivity
  - Difficult to reduce close materials: holders, cryostat, wires, etc.
  - No vertex determination
  - Slow response time (~seconds)
- <u>Il Brutto</u>
  - Phonons can be tricky beasts: detailed microscopic models of the detector physics are elusive

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![](_page_6_Picture_18.jpeg)

![](_page_6_Picture_19.jpeg)

# **Cryogenic Bolometers**

![](_page_7_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_7_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_8_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_8_Figure_2.jpeg)

# Gran Sasso National Laboratory (LNGS)

![](_page_9_Picture_1.jpeg)

С

![](_page_9_Picture_2.jpeg)

Shielding: ~3500 m.w.e.

Two dilution refrigerators 1. Hall A (Cuoricino)  $\Rightarrow$  Running!

2. Hall C (R&D final tests for CUORE)

Cuoricino is currently the largest operating bolometer in the world

Site for proposed CUORE project approved in Hall A

### Cuoricino, the "little heart" of Gran Sasso

![](_page_10_Figure_1.jpeg)

T.D. Gutierrez

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# Cuoricino Performance

![](_page_11_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_11_Figure_2.jpeg)

while relative resolution stays around 0.2%

#### **Cuoricino Backgrounds**

![](_page_12_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_12_Figure_2.jpeg)

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#### Cuoricino: Background in ββ0v Region <sup>208</sup>Tl from Th chain ββ0ν 10 Counts/keV/kg/y No other gammas 10<sup>-1</sup> 2200 2300 2400 2500 2600 2700 2900 2000 2100 2800 3000 E [keV] <sup>60</sup>Co at 2505 keV (1173+1332 keV gammas) • ~30% in $\beta\beta0\nu$ region from <sup>208</sup>Tl at 2615 keV • $\alpha$ and $\beta$ from inert material facing detector (e.g. Cu): ~50% $\alpha$ and $\beta$ from surface contamination of crystals: ~20% Tiny contributions from neutrons and 60Co at 2505 keV

Source	<sup>208</sup> Tl	$\beta\beta(0\nu)$ region	3-4 MeV region
TeO <sub>2</sub> <sup>238</sup> U and <sup>232</sup> Th surface contamination	-	$20 \pm 15\%$	$20 \pm 10\%$
Cu <sup>238</sup> U and <sup>232</sup> Th surface contamination	$\sim \! 15\%$	$50\pm 20\%$	$80\pm10\%$
<sup>232</sup> Th contamination of cryostat Cu shields	$\sim 85\%$	$30 \pm 10\%$	-

# Cuoricino Results from Runs 1&2: No Peak

![](_page_14_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_14_Figure_2.jpeg)

 N-Gaussian response function with individual FWHM detector resolution @ 2615 keV

Spread is due to a range of published matrix elements

# Cuoricino Sensitivity and KKDC

![](_page_15_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_16_Picture_1.jpeg)

- Array of 988 TeO<sub>2</sub> crystals
- •19 Cuoricino-like towers suspended in a cylindrical structure
- •13 levels of 4 5x5x5 cm<sup>3</sup> crystals (750g each)
- •<sup>130</sup>Te: 33.8% isotope abundance
- •Time of construction: 4 years
- •Total cost: 14-17M USD (depends on Euro...)
- •1st Data target: Jan 1, 2010

![](_page_16_Picture_9.jpeg)

$$750 \text{ kg TeO}_2 \implies 200 \text{ kg}^{130}\text{Te}$$

Acts as a single, highly segmented, detector

Approved by the Science Counsel of Gran Sasso Laboratory and by INFN

### **CUORE** Structure

![](_page_17_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_17_Figure_2.jpeg)

# **CUORE** Shielding

![](_page_18_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_18_Figure_2.jpeg)

### Roman Lead

3 cm immediately around detector with <sup>210</sup>Pb < 4 mBq/kg</li>

# Low activity lead

- 16 Bq/kg of <sup>210</sup>Pb for the inner layer
- 150 Bq/kg for the outer layer

# Borated polyethylene box

- neutrons reduced
- hermetically sealed & dry nitrogen flushing to exclude radon

#### Faraday cage

- Important for near-threshold events
  - Dark matter and solar axions searches

![](_page_19_Picture_1.jpeg)

Bulk contaminations $TeO_2 \sim 10^{-13} g/g$  $Cu \sim 10^{-12} g/g$ Surface contamination $\sim 10^{-9} g/g$  for TeO2 and Cu $\Rightarrow < 7x10^2 counts/kev/kg/y$ 

Bulk backgrounds from Cu and Te are <u>not</u> a problem in CUORE Will not prevent it from reaching overall background goals

Surface Contamination is another issue

![](_page_19_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_20_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_20_Picture_2.jpeg)

Copper cleaning procedure by chemical etching and surface passivation under development

Surface sensitive bolometer also promising

![](_page_20_Picture_5.jpeg)

#### **CUORE** Neutron Background

![](_page_21_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_21_Picture_2.jpeg)

Extensive MC simulations along with existing studies and Cuoricino results have convinced us that neutrons are not a major source of background in CUORE at the LNGS

![](_page_21_Figure_4.jpeg)

# **CUORE** Sensitivity

![](_page_22_Picture_1.jpeg)

Five year sensitivity based on detector resolution, background, and matrix element spread

B(co	unts/keV/kg/y)	$\Delta (\text{keV})$	$T_{1/2}(y)$	$ \langle m_{\nu} \rangle  \ (\mathrm{meV})$
	0.01	10	$1.5 \times 10^{26}$	23-118
	0.01	5	$2.1 \times 10^{26}$	19-100
	0.001	10	$4.6 \times 10^{26}$	13-67
	0.001	5	$6.5{\times}10^{26}$	11-57

More optimistic but <u>plausible</u> case: eliminate degenerate hierarchy and continue excavation deeper into inverse hierarchy

Fantasy: 99% enriched CUORE after 10 years with 5 keV resolution and 0.001 c/keV/kg/y

![](_page_22_Figure_6.jpeg)

![](_page_23_Picture_1.jpeg)

In case of discovery (or hints of discovery), cross checks are mandatory

- remove doubts about unexplained lines of other origin
- test nuclear models
- reduce systematic uncertainty on the relevant parameters, like  $m_{ee}$

![](_page_23_Figure_6.jpeg)

#### Summary

![](_page_24_Picture_1.jpeg)

### Cuoricino

- Currently operating at LNGS
- Powerful proof-of-principle in large mass TeO<sub>2</sub> bolometry
- Current result: No peak found  $\tau^{0v}_{1/2} > 1.8 \times 10^{24}$  y at 90% C.L.
- Potential to confirm KKDC result by 2008

# CUORE

- Nicely compliments the current array of future experiments
- Very competitive physics potential at a modest cost
- Strong upgrade options: enrichment and different isotopes

![](_page_24_Picture_11.jpeg)

# The CUORE Collaboration

![](_page_25_Picture_1.jpeg)

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